THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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A LITTLE "SCRAP"

Reprted to Have Taken Place in the House Yesterday

BETWEEN TOM WATSON AND FITCH.

Mr. Bankhead's Amendment to the World's Fair Bill

WILL BE A TEST OF THE WHOLE MATTER.

The Anti-Option Bill Laid Aside to Allow the Senators Time to Discuss the Tariff—Other Gossip.

Washington, July, 26.—(Special.)—A story is going the rounds of the capitol today to the effect that Mr. Watson, of Georgia, and Mr. Fitch, of New York, came very near engaging in a fisticuff on the floor of the house this morning.

It seems that Mr. Watson objected to the consideration of a Buffalo public building site bill called up by Dan Lockwood. Lockwood went over to Watson and interceded. Watson said something about Lockwood opposing the subtreasury bill, and said there was no reason why he should aid Lockwood in his schemes when the New Yorker would not assist his party men in getting the subtreasury bill before the house. Lockwood laughed at such reasoning and said it was absurd.

He was arguing his bill with Watson when Mr. Fitch, of New York, walked up and told Watson his objection was childish. This aroused the ire of the Georgian who threatened to slap the New Yorker's face, if he repeated the statement. Observers say Fitch repeated it, but those present interfered and no face slapping was indulged in.

The World's Fair Bill.

This has been the hottest day Washington has ever known. In some places the thermometer rose to 105. The heat in the capitol was intense around the speaker's stand—the warmest place in the building—the mercury rising to 100 there this afternoon. Speaker Crisp was in the chair at one time during the day for over two hours and naturally suffered much. But his health is better now than it ever has been, and he bore it well.

Of course the house was in a bad humor and was slow in getting down to actual business. It was in no humor to listen to debate but was forced to do so by Mr. Holman. When Mr. Holman brought in the conference report on the world's fair amendment to the sundry civil bill the cry of "Vote!" "vote!" was raised all over the house; but Mr. Holman would talk, and took advantage of the rules which give two hours for debate. It was agreed, however, that the previous question on the amendment should be called at noon tomorrow. That will be the beginning of the end of the world's fair appropriation.

Mr. Bankhead, of Alabama, has offered as an amendment to strike out the word "million" which will leave the appropriation $5. This is to be the first vote and is a test vote. If this is adopted then the opposition will know it has no strength to carry the appropriation and will give in at once. If they do, it is known that the senate will recede. Senator Gorman and Senator Hale, of the stconference committee, stated today that the senate would make no fight but would agree to whatever the house does.

But in the event that Mr. Bankhead's amendment is voted down, then the opposition will at once resort to filibustering and it is their present intention to keep it up until the advocates of the fair give up the contest. They declare that they would go so far as to defeat the entire sundry civil bill rather than have this appropriation made. Of course, without the sundry civil bill the government would be crippled. To get around this the opponents to the fair appropriation say that they will continue last year's sundry civil appropriations. That, however, will hardly be necessary. While there is much boasting now as to what will be done, it is safe to predict that the appropriation will either be made or defeated square out within a few days, and congress will adjourn. The senators are predicting adjournment this week. That can hardly be, but it is very probable all matters will right themselves and adjournment can be had about next Tuesday. In the meantime, our able statesmen are lieing themselves away.

Anti-Option Sidetracked.

The senate sidetracked itself from the anti-option bill today to talk tariff, and Senators Allison and Vest discussed the question in campaign speeches as representatives of the two parties. Perhaps other senators will take occasion to deliver themselves on the same subject, to the exclusion of the option bill. The sidetracking of the bill, it is believed, will cause cotton to go up. Indeed, a prominent New York cotton man tells me that cotton, now quoted at 7 1-2 cents, will be worth 10 cents within three months. He says the agitation of the option bill is the only thing that has kept the price of cotton down.

E. W. B.

SHIRAS'S NOMINATION CONFIRMED.

Tariff Speeches in the Senate Yesterday. The Anti-Option Bill.

Washington, July 26.—As soon as the journal of yesterday was read and a few departmental communications laid before the senate by its president pro tem., Mr. Manderson, a motion was made by Mr. Quay to go into executive session for the purpose of considering the nomination of justice of the supreme court.

The motion was agreed to and within the brief space of five minutes the doors were reopened, the nomination of Mr. Shiras as justice of the supreme court of the United States having been confirmed.

The presiding officer at 1 o'clock laid before the senate Mr. Hale's resolution as to the relative effects of the republican policy of "protection" and the democratic policy of "tariff for revenue only," and Mr. Aldrich proceeded to address the senate on that subjec, making a strong protection speech. M. Aldrich concluded his speech at 2:40 o'clock, having spoken for one hour and forty minutes.

Mr. Vest followed immediately on the opposite side of the question.

The debate was interrupted in order to permit the conference report on the general deficiency bil to be presented.

The reading of the report showed that the conferee had agreed to modify the senate amendment as to payment for government transportation on Pacific railroads. As now fixed the secretary of the treasury is directed to cause a careful examination of those claims to be made so as to ascertain the amounts respectively due on aided, non-aided aid leased lines with the relations of thos lines to the Union and Southern Pacific companies and to report the results at the beginning of the next session. The report, which is the final disposition of the deficiency bill, was agreed to and Mr. Vest continued his speech. Other senators came into the debate, which lasted four or five hours.

Mr. Hale's resolution was then laid on the table. The anti-option bill was laid before the senate as unfinished business and it went over till tomorrow.

The house bill granting a pension of $12 a month to army nurses was taken up from the calendar and passed with amendments and a conference asked.

After a short executive session the senate at 6:10 o'clock adjourned.

THE WORLD'S FAIR BILL

Furnishes the Subject for a Day's Discussion in the House

Washington, July 26.—The house resumed consideration of the general deficiency bill. Yesterday it refused to lay upon the table a motion made by Mr. Holman that the house recede from its amendment for the payment of widows, etc., of deceased members of the balance of the salaries they would have received. The pending question this morning was on the motion made by Mr. Hayes, of Iowa, to reconsider the vote by which the house refused to table. The house refused—yeas 81, nays 109—to reconsider the vote, whereupon Mr. Weadock, of Michigan, moved a recess until 9 o'clock tomorrow, which motion was supplemented by one from Mr. Whiting, of Michigan, fixing the hour at 9:30 o'clock.

After some time spent in filibustering, the bill was sent back to conference.

Mr. Holman presented the disagreeing report on the sundry civil appropriation bill and immediately demanded the previous question on the report. It was ordered and then there was half an hour's debate upon the conference report as far as it recommended an agreement.

Then came up the world's fair amendments and when they were read Mr. Holman rose to make a proposition as to the limitation of debate, but he was met by the republicans with cries of "Vote now! vote now!"

But he did not desire to "vote now," and he gave notice that tomorrow he would demand the previous question upon the main proposition and amendments thereto.

Mr. Bankhead was the first member to offer an amendment and this amendment was to reduce from $5,000,000 to $5 the appropriation for the world's fair.

Mr. Outhwaite opposed the appropriation made by the bill. He denounced the appropriation of $5,000,000 for the fair as the most outrageous piece of legislation ever attempted in the house. It was said that if this house should refuse to make the appropriation asked for the great state of Illinois would vote for the republican ticket. If in order to make Illinois democratic it was necessary to make this appropriation let Illinois stay in the republican column from now until doomsday. (Applause.)

Then came as an interruption another conference report on the general deficiency appropriation bill. The report was agreed to and the house resumed consideration of the sundry civil bill.

Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, was recognized and continued his remarks in a discussion of the force bill.

Mr. Otis, of Kansas, made a free silver and Farmers' Alliance speech.

Messrs. Taylor and Wike, of Illinois, and Boatner, of Lousiana, in brief remarks favored the appropriation.

Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, thought the appropriation should not be a gift, but a loan.

The house then adjourned.

ANOTHER VERY WARM DAY.

The Weather Almost Unendurable—Record of the Thermometer.

Washington, July 26.—The hot weather continued today with increased severity, the thermometer at the weather bureau registering 99 degrees. At 8 o'clock this morning the mercury started at 84 degrees, with a steady, swinging gait, which, before the day was over, brought it up to well nigh an unendurable point. Thermometers in various parts of the business portion of the city registered much higher than the figures recorded at the signal office, in one place the mercury showing a temperature of 106 degrees. Yesterday's official minimum temperature here was 97.3.

Washington was the hottest place in the United States yesterday, with the exception of Louisville, Ky., and Yuma, Ariz. The intense heat causes much discomfort among people who have to circulate about the streets, while on those who can remain indoors the effect is also severe. The heat at night is almost as unbearable as it is in the day. Especially is this the case in the crowded portions of the city, where the buildings shut off the circulation of air, and the asphalted streets radiate the heat collected during the day. Several prostrations were reported today, but, so far as is known at present, none of them resulted fatally. Dispatches to the Associated Press indicate that throughout the entire country, from the Atlantic ocean to the Rocky mountains, the heat today was several degrees greater than yesterday. Ninety-five was about the average, and 100 was very common.

At Springfield, Mass., the thermometer touched 95 degrees at 10 o'clock this morning.

The temperature at Albany, N. Y., at 11 o'clock was 98 degrees in the shade.

In Hartford, Conn., at 2 o'clock the thermometer registered 100 in the shade without a cloud visible and the heat rising.

With the sun obscured at Gloucester, Mass., the mercury recorded 95 at 10 o'clock a. m.

Fifteen persons in the Merrimac company's mills at Lowell, Mass., succumbed to the heat yesterday and had to be removed. The thermometer at noon today was 92, five degrees higher than yesterday.

At Manchester, N. H., the thermometer registered 5 degrees warmer today than yesterday. It was 90 degrees in the shade at noon.

The mercury registered 94 degrees at Taunton, Mass., in the shade at 1 o'clock p. m. In several of the foundries and mills work was suspended owing to the heat.

The heat in Lynn, Mass., today was more severe than for a dozen years before. The thermometer registered 94 to 100. Men on the highway were obliged to cease work.

Internal Revenue Collections.

Washington, July 26.—John W. Mason, chairman of internal revenue, has made a preliminary report of operations of that service for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1892. Total collections from all sources of internal revenue for the fiscal year just ended were $153,857,543. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, total collections were $146,035,415, showing an increase of $7,822,128 in favor of the fiscal year just ended. There was a decrease in revenue from tobacco in its various forms of $1,795,777, caused by a reduction in taxation. There was a heavy increase in manufactured product. Illinois was the heaviest contributor to revenue with $38,795,336; Kentucky second, with $21,813,851; New York stood third, Ohio fourth and Pennsylvania fifth in order. The total amount of sugar bounty disbursed during the year was $7,942,077, of which $6,852,360 went to Louisiana.

TO THE CONSCRIPTS

A Swindler Sends His Circular Through the Mails.

HOW HIS LITTLE SCHEME WORKS.

He Asserts That the Federal Government Will Pay Damages, But

THE CONSCRIPT MUST ANTE A DOLLAR

The Pension Department Will Investigate the Swindle and Try to Locate the Sharper.

Washington, July 26.—The Post publishes the following: A systematic attempt to swindle ex-confederate soldiers has been unearthed in this city and today the matter was brought to the attention of General Raum, commissioner of pensions, by E. G. Warring. The party who is said to be at the head of the scheme is a man named Mason, who figured here during the forty-eighth and forty-ninth congresses as a sort of lobbyist. Mason's mode of operation is said to be similar to the one attempted several years ago by other parties. He has printed circulars headed "To Ex-Confederate Conscripts," with which he has flooded many localities in the southern states. The circular declares that the United States had a right to protect its loyal citizens in the south from conscription into the confederate army, and its failure to do so makes the government liable for damages in each case where a man was so conscripted, or forced into the southern army.

It further states that all an ex-conscript has to prove in order to receive damages is to prove his loyalty and that he was compelled to enter the army of the enemy against his will.

In this connection Mason cites a number of alleged decisions of the United States supreme court deciding, in effect, that if the government could not protect its citizens in such an emergency, it at least could pay any damage that might accrue from said lack of protection. Mason wants to bring the matter before both congress and the supreme court, but in order to do so he must have funds. His circular, therefore, appeals to the poor ex-confederates to send him such amounts of money as they can spare, not less than $1, to be used as a fund for carrying out his impracticable schemes.

Southerners in this city who have heard of the movement are highly indignant and unhesitatingly pronounce it an unmitigated fraud, and it is more than probable that the matter will be investigated by pension office officials.

KNOCKED THE JAILER DOWN.

Three Prisoners Make Their Escape from the Wedowee Jail.

Anniston, Ala., July 26.—(Special.)—Three prisoners made their escape from the Wedowee, Randolph county, jail Sunday night. The sheriff had taken supper for Hiram Anderson and Jack Bennett into their cell. As he turned to walk out, Bennett knocked him senseless with a stool which had been allowed to remain in the cell. Bennett and Anderson then liberated John Washington, who was in jail on the charge of murder. The three made a break for liberty, and had been gone several minutes before the sheriff regained consciousness. Bennett and Anderson were confined in jail on charges of burglary. Washington's offense was murder, he having several weeks ago shot and killed, in cold blood, Henry T. Benuy, a prominent planter of Randolph county. At the time of the murder there was much excitement at Wedowee, and two or three times mobs of indignant citizens surrounded the jail and declared their intention of lynching Washington, but cooler heads prevailed, and Washington was permitted to await the court's action. The fugitive prisoners have not been seen since their escape.

JUMPED INTO A WELL.

Suicide of a Young Lady at Pelham, South Carolina.

Greenville, S. C. July 26.—(Special.)—Yesterday morning about daybreak the body of Miss Raines, daughter of L. B. Raines, of Pelham, S. C., was discovered in the well of J. A. Traynham, a neighbor, who lives a short distance from her father's residence.

The circumstances of the discovery, together with the surroundings and evidence before the coroner's jury, proved very conclusively that it was suicide. The young lady had recently been troubled with temporary aberration of the mind and a watch had been kept upon her. She was missed about 2 o'clock yesterday morning and a search was immediately begun for her. On the banks of a small creek near by her night clothing was found hanging on a limb with water dripping from them. A search of the creek failed to disclose the body and some one suggested that the wells of the neighborhood be searched, which was done, with the result as described above.

A BLOODY TRAGEDY.

he Horrible Find of Miners in the Alabama Woods.

Birmingham, Ala., July 26.—(Special.)—A bloody tragedy occurred near Coalburg Monday morning. Some miners going to the mines to begin their day's work were horrified to find the dead body of Albert Gorter, colored, lying in the road about half way between the town and the mines. His throat was cut from ear to ear. In fact, he had been beheaded, as only a small strip of skin held the head to the body. Near by, grazing in the woods, was a mule which Gorter had been riding to the mine.

The story goes that Gorter and a white man named Albert Freeman, both drivers of tram cars in the mines, started out from Coalburg to the mines riding mules, side by side, shortly before 6 o'clock this morning. They never reached the mines. A party of miners passing along the road soon afterward discovered Gorter's dead body, as described above.

It is supposed that Freeman killed Gorter. The men had a quarrel a few days ago, and bad feeling was known to exist between them. Both were ex-convicts, and were known to be desperate men. They were drivers in the mines, and usually worked together.

The people at Coalburg advance the theory that when Gorter and Freeman were alone on their way to the mines they renewed their old quarrel, and that Freeman cut Gorter's throat.

Freeman is missing. He is supposed to have fled on the mule, which was the company's property. The trail of the mule could be traced for some distance, and dogs are now following it.

No one witnessed the tragedy, nor were any cries heard. Where Gorter's body was found there were evidences of a desperate struggle. The ground was red with blood, and the sight was a sickening one.

The officers of the law have taken the matter in hand, and are making an effort to run down the supposed murderer. Freeman is a small man, weighing 110 pounds.

A MISSING MAN,

Whose Friends Have Given Up All Hope of Finding Him.

Eutaw, Ala., July 26.—(Special.)—Nothing has been heard of the missing Carl Gantzhorn yet. His friends here have about given up all hopes of ever seeing him again.

The sick brother he left Birmingham to visit died on Saturday last, after great suffering and agony. Adolph Gantzhorn came here about three weeks ago and went into copartnership with Mr. G. Brown in the jewelry business and soon afterwards bought out Mr. Brown.

About a year ago he was in swimming in the river near town and was stung on the side of the tongue while in the river. From that sting, he said, came the cancer which ended his life. Some three months ago he went to Cincinnati and underwent a severe operation. He returned home soon and had to return again. But the second operation was a failure and hemorrhages set in and he soon sank under the ravages of the cancer and the loss of blood.

About a year ago another brother came to visit him. He was a consumptive, and lingered only a short time. Mr. Adolph Gantzhorn leaves a widow and three children, one an infant only a month old.

FIGHT AT A STILL.

They Were All Beastly Drunk and a Battle Ensued.

Bristol, Tenn., July 26.—(Special.)—A chapter of murder has recently been committed in the mountainous region of Virginia and Kentucky, south of Bristol. The latest is a regular pitched battle between a moonshiner, H. C. Johnson, and two blockaders, Eph and John Cox, which took place at a point thirty-five miles from here just across the mountains from Gate City in Scott county, where so many crimes have been committed.

The two Cox boys went to the distillery of Johnson to get blockade liquor. While there all three of them got beastly drunk. A trivial quarrel led on to a fight. Both of the Coxes attacked Johnson, but he completely vanquished them. Eph received one bullet in the shoulder and one in the breast. John was shot in the month, the ball lodging in his neck. The particulars were very meager and it is hard to tell the condition of the men. The Coxes are well-known moonshiners, rather after the fashion of Ira Mullens, who was brutally murdered at Pound Gap in Cumberland mountain a few days ago.

CALLED BACK AGAIN.

Two Bank Thieves Arrested and Brought Back Into the United States.

Laredo, Tex., July 26.—(Special.)—The two young men, W. E. Turner and J. H. Gale, who robbed the City Savings bank of Nashville, Tenn., a few weeks ago of $13,000 while employed as clerks in that bank and skipped for Mexico, were brought back this morning from Saltillo, Mex., by City Marshal Yglesias and turned over to J. H. Clack, chief of police from Nashville. They were detained all day in Laredo awaiting the recovery of $10,000 which they had deposited in Monterly. They returned from Mexico at their own request and are only held nominally in arrest by the officers. It is understood that the mother of these young men has paid the amount they took from the bank. They leave over the International railroad tomorrow.

ANARCHISTS SENTENCED.

They Get Long Terms at Hard Labor in Belgium.

Brussels, July 26.—The trial of sixteen anarchists which has been in progress at Liege for nine days was concluded today. The jury returned a verdict of guilty on all counts of the indictments, which included charges of conspiracy to steal explosives and to destroy property and an attempt to blow up the Ombret powder mill. The verdict was received amid profound silence. Monleau, the head of the band, was sentenced to twenty-five years penal servitude; Wolff and Beaujean, two of the leaders, to twenty years each; four others to fifteen years each, and two to ten and three years, respectively.

IN NO HURRY TO SIGN.

Major Fink Is Taking His Time and Is, Perhaps, Bluffing.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 26.—(Special.)—The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway management is considering the advisability of withdrawing from the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. Upon good authority it is reported that the lines will probably be withdrawn.

The East Tennessee comprises the largest number of miles of road in the association under one management, and should she go out it would almost disrupt the association. Just what is causing the East Tennessee to take this stand is not known, but in a general way it is said to be that she claims that she is not given the consideration to which she is entitled. This may be a threat to bring the association to terms, but it is not so believed here. The lines which would be affected are the East Tennessee from Bristol, Tenn., to Chattanooga, Atlanta and Brunswick, Ga., from Rome, Ga., to Selma, Ala.; and Meridian, Miss., and the Louisville Southern; also the Queen and Crescent from Cincinnati to New Orleans.

LAUNCHING OF THE COLUMBIA.

Cruiser No. 12 Successfully Slides Into the Water.

Philadelphia, July 26.—Under the sun, the intensity of whose rays seemed to make her metal sides almost vibrate, the cruiser No. 12, or as the vessel has been popularly known, The Pirate, was launched here this afternoon from Cramp's shipyard and christened Columbia by Miss Edith Morton, daughter of Vice President Morton. In consideration of the time of the year and with the view to just such weather as the country is suffering under now, Messrs. Cramps decided some time ago not to issue any invitations to the launch today, and in consequence there was a marked difference in the size of the crowd present in comparison with that of previous launchings at the yard. Probably not more than a thousand people were present beyond the yard employes and those officially present to participate in the ceremonies. The launch was entirely successful. Among the prominent persons present were Secretary Tracy, Vice President Morton, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Soley, Commander John Soley, Congressman John R. Fellows, Commander Allibone, ex-United States Senator Chilton and Assistant Secretary of State Grinnell.

Appointments by the President.

Washington, July 26.—The president today nominated A. Barton Hepburn, of New York, to be comptroller of the currency, vice Lacey, having resigned. Mr. Hepburn is at present national bank examiner in New York city. Previous to receiving that appointment he was superintendent of state banks in New York state.

CAGING THE BIRDS.

Several Anarchists Arrested by the Police Yesterday.

THEY ALL CLAIM TO BE INNOCENT

Of Any Connection with the Shooting of Frick,

BUT THE OFFICERS ARE CERTAIN

That They Have the Right Men—Troops Being Withdrawn from Homestead. Interview with Carnegie.

Homestead, Pa., July 26.—It is quite likely that Hugh O'Donnell will resign the chairmanship of the advisory committee, if he has not already done so, and indications are that the committee is now casting about for a new leader. The break up was caused by the refusal of the committee to approve an almost unconditional surrender in the fight on hand. O'Donnell expressed himself as anxious for a settlement even if he had to be sacrificed. He authorized two newspaper men—F. D. Madeira, of New York, and J. H. Moore, of Philadelphia—to see Superintendent Potter and ascertain upon what terms the old men could return to work. When they had executed the commission, O'Donnell wanted to bring them before the committee, but that body would not admit them. This rebuff undoubtedly will cause O'Donnell's resignation, as he said he would resign if his colleagues did not endorse his sentiments. The mediators called upon Superintendent Potter and wanted to know upon what terms he would accept the old employes. He said there was no vindictiveness in their dealings with their men, but they would not take back certain objectionable strife-makers under any circumstances. No names were mentioned, but he said those against whom criminal charges were preferred were among them. Even these might not be rejected, if the information against them proved incorrect. He further stated that the men would not be questioned about membership in any organization, but they would be required to sign an agreement as individuals fixing the scale of wages based on the $22 billet rate. There would be no dealings with any association or committee except as provided in the agreement for a committee of workmen and of officials to meet quarterly and fix the prices of billets. No men now in employ would be discharged if their work was satisfactory.

The mediators were assured that the places were being filled rapidly. The advisory committee refused to admit the newspaper men, but said they would hear the report through their chairman. This was refused, as they had no interest in the matter except to bring the two parties together.

Superintendent Potter was informed of the result and expressed regrets as the places of the men were being filled rapidly.

Mr. Curry, who was present, took occasion to deny the statement that Andrew Carnegie would interfere. He stated in a telegram received, Mr. Carnegie said he had no intention of returning to America at present, and that he would not interfere with the management or interpose to settle the lockout.

Braddock Men Refuse to Strike.

The Homestead men have apparently abandoned all endeavors to bring the Braddock workers out on a strike. After four days of proselyting, the leaders are discouraged, and say the Braddock seems determined to continue at work, notwithstanding the combined pressure of the other Carnegie operatives. A member of the advisory committee said today that he had been informed by several Amalgamated men who had gone among the Braddock men that the latter had not forgotten the fruitless appeals for assistance made to Homestead in 1887, and were disinclined to strike for sympathy. Several of the locked-out men, although aware that the leaders have given up hope of a strike at the Edgar Thomson plant, are still hopeful of bringing them out. The intense heat has prostrated many of General Superintendent Potter's non-union men, according to Amalgamated scouts. At all events, there is not the activity that was manifested around the mill yesterday, and no plate was rolled this morning. About one hundred and fifty non-union men arrived from the east today, and were taken at once to the Homestead plant. Everything is quiet at Homestead. The Eighth and Fourteenth regiments and the city troops of Philadelphia were ordered home, and are now leaving.

ARRESTING THE ANARCHISTS.

The Officers Think They Have the Man Who Sent the Money to Bergman.

New York, July 26.—A journeyman baker named F. Mattick was arrested this morning at Long Branch. He is charged with being a party to the attempted murder of Mr. Frick and supposed to be the person who sent the package of money to Bergman, the would-be assassin, while he was at Alleghany City. Superintendent O'Mara, who heard of the arrest while with Inspector Steers at the central office, left for Long Branch instantly. Inspector Steers received a telegram today from J. O. Brown, superintendent of public safety at Pittsburg, stating that the warrant which had been issued for the arrest of Mattick was on its way here and asking the inspector to hand it over to Chief O'Mara.

Have the Right Men.

The arrests of F. Mollock, at Long Branch, and R. Bauer, in Allegheny, today, it is believed by the police, will greatly aid them in clearing the mystery that now surrounds the would-be assassin and anarchist, Alexander Bergman. Mollock is the man who sent Bergman money from Long Branch last week and Bauer is a recognized leader of anarchists in this section. He succeeded Herr Fricke upon the death of the latter two years ago as agent for the distribution of anarchistic literature, and the police have been watching him for some months. He was arrested at his home, 73 Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, at 10 o'clock this morning by Detectives Shore and McTighe, and is now in Central station.

Bauer showed no surprise when arrested and took the matter coolly. He admitted he was agent here for the distribution of anarchistic documents and that he had sent the circulars to Homestead which were ordered confiscated by General Snowden. He denied all knowledge of the attempt on Frick's life and said he had never met or heard of Bergman till last week, when he met him at Knold's house. There were two meetings, he said, each one by accident, and Bergman told him he was here to get work. Bauer told him it was a bad time to hunt work on account of the Homestead trouble. He said he had not seen Bergman since last Thursday.

When searched at the station house a gold watch and chain, two keys, a subscription book for money received for the anarchistic group of which Bauer is leader, and 67 cents were also found on his person.

At Bauer's home, however, the police unearthed a small-sized arsenal. They found a breech-loading rifle and an American bull dog revolver and a large quantity of cartridges, running in size from 22-caliber to 44-caliber. A mysterious-looking red object was also found in his room. It was about the size of a large marble and had a string attached to one end. The police believe it is some sort of explosive. Serious incendiary papers were found, together with a book on anarchy, receipts, etc.

It is believed that the accused destroyed all papers that might criminate him when Frick was shot.

Bauer is about thirty years of age, very intelligent-looking and much cleaner in appearance than the average anarchist. The Allegheny police say he is one of the most violent anarchists in this section. They believe they have a good case against him.

Last Saturday morning Bauer is said to have been seen loitering in the vicinity of the Duquesne Club, on Sixth avenue, where Mr. Frick took his meals. Chief Murphy said that when Bergman entered The Chronicle-Telegraph building last Saturday he was not alone. There was another man with him, and when Bergman started up the stairs leading to Frick's office, the strange man passed a package to him. That package is said to have contained either the revolver or the dynamite cartridge with which Bergman attempted to blow his own head off.

Bauer is suspected of being the man who handed the package to Bergman. Several persons saw the incident and the description of Bergman's companion they furnish fits Bauer to perfection.

Upon receipt of the news that Mollock had been captured, Chief Brown requested Superintendent O'Mara to go to Long Branch and await papers, which were forwarded this afternoon. Inspector McKelvey immediately made the necessary information before Judge Gripp.

Mollock will be brought here for trial. Casper Knold, anarchist, arrested last night is still at the central station. No information has yet been made against him and hew ill be detained in the station till his record and connection with Bergman are more fully investigated.

Detectives here do not believe Knold's story and think he has more to do with the attempt on Frick's life than he claims. The statement that he did not know Bergman till he came here is not credited, for the reason that his alleged accomplice, Mollock, well knew where to send money. Neither do they believe Knold saw the last of Bergman on Friday, when he alleges he accompanied Bergman to the union station. That he showed Bergman the office of Frick several days before the assault is evident.

HE WILL REMAIN ABROAD.

Andrew Carnegie Interviewed on the Homestead Matter.

London, July 26.—An agent of the Associated Press called upon Andrew Carnegie, in his seclusion oft Loch Ramroch, thirty miles from a railroad or telegraph station, to ask his opinion concerning Homestead matters. At first Mr. Carnegie positively refused to discuss any phase of the situation, but after persistent interrogation he finally said:

"Well, I authorize you to make the following statement. I have not attended to business for the past three years, but I have implicit confidence in those who are managing the mills. Further than that, I have nothing to say."

It is very evident that Mr. Carnegie has no intention of returning to America at the present time.

STRIKING THEIR TENTS.

The Eighth Regiment Break Camp at Homestead—Two Regiments Will Remain.

Homestead, Pa., July 26.—The withdrawal of the soldiers from Homestead has commenced. The wildly enthusiastic cheering today among the hundreds of white tents on Shanty hill proclaimed the fact to the strikers in their homes at the foot of the slope. The lucky boys in blue who were the first ones to get marching orders were members of the Eighth regiment. It is believed that the troops will be gradually removed until two regiments remain. The two will be held until there is no further danger of trouble.

GUARDS ORDERED OFF,

But the Mine Owners Fear Violence from Strikers.

Wardner, Ida., July 26.—Governor Willey has directed the withdrawal of the national guard from Couer d'Alene. They will leave here today. There are more men here than can find ebployment, and at least three hundred men are looking for work. Mine owners are still apprehensive of attempts to destroy the property by the use of dynamite, and a strict watch is kept on the mill day and night.

The Situation at St. Johns.

Halifax, N. S., July 26.—The latest information from St. Johns, N. F., states that the militia still parade the streets to maintain order and prevent incendiarism. The condition of the inhabitants of the western —that is the preserved—section of the city is by them considered more deplorable than the majority of those who suffered. In consequence of this mistaken impression some of the most indigent of the western part are actually trying to burn their few buildings that they may participate in the relief contribution. Fully 7,000 persons are encamped in indescribable confusion on the large fields, their housing being to the greater number the worst feature there is at present. There is no want of clothing or food. The coming fall and winter, however, will, it is feared, realise the famine that succeeded the feast.

Jefferson Davis Monument.

Raleigh, N. C., July 26.—(Special.)—W. L. Cabbell, of the trans-Mississippi division of the United Confederate Veterans, has announced a meeting for September 17th, in this city, of the committee appointed at the reunion in New Orleans a few months ago to consider the matter of a monument to ex-President Jefferson Davis. The committee will meet with the Jefferson Davis Monument Association. The committee consists of one person from each confederate state. The monument fund is growing and prospects are good for the monument's erection in a few years.

Will Make a Statement.

Raleigh, N. C., July 26.—(Special.)—Chairman Simmons, of the state democratic committee, will, in a statement tomorrow, deny the published statement that the third party men in effect captured the third district democratic convention and that he truckled to them by leading a movement against the adoption of a resolution endorsing Cleveland. Mr. Simmons states that no such resolution was introduced. The anti-Cleveland men were largely in the majority in the convention, yet the democrats succeeded in nominating Grady for congress and a Cleveland elector.

Immigrants for the South.

New York, July 26.—The appeal made by merchants of the south to turn the stream of immigration down there is having its effect in England and Scotland, a large number of immigrants arriving on the steamer Gallia. The Gallia started today for South Carolina and other southern states.

SOME BIG BLAZES.

Records of the Flames Throughout the Country.

BURNING OF A CRACKER FACTORY,

And Narrow Escape of a Fire Chief from Death.

OVER FIFTY BLOCKS OF BAY CITY

Swept Away by the Flames—Loss Over a Million and a Half Dollars—A Lard Factory Destroyed.

New York, July 26.—(Special.)—The New York Biscuit Company's cracker baking establishment burned down today. The loss is estimated at $200,000. The building, on Tenth avenue and Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, takes in nearly an entire block. The works here contained the largest plant of the concern, which has branches at Chicago, Grand Rapids, Mich.; New Haven and Hartford, Conn., and Cambridgeport, Mass. The building was completed only three months ago. The upper floors of the building were gutted. There was a large quantity of flour stored in the basement. It was ruined by water. The firms forming the combination are Holmes & Coulter, Vandever & Holmes, Gilmer & Co., Anger Bros., and Edward, Field & Decker. The cause of the fire, which broke out at twenty minutes past 6 o'clock, is unknown. Chief Bonner, of the fire department, had a narrow escape from death. No one injured. The loss is estimated at $500,000. Hundreds of men, women and children are thrown out of employment.

Bay City's Loss.

Detroit, Mich., July 26.—A special from Bay City to The Journal says: The terrible fire which started yesterday afternoon continued to rage all night and the sun arose this morning on a field of ashes extending over fifty blocks. It was impossible to check the flames, carried before a gale, until everything in its track had been consumed, and today it is estimated that at least five hundred buildings are in ruins, representing a loss, probably, of one million five hundred thousand dollars. Soon after the flames started in Miller & Turner's sawmill it was seen that this end of the city was doomed. There was a terrific wind blowing from the southwest and great bunches of burning boards were lifted and scattered about the lumber yard. The first alarm was quickly followed by a general one, calling out every particle of apparatus in the city. Almost before the firemen knew it a cloud of flame and embers had swept across Harrison street and in fifteen minutes the eastern row of frame buildings from Thirty-third to Thirtieth streets, four blocks, was ablaze. The firemen would no sooner lay their lines of hose than the fire would be upon them and there would be compelled to flee or have their Burning boards were carried 200 feet in the air and wherever they dropped some house or store would at once add its fuel to the conflagration.

Oil and Rosin Ablaze.

Cincinnati, July 26.—A locomotive on the switching tracks of the Cincinnati Southern railway at Ludlow, Ky., late this afternoon, dropped a few coals of fire on powered rosin on the track, which soon ignited and set in flames the storage warehouse of the Standard Oil Company, adjacent to the track. One warehouse was a wooden building three hundred feet long, the other was a brick one hundred feet long. Each aws one-story high as nearly as can be learned. These warehouses contained twenty thousand to twenty-five thousand barrels of rosin, five thousand barrels of turpentine and three thousand barrels of benzine. In addition to the above eight freight box cars, two tanks of turpentine and one thousand feet of Cincinnati Southern track were burned.

Fire at Elizabeth, N. J.

Elizabeth, N. J., July 26.—At 2 o'clock this morning Cooke Bros'. lard, tallow and neatsfoot oil plant was almost entirely destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $75,000. The works occupied three and a half acres of ground, fronting on Staten Island sound, near Elizabethport. The fire started from spontaneous combustion.

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS.

A Negro Charged with Assaulting His Aunt Tragedy in a Corn Field.

Raleigh, N. C., July 26.—(Special.)—John Smith, colored, of this county, was jailed here this afternoon on the serious charge of assaulting his aunt, with intent to outrage her.

The train from Atlanta here on the Seaboard Air-Line was delayed three hours today by the derailment of a freight train near Keyser.

Willis Brogden, a prominent farmer of Wayne county, and a brother of ex-Governor Curtis H. Brogden, is today is jail at Goldsboro for the murder of a neighbor, Fab Sasser, also widely known as a farmer. There are some strange features about the case. Both men were magistrates, stewards of the Methodist church and members of families for years honored in that section. Brogden, who was in a feud with Sasser, sought the latter and found him in his own field at work and dealt him many terrible blows upon the head. Two of these fractured the skull and it is remarkable that Sasser ever lived or regained consciousness. He did recover consciousness and retained it until a few hours before his death. Brogden's brother, the ex-governor, was on his bond for $5,000 pending the result of Sasser's injuries. The trial will be a notable one.

The Third Party in Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., July 26.—(Special.)—The people's party convention for this, the seventh congressional district, met today, all of the nine counties being represented. After a secret session of an hour they went into open session and nominated Rev. Joel H. Gambrell, a Baptist minister and for years a state prohibition leader, over Thomas J. Millsapp, the alliance leader, by a vote of two to one. Millsapp was one of the first prominent democrats to leave the democratic party and is chairman of the state alliance executive committee, was a delegate to Omaha and it was conceded that he would win the nomination hands down. The Omaha platform was endorsed.

Three Persons Killed.

St. Louis, July 26.—The gas generated by escaping stock from the recent fire in the Walter Hersch oil building, heated by the intense summer sun, exploded this p. m., wrecking fully one-half of the great Mill Creek sewer, the largest of the city's drainage system and causing a known loss of three lives, maring five others, with the possibility of other fatalities bring revealed by a search of the wreckage.

The Dentists' Convention.

Chattanooga, July 26.—The Southern Dental Association and Tennessee Dental Association were called to order at Lookout Inn this morning with 275 delegates in attendance. Many noted men of national reputation are present. The address of President Gordon White, of Nashville, created a sensation. He handled dental quacks without gloves. The association will remain in session during the entire week.

A ROUSING MEETING

Held by the Democracy of Hall County Yesterday.

HON. H. W. J. HAM MAKES A SPEECH,

In Which He Discussed the Third Party and Its Platform—Colonel Thompson Also Addresses the Meeting.

Gainesville, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—This has been a great day for democracy in Hall county. The third party delegates who were in the city did not enjoy the overture to their convention which is to be held tomorrow.

At the noon recess of court the largest crowd that has assembled at any political meeting in the county this year gathered to hear Hon. H. W. J. Ham discuss the "Third Party, its Platform and Leaders, National, State and Local." At the opening of the meeting Colonel John E. Redwine, who had been announced by his friends as a candidate for the democratic nomination against Mr. Ham, announced in a short speech that his name would not be submitted to the primary next Saturday. This insures Mr. Ham's nomination by an overwhelming majority.

Mr. Ham received an ovation as he came to the stand, and for an hour and a half the rest of the audience was kept in an uproar of cheers, and merriment. His opening tribute to the south, and the part it bore in the government, before the war, and its position since as the backbone of democracy, caught the crowd instantly. His clear enumeration of the differences between the two great parties made plain the issue upon which it is sought to divide the people. Then he turned his attention to the third party, discussed its platform and its leaders, and proved conclusively its tendency to disrupt the south and destroy democracy.

The local leaders were taken up and dissected to the queen's taste, and he made this one of the most telling parts of his speech. The crowd was with him, and even the supposed third party men found themselves shouting as the gifted speaker held up their photographs and pilloried them with wit and satire.

At the conclusion of Colonel Ham's address, long and loud calls for Colonel Howard Thompson brought that gentleman to the stand and he made a short but ringing democratic speech which was applauded to the echo. Many of the third party delegates who were present looked as though they wondered what had happened, and what was coming next. They are convinced that Hall county democracy is alive, on deck, and at work; and tomorrow's convention will feel the effect of today's work.

WINN OR PICKETT.

It Is a Close Race for the Third Party Nomination in the Ninth.

Gainesville, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The congressional convention of the people's party convenes here on tomorrow and a lively time is expected. Messrs. Winn and Pickett, the contestants for the prize, are both on the ground ready for the fray. The delegates are gathering from all sections of the ninth district. Mr. Winn has established headquarters at the Arlington hotel while Mr. Pickett is marshaling his hosts at the Hunt house.

The Constitution called at room No. 11, Arlington hotel, this afternoon, where Mr. Winn was found chatting very pleasantly with a friend.

He was asked as to the situation and said: "I think that my nomination is safe and my election certain. I think that my people should endorse my course in congress, as I have been true to the trust reposed. However, I know that politics is uncertain and if defeated for the nomination I will bow submissively to the will of the people. I know that the democrats would be gratified at my defeat, but conscientious in the rectitude of my course, I am prepared for anything. If nominated I will be elected beyond doubt."

Later The Constitution called at the Hunt house and was ushered into room No. 16, where Mr. Pickett was found in his shirt sleeves surrounded by twelve or fifteen of his friends from the mountains. He was in the best of humor and said:

"I am ahead and expect to be nominated tomorrow. It is true that some efforts will be made by some of Mr. Winn's friends, but the efforts will fail and I will carry off the prize. If nominated I will carry the mountain counties, coming to the river with 2,500 majority over Tate. I will carry Jackson and Gwinnett over him by at least five hundred majority. In Burke, Hall and Habersham the contest will be close. I am certain to be elected if nominated by at least three thousand majority. The strength of the people's party is growing every day and is bound to win."

Mr. Pickett is very sanguine of success. He is well posted as to the strength of the parties throughout the district and is an untiring worker.

As the matter now stands, it is nip and tuck between the two aspirants and no telling what will be the result tomorrow.

Caucuses will be held tonight by the friends of each candidate and the relative strength of each developed. To a man up a tree it looks very much like Pickett now.

HON. MILLARD PINSON

Nominated by the Democrats of the Thirty-Sixth Senatorial District.

Newnan, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The democratic convention of the thirty-sixth senatorial district convened today and nominated Hon. Millard B. Pinson on the first ballot. Mr. Pinson received every vote in the convention and his nomination was at once made unanimous. Harmony prevailed throughout the proceedings of the convention and the third party will have a hard time defeating a candidate whose nomination met with such unanimity as that of Mr. Pinson's.

DEMOCRACY IN THE SECOND.

Hot Speeches and Amusing Catechisms. The Dawson Meeting.

Dawson, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—Yesterday at 10:30 o'clock, at Hart's opera house, Mr. J. W. F. Lowrey called to order one of the largest and most cultivated democratic meetings the old second has witnessed in some time. By motion of J. W. F. Lowrey, Judge R. F. Simmons was nominated for chairman. Seconded and carried. R. R. Morlin was elected secretary. The object of this meeting was to discuss Simon-pure democracy. They were all good democratic speeches. If the good old second could hear such as these often, the third partyites would change their faith, and third partyism in these parts would be a thing of the past. The first speaker was our highly esteemed citizen, Judge James H. Guerry. In the commencement of his speech he said: "I have been told that there is a certain man in town who has said that if I speak today and advocate the cause and side I espouse, that my political life was doomed. I am going to speak," says the judge, "and raise my voice in the interest and welfare of our grand old democratic party though the heavens fall, or if I die in my tracks. I was born a democrat, I was raised a democrat, and I expect to die a democrat." After closing, the judge introduced Hon. J. W. Walters, who made a ringing and telling speech. The amusing part of his speech was where he accused Hon. O. B. Stevens of advocating third party principles as coming from one of Mr. Stevens's stanch friends, Mr. S. R. Christie. Without waiting for Mr. Walters to conclude, Mr. Christie, being present, arose and "declared it was false," whereupon Mr. Walters called upon an avowed third party man to corroborate his statement. It was corroborated, and Mr. Christie stamped that as false, saying the gentleman was mistaken in his remarks. Mr. Christie called upon others to substantiate, one of whom was Hon. O. C. Hill, president of the county alliance. Mr. Fletcher still insists that he is right and can prove what he said to be true. Colonel Walters gave Mr. Stevens some heavy thrusts, all of which are too numerous to mention. Colonel Walters, after speaking about one hur, closed, after which Colonel J. M. Griggs was introduced, who picked up the gauntlet in Mr. Stevens's behalf and made a forcible reply. Colonel Griggs is a warm friends of Mr. Stevens's, and is one of his most enthusiastic advocates.

The meeting adjourned until 3 o'clock p. m. Colonel Walters answered Colonel Griggs, making about a twenty-minute speech. Colonel Walters then introduced Hon. B. E. Russell, the orator of the afternoon. Mr. Russell is Mr. Stevens's opponent for congressional honors. He, as usual, delivered one of his eloquent democratic speeches, pure and unadulterated. After the speaking was over a democratic club was organized. J. A. Laing was elected president and R. R. Morlin secretary. Then the meeting adjourned to meet again at the call of the president. Who will be the congressman from the second? It is hard to tell.

SUMTER'S DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

Over One Thousand Enrolled—Prepared for Tom Watson.

Americus, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The Times-Recorder publishes tomorrow over one thousand names of voters in the county who have signed the call for the organization of a great democratic club of Sumter county. The organization will be perfected next Tuesday night, and will be the most enthusiastic body ever gotten together. One of the first things the club will do will be to welcome home that great democrat who has so ably represented the third district in congress, and reflected honor on the entire party by his record as speaker of the house of representatives. The club will work hard for democracy, and its overwhelming success is certain, in spite of Tom Watson's boast. This club is what he will have to fight against.

One hundred democrats will spend tomorrow at Ellaville helping out the Schley county democracy. There will be a big barbecue and many eloquent speeches. Colonel Edgar F. Hinton and Colonel William Hawkes, of Americus, are among those who will give out good democratic doctrine.

DR. ROBINS NOMINATED

By the Third Party as Their Candidate for Congress in the Eighth.

Athens, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The third party met here today. Every county in the eighth district was represented except Putnam. There was several speeches made and the convention meant business. A committee was appointed consisting of one from each county to name a candidate for congress. The committee brought in the name of Dr. Robins, of Greene county, and he was nominated unanimously. Yancey Carter was elected permanent chairman of the committee. Dr. Robins, on being notified of his nomination, was escorted to the stand and spoke at length. He says that he is bound to win the race. The third partyites are jubilant over the nomination.

CHARGES OF FRAUD.

A Democratic Meeting to Be Held in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—A meeting of the democrats will be held tomorrow night to consider the charges of fraud and intimidation that are made in connection with yesterday's election in certain districts; to draw up an appeal to the executive committee for an investigation; to take steps to gather the necessary evidence to support the charges, and, if proven, to make them the basis of criminal prosecutions of those who are alleged to be guilty of violations of the state law governing primary elections. If the evidence presented justifies such a step, a declaration in favor of an independent candidate or candidates, may be made and the public made acquainted with the facts.

Have Left for Augusta.

Lincolnton, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The third party delegates to represent this county in the congressional convention which meets in Augusta tomorrow, left here today. They expect little Tom at the convention and seem to be in good spirits.

A TERRIBLE STORY.

A Man's Search for the Murderer of His Wife and Daughter.

JOHN LOWE ARRIVES IN COLUMBUS

To Look at a Prisoner in Jail There and Ascertain Whether He Is the Man for Whom He Is Searching.

Columbus, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—When the 11:55 o'clock train from Opelika arrived in Columbus yesterday morning, a very tall man, followed by a small boy, alighted, and his peculiar costume, as well as the haggard lines about his face, attracted immediate attention.

Down town the tall man and the small boy were again the cause of much curiosity, and when it became known that the two strangers were Mr. John Lowe, of Cass county, Texas, and his son, the great tragedy which has overshadowed both their lives was recalled, and curiosity was turned to pity, and sympathy for Mr. Lowe and for the mission which brought him to Columbus was very freely expressed.

Mr. Lowe is not altogether a stranger in the city. He was born in Harris county and his father lives there still. Years ago he lived in Columbus, and then he married and moved to Cass county, Texas. He was a well-to-do ranchman and his home was very happy. Two children made his house bright; one little girl and the other was the boy who arrived in Columbus yesterday. Mr. Lowe's story is told by The Enquirer-Sun as follows:

"One day last fall Mr. Lowe rode away from his ranch and left his family well. On the place two negroes named Lee Green and Mack Demons were at work. When Mr. Lowe returned at night he saw the door of his house standing open, but no familiar faces appeared to greet him, and he realized that something was wrong. As soon as he reached the house he sprang from his horse. Just inside the door he found the body of his little daughter. She had been cruelly murdered. The distracted man rushed on and found the body of his wife, and all about were evidences that she had died a horrible death. Then the father searched for his son, but nowhere could he be found.

"While the father was still searching for his son's body neighbors arrived, and before long a noise was heard coming from the well. A rope was lowered and soon the child was drawn up nearly dead. As soon as he was able he told the dreadful story and described how the two negroes had come to the house and had murdered his mother and sister. He told how they abused him and how he was obliged to jump into the well to save his life. Then the negroes brought a big tub and threw it down on him, and thinking they had killed him, they left.

"There was no rest for the men in Cass county after the crime became known. They organized and went in search of the murderers, and before very long they captured the one named Lee Green. Mr. Lowe was one of the captors, and with his own hand he meted out retribution. His friends stood by while he cut the clothes from the negro's back, then he tied him to a stake which had been prepared, and set fire to the logs that were placed about the double murderer, and stood by and heard the awful shrieks of the dying man without a quiver.

"A few days later Mack Demons, the other murderer, was captured but it was impossible to treat him as his companion had been treated because he was taken by the officers and was safely lodged in jail. A few weeks ago he was tried before Judge Shepherd and convicted and sentenced to be hung. The judge had, however, heard one of the jurymen remark that he wished to get on the jury to hang the prisoner, and therefore when a new trial was asked for it was granted.

"The excitement became so intense and there was so much danger of lynching that Demons was quietly moved to another jail. To discover where the prisoner is located and to see to it that he does not escape, has become the object of Mr. Lowe's life. He searched through the Texas jails and failed to find the man. Then he was told that Demons was in the Birmingham jail. He hurried there and was told that the prisoner had been taken either to Opelika or Columbus. First he went to Opelika, and not finding his man there, he came to Columbus.

"Yesterday afternoon Mr. Lowe had a long interview with Chief of Police Beard, and he will be given all the information he wants. It is not probable, however, that Jailer Reedy will allow Mr. Lowe to see Demons if he is in the jail, as he would kill him on sight.

"Mr. W. P. Duncan, a friend of Mr. Lowe who was with him when Lee Green was burned, is also in Columbus. He states that the man Demons in certainly in one of the Texas jails, as he could not be carried out of the state. He says, however, that since the murder was committed, Mr. Lowe has been beside himself, and he will never rest until he sees the remaining assassin hung or otherwise disposed of."

This morning Mr. Lowe will leave for Harris county to visit his father.

A RAILROAD WRECK,

In Which a Number of Persons Were Seriously Injured.

Columbus, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—A number of people are still in Columbus, suffering from injuries received in the wrech which occurred on the Columbus Southern near Albany Sunday morning.

An excursion train left Brunswick on Saturday evening for Columbus. It was made up of two special coaches belonging to the Brunswick and Western road, and was handled by a Columbus Southern engine in charge of Engineer Arnold. In Albany Mr. A. I. Branham and several ladies were waiting for transportation to Columbus, and Conductor Will Malone very kindly offered to take them on the excursion train. All the passengers were colored people and Mr. Malone arranged a place at the forward end of the front car for the white passengers.

Shortly after 3 o'clock the train left Albany, and on the outskirts of the town Engineer Arnold commenced increasing the speed, and the train was soon moving at the rate of fifteen miles an hour. Just beyond the town a sidetrack is situated, and a long train of freight cars drawn by a Columbus Southern engine had just been left there for the night. Too late Engineer Arnold noticed that the switch, which should have been closed, was wide open, and the excursion train dashed into the sidetrack. There was only time to reverse the lever, and then the two engines came together with an awful crash.

The colored excursionists were asleep in the rear car and the white passengers had just settled themselves for the ride to Columbus. When the crash came they were first thrown forward and then backward with terrific force. There was the sound of crashing glass and splintering wood; and above all rose the wild screams of the terrified men and women. After a time order was restored and it was discovered that although almost every person on the train was bruised, no one was killed.

The most serious injuries were received by Conductor Malone, who was standing near the door and was thrown down. His shoulder was dislocated and he was also cut by flying glass. Engineer Arnold was cut about the head, and Mr. George Newman's baby was so badly hurt that at first it was thought to be dead; it, however, recovered. A colored preacher named Williams was also badly hurt.

After the casualties had been ascertained, an examination of the engines was made and it was found that they were both badly wrecked, the entire front of each of them being torn off. The front passenger car was entirely useless, but the rear car was still capable of being used, and all the passengers were transferred to it and were hauled back to Albany. Later the car was attached to a Central railroad train and was brought back to Albany. train was brought back Sunday morning.

Engineer Arnold explained the accident by claiming that some discharged employes had opened the switch for the purpose of wrecking the train. He stated that he had just backed his engine over the switch and that it was then in position.

Some of the passengers stated yesterday that the accident was due to other causes. They said that instead of passing over the switch the engine had backed down from the sidetrack and after it reached the main line the switch had not been closed.

THE DEADLY RAZOR

Does Fearful Work, Wielded by a Jealous Negro Woman.

Rome, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—Late Sunday night two young negro women engaged in a row in East Rome, near the East Tennessee road. Their names were Gene Wright and Julia Jones, and as the result of the racket Gene Wright now lies at the point of death. It seems that for some time a young man had been sharing equally the affections of both the women, and had been sending many presents to them. This kind of business did not suit Julia, and for days she cherished in her heart gloomy and bitter feelings toward the sable Gene.

Saturday night Julia drove up in a hack to where Gene was standing talking to a young negro man. Julia was somewhat intoxicated, and when she saw Gene her pent-up jealousy and rage seemed to boil over with the violence of a volcano.

She hurled a volley of abuse at the girl and sprang out of the hack, threatening to kill Gene if she ever laid hands upon her. As she advanced she drew a razor from her dress pocket and pounced upon Gene with all the fury of a savage. In her strong hands the keen edge of the razor did fearful work. At the first stroke Gene caught the razor with her hand and had her fingers almost cut off. Next she received a fearful slash in the back, and then came a terrible cut in her breast. Another powerful lunge was made at her side, but the force of the blow broke the razor from the handle, and the wound was only slight. Outsiders interfered and stopped the would-be murderess. The wounded girl was taken home and received medical attention. She is now at the home of her mother, in South Rome, and is in a very critical condition. The Jones woman, it is said, boarded an East Tennessee train later in the night and left the city.

THE GOOD TEMPLARS.

The Grand Lodge Now in Annual Session at Buford.

Buford, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The grand lodge of the Independant Order of Good Templars is now in session at this place. A number of the leading temperance workers are here from various portions of the state.

The following programme has been arranged for tonight:

Music—By R. D. Allen's cornet band.
Prayer—Rev. W. J. Wooten, pastor of Buford Baptist church.
Reception of Grand Lodge—Mayor John O. James.
Response—T. W. Reed, editor Athens Banner.
Music.
Welcome Address—Rev. Lamont Gordon, principal Buford college, in behalf of Star of Buford lodge.
Response—Rev. H. A. Hodges, G. C. T.
Music.
Recitation—Miss Helen Cowan, in behalf of Buford lodge.
Music.

R. H. Allen's cornet band will be in regular attendance, and a grand and interesting time is assured.

Delegates are all receiving a hearty welcome to the little city of Buford.

A RARA AVIS.

Just a Few Men of His Stamp in the Wide World.

Dahlonega, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—There is yet a lot of pure gold in human nature. This remark is prompted by a recent occurrence.

Forty years ago Colonel John B. Graham, of this county, gave Hiram Smith an order to the Dahlonega mint for $250 in gold. Smith was going west and was to pay back the sum when he had made the money in mining. Fortune did not seem to favor him, and he wandered through several territories of the wild and woolly west, and had to contend with sickness. He came home after the war broke. But he went west again and track of him was lost. And after forty long years Colonel Graham last week received a check from Smith, canceling the debt. Smith had wandered into British Columbia and secured profitable employment and did not forget his old creditor. How many men would have done this much?

Mad Dogs in Athens.

Athens, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—Saturday the mad dogs broke out fresh. Mr. Jim Mealor, living in East Athens, was attacked by one. He was going home and the dog made a jump for his throat, but being knocked off he bit Mr. Mealor very badly on the hand.

The little son of Mr. Ben Royal was also badly bitten. He was playing with a dog and the dog seemed to be very mad and bit him in several places.

Mr. Mealor went at once to get the madstone owned by Mr. J. W. Pruitt, but found that it had been sent to Harmony Grove and is now used on those bitten in that place, who are under the care of Dr. Hardman.

Mr. Mealor will go up to Harmony Grove and try it on his wounds.

A Big Cotton Crop.

Athens, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—In conversation with one of the largest cotton buyers he says the outlook is better than he ever saw it for a big crop. He admits that the farmers have planted a great deal less, but the rains have fallen exacly right for it and there will be more raised than last year. The price, said the buyer, will be about 7 cents per pound, which will be a great hardship on the farmers, but they are better off than last year, for they will have plenty of corn, wheat, oats and fodder to run them two years. It is to be hoped that the trade this fall will be good, as money is now very scarce.

Dr. Burnett Nominated.

Douglasville, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The people's party nominated in mass meeting today Dr. G. W. Burnett for the legislature. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Very small; very easy to take; no pain; no griping; no purging. Try them.

These Qualities.

By the most elaborate researches, careful study and costly experiments Dr. Price has been enabled to give to the world the purest, strongest and most economical, natural and delicious fruit flavors in existence; free from all poisonous oils, ethers or artificial essences. It is these qualities that have created such a great demand for

Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Orange, etc.,

Flavors that retain all their delicate taste and freshness for an indefinite period.

SCRATCHED TEN MONTHS

A troublesome skin disease caused me to scratch for ten months, and was cured by a few days' use of S.S.S.
M. H. WOLFF,
Upper Marlboro, Md.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

I was cured some years ago of White Swelling in my leg by using S.S.S. and have had no symptoms of return of the disease. Many prominent physicians attended me and failed, but S. S. S. did the work.
PAUL W. KIRKPATRICK, Johnson City, Tenn.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

DELICATE WOMEN

Or Debilitated Women, should use

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

Every ingredient possesses superb Tonic properties and exerts a wonderful influence in toning up and strengthening her system, by driving through the proper channels all impurities. Health and strength guaranteed to result from its use.

"My wife, who was bedridden for eighteen months, after using *Bradfield's Female Regulator* for two months is getting well."
J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

An Eczema on a Boy

Sufferings Intense. Head nearly Raw. Body covered with Sores. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

I bought a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT one box of CUTICURA SALVE, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, for my son, aged thirteen years, who has been afflicted with eczema for a long time, and I am pleased to say that I believe the remedies have cured him. His sufferings were intense, his head being nearly raw, his ears being gone except the gristle, and his body was covered with sores. His condition was frightful to behold. The sores have now all disappeared, his skin is healthy, eyes bright, cheerful in disposition, and is working every day. My neighbors are witnesses to this remarkable cure, and the doubting ones are requested to call or write me, or any of my neighbors.
WM. S. STEPHENSON,
Winchester P. O., Union Co., N. C.

Stubborn Skin Disease

I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES for about four months for the treatment of a very stubborn case of skin disease, something like eczema. I will state I tried a great many other advertised remedies and had been treated by local physicians, and all to no purpose. The CUTICURA REMEDIES did the work, and my body when I commenced was absolutely covered.
E. D. McCLELEN,
Piedmont, Ala.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, internally, (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removing the cause), and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), speedily and permanently cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, scrofulous, and hereditary humors, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

WEAK, PAINFUL BACKS,

Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, the first and only pain-killing plaster.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

PURELY VEGETABL AND STRICTLY RELIABLE.

They act directly and promptly on the Liver and Stomach, restoring the constipated organs to healthy activity, and are a positive and perfectly Safe Cure for Constipation, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other diseases rising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach.

They are the ONLY RELIABLE VEGETABLE LIVER PILL SOLD; They are PERFECTLY HARMLESS; They are PURELY VEGETABLE; TRY THEM.

DR. SCHENCK'S Book on Consumption Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, sent Free. Dr. J.H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, P
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Notre Dame of Maryland

Collegiate Institute for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for Little Girls.
EMBLA P. O., near Baltimort, Md.
July 27, 2w—wed, sat, mon.

VIRGINIA FEMALE INSTITUTE, STAUNTON, VA., Mrs. Gen. J. E. B. STUART, Prin.

The Fall Session opens September 15. 1892. Best advantages in every department, with every home comfort and admirable care. For full particulars as to terms, etc., apply to the principal. July 27, 2w—wed, sat, mon
122 and 124 W. Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, September 22d, 30th year.
MRS. H. P. LEFEBVRE. Principal.
July 27, 2w—wed, sat, mon.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, Lexington, Va.—54th year. State military, scientific and technical school. Thorough courses in general and applied chemistry, and in engineering. Confers degree of graduate in academic course, also degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in Technical courses. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at rate of $36.50 per month, as an average for the four years, exclusive of outfit. New cadets report September 1st. General Scott Shipp, Superintendent.
july17-19t e o d.

INSTRUCTION

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Miss Hanna's school, No. 15 E. Cain, Miss B. H. Hanna, principal. A thoroughly graded school, conducted on the plan of the public schools. A fine corps of teachers has been secured, among whom may be noticed the name of Mrs. B. Mallon, so long favorably known as a teacher in this community. Departments of instrumental and vocal music will be in charge of Mrs. Sarah J. Hanna and Miss J. E. Kinney. Foreign languages will be taught in the Berlitz school, Professor Collonge, director. Send for catalogues or call at No. 15 E. Cain or No. 370 Spring street.
july17d to sep4

WASHINGTON & LEE UNIVERSITY, Lexington, Va.
Academic; Law; Engineering. Opens Sept 8. For Catalogue address G. W. C. LEE, President.

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WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY Lexington, Va. C. A. Graves, Prof. Com. and Stat Law. J. Randolph Tucker, Prof. Equity, Constitutional Law, etc. Opens Sept. 8. For Catalogue address G. W. C. LEE, President.

NEW YORK MILITARY ACADEMY. Col. C. J. Wright, B.S., A.M., Cornwall, N. Y.
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july8-d2m

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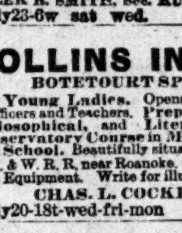
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Enrolled	104	243
Boarders	40	131
Music Pupils	68	177

ULER R. SMITH, Sec. RUFUS W. SMITH, Pres.
july23-6w sat wed.

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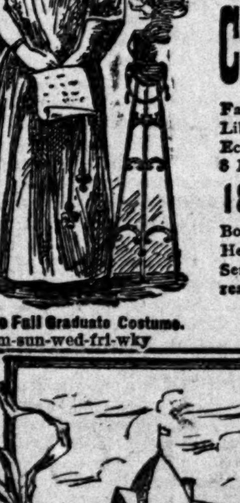
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july4—d10t mon wed fri

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July 1—d2m, eod.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL. Petersburg, Va.
The 28th Annual Session of this School for Boys begins 3rd of Oct. (1st Monday.) Thorough preparation for Univ. of Va., U. S. Military and Naval Academies, leading Engineering Schools and Colleges. For catalogue address W. GORDON McCABE, Head Master.
july 9 2-m e o d

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CHAS. C. COX, Pres't. LaGRANGE, GA.
july24-2m-sun-wed-fri-wky



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NOTICE.

All advertisements in our Want Column, such as "Lost," "Found," "Sales," "For Rent," "Boarders Wanted," "Business Chances," "Personal," "Help Wanted," etc., cost Ten Cents per line or fraction of a line each insertion. There are seven words to a line. No advertisement taken for less than the price of three lines. Advertisements must be in Business Office before 8 p. m. the day before publication, and must be paid for in advance.

HELP WANTED—Male

B—WANTED—Salesmen on salary or commission to handle the new patent chemical ink erasing pencil, the greatest selling novelty ever produced; erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 20 to 400 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days, another $32 in two hours. We want one general agent in each state and territory. For terms and full particulars address the Monroe Eraser Manufacturing Company, LaCrosse, Wis., X 16.

WANTED—A stenographer—boy not over eighteen—to make himself useful in the insurance office. State who you have served and salary you expect to start on. If you can't "spell," don't apply. P. O. Box 644.

WANTED—Detective in every town in the United States; extensive experience not required. Send for particulars. Universal Detective Agency, Box 1009, Chicago, Ill.
july24-6t.

WANTED—Turner and scroll sawyer by the D. A. Beckwith Furniture Company, Jacksonville, Fla. july24-4t.

TRAVELING salesman to sell baking powder. To the right men liberal salary and com contracts will be made. Experience not necessary. If you answer any ad in this column answer this one. U. S. Chemical Works, 840-846 VanBuren, Chicago.
july20-2w-wed-fri-sat

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—A few ladies can secure handsome salary for home work permitting other duties. Write W. Springsteen, Box 213, Chicago, Ill june 23—wed sat sun

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Position as governess, by a young lady graduate of one of our leading colleges and capable in every respect to fill this position. The best of references furnished. Address Susie J., care this office.
july 26—tues thur sun and wk

WANTED—Agents.

WANTED—At once, all over the states of Georgia, Florida and Alabama, good agents for standard subscription books, ladies or gentlemen. Salary and commission. Address with stamp, "Publisher," care Constitution.

AGENTS WANTED—On Zell's Encyclopedia, $30; Zell's Condensed Cyclopedia, $6.50, and Household Cyclopedia, $3. New editions, revised to date. For terms and territory, address T. Ellwood Zell, Publisher, Philadelphia, Pa. 2t

AGENTS WANTED—To sell the Magic Pocket camera; just out; price, 25 cents. Send for sample and price to agents. Biggest seller since the pocket bank craze. Do not let the other fellow get ahead of you. First come, first served. Magic Introduction Company, 321 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
July 24-2t sun wed.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—Young man with business capacity and ability to raise small capital, to engage and assist in safe and profitable business; money to be made and no loss possible to prudent party. J. H. H., 25 Whitehall street, city. sun-wed-fri-2wks

FOR LEASE—Long or short term. Grits and meal mill. Capacity 2,500 bushels daily. Switches and in good repair. Address the Droste Milling Co., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—A reliable man with influence and capital to organize a stock company for one of the best paying investments in the south. Big money and good position to right person. Thorough investigation solicited. Address, for one week, "Stock Company," care Contitution. July 27,—1w.

RESTAURANT—One-half undivided interest can be bought in a well paying restaurant. Party must take a position and know the business. Address, A., Constitution office.

LOST.

LOST—July 25th, a small brown pocketbook, containing $8.63, between Whitehall crossing and No. 94 N. Forsyth street. Please return to No. 94 N. Forsyth street.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—A pretty cottage on Luckie street, No. 152, between Harris and Cain, on electric car line. 6 rooms, gas and water, and stable. Bathroom, back and front veranda and hall. Nicely papered. $25. Apply Mrs. Burson, 54 Walton.

FOR RENT—Two nine-room houses on East Ellis street, Nos. 60 and 62; all modern conveniences. Rent reasonable. Call at No. 25 Houston street. sun wed

FOR RENT—8-room house, East Ellis street, few minutes' walk from postoffice. Apply C. E. Harman, Equitable Building.
July 24-8t

Rooms.

FOR RENT—Two suites of rooms over M. Rich & Bro.'s store, well lighted, in best condition for offices, dressmaking, etc. Immediate possession. Apply to M. Rich & Bros.
july15-d2w.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—Ediston hotel, Selma, Ala. Recently renovated; centrally located; has 30 rooms. Modern conveniences. Call or write for particulars. Beanet & Wise, P. O. Box 150, Selma, Ala.
july 19-1 m tues thur sat

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

THOUSANDS of feet of shafting, piping, flues, belting and pulleys; stock cheap. Lombard Iron Works, Augusta, Ga.
july-12-4w-tues thur sun.

PERSONAL.

OWEN, the new photographer, makes a specialty of babies and children, and makes a cabinet of groups at the same price as a single person; over Rich Bros.

M. J. WALKER, assistant official stenographer, of Atlanta circuit, solicits stenographic work and copying. 49 1-2 Whitehall street. 'Phone 587. may 6-3m sun wed

MARRIED LADIES— Send 10c for "Infallible Safeguard" (no medicine, no deception;) just what you want. Ladies Bazar, Kansas City, Mo. june 24-d6m

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee; Niagara Falls forty minutes away.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—The Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Co. will loan you money on city real estate at 8 per cent, on long time, repayable monthly. 51 N. Pryor street, Equitable building. R. H. Wilson, cashier. july15-d1m-sat-sun-wed

MONEY TO LOAN—We have $4,000 to loan on Atlanta property for a non-resident; money here; no delay. Harris & Nutting.
july23-1w-sat-sun-wed

STATE SAVINGS BANK, 34 West Alabama, conducts a general banking business; encourages small savings accounts. Interest on these at the rate of 5 per cent if remaining over 60 days.

MONEY TO LEND on improved real estate in or near Atlanta. S. Barnett, Equitable building, room 537, Pryor street and Edgewood avenue

BARKER & BOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 32 Gould building.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE ELMWOOD HOTEL, Marietta, Ga., under a new management, opens July 1st; twenty miles from Atlanta; ten passenger trains a day.
jun28-1m sun wed

FINANCIAL.

LIFE ENDOWMENT and Tontine Insurance policies purchased. Loans negotiated on same. Charles W. Seidell, 31-2 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. june 12 8-t, sun, wed.

WANTED—Money.

WANTED—To borrow about $4,500, security—first-class. No brokers. Address L. M., care Constitution.

STEVE R. JOHNSON & CO., Auctioneers.

Sale of Stock Pledged as Collateral.

The undersigned will sell, for cash, to the highest bidder, before the courthouse door of Fulton county, Georgia, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in August next, 43 4.416-10,000 shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, of the capital stock of James P. Harrison & Co., the certificates for which are numbered thirty-one (31), thirty-two (32), thirty-three (33), thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35), thirty-six (36), thirty-seven (37), thirty-eight (38) and thirty-nine (39), issued to James S. Lawton, now deceased, and having been, by him in his life time, transferred to Maddox, Rucker & Co. as collateral security for his indebtedness. Said indebtedness amounts to two thousand ($2,000) dollars, besides interest and 10 per cent attorneys' fees, as appears by the note of said Lawton, dated May 2, 1891, due six (6) months after date, and bearing 8 per cent interest from date. We have become the legal owners of said debt and collateral, by virtue of our succession to the rights of Maddox, Rucker & Co. therein. Notice of this sale has been given to the personal representatives of the said James S. Lawton, deceased.

Witness our hands and seals this June 29, 1892. MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.
By King & Anderson, Its Attorneys at Law.

THE GROWING CROPS.

The Situation as It Is Found Throughout Georgia Today.

THE WEATHER CROP BULLETIN

Issued by Observer Sherier of the Weather Bureau—The Bad Condition of Cotton—County Reports.

Reports from the southwest section of the state are, as a rule, very unfavorable, says the weather crop bulletin issued yesterday. Elsewhere there has been a marked improvement. The rainfall over the entire state has been mostly in showers, which have been very unequally distributed. Generally high temperatures have prevailed in all sections. The comparatively dry weather has allowed farmers to work their crops, which have been badly overrun by grass.

Cotton is undoubtedly in a worse condition than anything else and in some sections it is almost a failure, some correspondents reporting that not more than 50 per cent of an average yield can be expected. A change for the better has taken place in most of the northern counties, but owing to the excessive rain of the past few weeks there is a very sappy growth of weed in all sections. Some shedding and rusting are reported in the west and the lowland portion of the crop is in a very bad condition, the wet weather having prevented plowing. A better state of affairs exists in the central section. The stalks are of good size, but shedding is quite general and there are numerous complaints of rust and lice. No very favorable reports are received from any of the southern counties. Shedding seems to be more general than in other portions and the plant is not fruiting well. There is also an abundance of grass, which is proving very troublesome.

Corn seems to be flourishing everywhere except on the lowlands in some portions of the state, where it has been seriously injured by floods and the long spell of wet weather. High winds have also done considerable damage in some localities. The upland crop, however, is very fine, being far above the average in many places. It is about laid by and is filling out rapidly. Fodder pulling is general over the state.

The wet weather has also damaged the fruit in the southwestern section, while so much damage was caused by the rains of previous weeks in other portions of the state that the outlook is far less encouraging than it was several weeks ago. In some of the northeastern counties peaches are reported to be dropping badly, while in others the crop seems to be quite large and the shipments are very heavy, although many of them are of an inferior quality. Many of the apple orchards in this portion of the state are in fine condition and the grape crop is also good. In the western section peaches are very abundant and the quality of them is superior to those of the other sections. Many carloads have already been marketed, but the supply has by no means been exhausted. The apple trees in many localities are bending under their weight of fruit, which, though plentiful, is rather small. The pear shipments in the south have been much larger than was expected and large shipments are still being made from some localities, though the greater portion of the crop has been marketed. The peach crop in these counties is rather poor and complaints of rotting are very general.

The watermelon crop is a little short everywhere and the quality of the melons somewhat below the average, but fair shipments have been made and good prices received.

The threshing of wheat and oats is still in progress in the northern counties. In some localities large quantities of grain were lost by being left in the fields, where it was ruined, but as a rule the crop was well taken care of.

Large crops of peas and potatoes have been planted in all sections of the state and as yet nothing but the most encouraging reports have been received in regard to both. The season has been very favorable for the setting out of the potato plants, and as farmers were prevented from doing any other kind of work by the long-continued rains a large potato crop may be expected. Very favorable reports are received in regard to both rice and sugar cane.

Tobacco cutting is in progress in the southern portion of the state and it is being pushed forward as rapidly as the weather will permit.

Selected Reports from Correspondents.

Dade—The heaviest rainfall of the season which occurred on the 23d, caused considerable damage in the interior of the county, but crops are in fair condition, and wheat is better than was expected.

Gordon—We have had some sunshine during the past seven days, and the threshing of wheat and oats is under way once more. Corn and cotton are doing better, but both crops need more sunshine.

Carroll—All crops in this section are good. Corn is above the average, but the rains, during the early part of the month, damaged cotton. More sunshine is needed. Melons are backward. Fruit is fine, especially grapes and apples.

Fannin—Corn is laid by on uplands, and it is looking well, but the lowland crop is badly damaged. Small grain is also damaged by the wet weather. The hay crop is about the average. Potatoes are fine. The tobacco crop is the best that has been raised in this county for years.

Rabun—The week has been an excellent one for all growing crops, although there has been a trifle too much rain and not enough sunshine. A few farmers have finished working their corn, but it is not up to the average.

Clarke—We have had a few showers, but the weather, over the greater portion of the county, has been dry. Crops are in a promising condition, but cotton has been injured by excessive rains of previous weeks. Corn is about safe.

Harris—Rains have damaged cotton and prevented farmers from cleaning their crops. Potatoes, peas, cane and upland corn are doing well.

Schley—Cotton and corn have been injured by the late rains. Cotton is very grassy, and but little plowing has been done for three weeks. Corn and cotton on bottom lands are failures.

Macon—One hundred cars of peaches have been shipped. All crops are grassy, and cotton is shedding and rusting in places. Corn, though firing a little in some localities, is a splendid crop.

Newton—Crops of all kinds look well. Corn is about all laid by except that on late bottom lands. Early cotton is also being laid by. A large fruit crop is being realized. Truck patches and gardens are very fine.

Crawford—The past week has brought light showers and plenty of sunshine, and farmers are about done working cotton. Upland corn is made, and prospects are poor. Everything is improving.

Montgomery—We have had but four days this month without rain. The corn crop is fine, but late cotton is in the grass. Cotton is about 40 per cent below the average, while there is an average corn crop. Grass is above the average.

McDuffie—The excessive rains have caused some damage to cotton. The corn, pea and potato crops are excellent. Corn was never much better.

Jefferson—Farmers have had a very good week for killing grass, and they have taken advantage of it. Cotton has improved although it is still below the average. All other crops are doing well.

Tattnall—Nearly all crops are doing well just now. Corn is looking fine. Cotton is coming out since the weather has grown warmer. Fruit is rotting and falling from the trees. Potatoes, sugar cane, gardens, peas and truck patches are looking very well.

Randolph—All crops are very grassy, and cotton will have to be cultivated later than usual. The weed is full of sap, and there is danger of its being injured by deep plowing.

Baker—Corn, cane, peas and potatoes are all doing well, but cotton is 50 per cent off. The crop will be a failure in this county.

Thomas—Corn is in a better condition, and will likely prove a good yield. Tobacco cutting proceeds as rapidly as the weather will permit. We have nothing but bad reports from the cotton fields. A few melons and a large quantity of pears are being shipped.

Worth—Grass is doing no harm in this section. Fodder pulling has been commenced, and corn is above the average. The crop will be larger than it has been in four years. Potatoes, cane and small crops are all in good condition. Cotton is looking well, but it has been cut off a good deal by excessive rains.

Coffee—We are having too much rain for corn and cotton. Fodder pulling will be commenced soon.

Echols—Fodder pulling is now under headway. Cotton is falling off badly, and farmers are somewhat discouraged. Crops are very grassy.

Appling—Reports from all parts of this county are very encouraging. Crops are in a fine condition and growing rapidly. No injury has been done by rain this week.

McIntosh—We have been having frequent showers during the past week, and too much rain has fallen in some sections and not enough in others. About all of the sweet potato crop has been planted, and is doing well.

Pierce—The corn crop is very good, and fodder pulling has been commenced. Cotton is not looking well at present, but all other crops are in good condition.

Favorable Week in North Carolina.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Sixteenth Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin. For the Week Ending Monday, July 25, 1892. Central Office Raleigh, N. C.—The past week has generally been a very favorable one. During the first of the week the temperature continued slightly below the normal, but the last few days have been very warm, with plenty of sunshine. The nights also have been warm, which is very favorable for all crops. The average rainfall for the state during the week was 1.32 inches, which is slightly below the normal. Excessive rains occurred in the eastern district from Goldsboro east to New Bern and south to Wilmington, where some damage was caused. In the rest of the state the rainfall for the week was much below the average, except at two or three scattered stations.

Farmers have been able to accomplish considerable work this week. The threshing of wheat will be finished in a few days with a splendid yield nearly everywhere. Hay making has commenced.

Eastern District—There were heavy local rains during the first few days of the week, especially at and near Wilmington, which were injurious to all crops. Some few correspondents report fine weather and improvment in the condition of crops. Cotton small and backward; tobacco average. Some upland corn is turning yellow. The following rainfalls for the week are reported: Wilmington, 5.66 inches; Lewiston, 3.27; New Bern, 2.31; Goldsboro, 2.23; Lumberton, 0.82; Weldon, 0.83; Southport, 0.47.

Central District—All crops are doing well now, but cotton is generally small and poor. An excellent corn crop may be expected. Wheat is being threshed and the yield is good. The weather has been very favorable for laying by crops and most of the farmers are through with that work. Grapes are plentiful; tobacco average. Rains reported: Saxon, 0.14 inches; Greensboro, 0.27; Raleigh, 0.43; Oak Ridge, 0.32; Chapel Hill, 0.78; Douglas, 0.50.

Western District—There was some rain the first of the week, but generally the weather has been dry and very warm, with abundant sunshine, which has materially improved crops and enabled farmers to do necessary work. Threshing wheat will be over this week, with a splendid yield. Cotton is late, but considerably improved. Rains reported: Asheville, 1.18; Mount Pleasant, 1.28; Salisbury, 0.86; Statesville, 0.31; Charlotte, 0.77.

A MODEL PLANTATION.

The Success of a Farmer Whose Crops Are Diversified.

LaGrange, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—A few days ago we had the pleasure of visiting the magnificent plantation of Mr. C. D. Hudson, near Whitfield's, where he has a body of 1,000 acres of the finest land in the state. The plantation is in charge of Mr. J. W. Oliver, who is a model superintendent. On the place are a number of tenants, one old negro last year making twenty-three bales of cotton with one mule, enough corn to do him, and his crops promise to do as well for him this year. The crops worked by Mr. Hudson's wage hands are simply models. Under every hill of corn is a good supply of home-made compost, and every stalk of corn has growing by it a flourishing pea vine. One field of sixty acres in corn will make an average of from six to seven barrels to the acre, and there is plenty of cotton on the place which will make more than a bale to the acre.

This farm is conducted on a model system, and by terracing and fertilizing the lands are built up and are better and produce larger crops each succeeding year. Business principles govern everything, and the rules adopted are rigidly enforced. The result is the tenants and hands are well satisfied, the same tenants having been on the place for a number of years, and they are growing in prosperity each year.

The success of this large farm, where crops are diversified and rotated, thus making it self-sustaining in every sense of the word, demonstrates the fact that Mr. Hudson is one of the best farmers in the state, for his ideas prevail in everything out there, and everything, from a farming and business standpoint, is a success.

WHERE DID HE GET MONEY?

W. M. Carter Dies at Waycross—From Whom Did He Get Assistance?

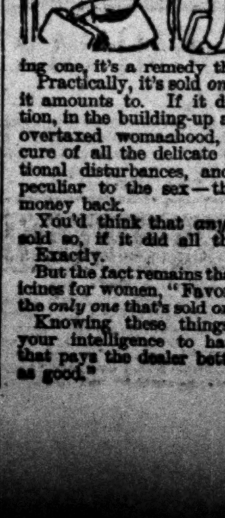
Waycross, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—Mr. W. M. Carter died at this place Saturday night and was buried Sunday at 5 o'clock p. m. in Lott cemetery. Mr. Carter has lived here about fifteen years and has never been known to speak of himself, his past life or of any of his connections. To the curious-minded people of this place Mr. Carter has long been an enigma. A few days before he died some one asked him if his parents were living and whether he had any brothers, sisters or relatives. He said that if he ever had any parents or other relatives he did not know of them. Mr. Carter was about thirty-five years old.

It has been a mystery to a good many people where and how he received the money he has spent during his stay here, as he has not had sufficient employment to have any income. He always seemed to be flush with money. Recently the report was circulated on the streets that Mr. Carter received a pension of $75 per month from a wealthy gentleman living in Chicago. This report says that during the great Chicago fire Mr. Carter saved the daughter of this wealthy gentleman from the flames, and the gentleman in his gratitude agreed to present Mr. Carter with $75 a month during his life. But however true the story is the poor man died in great poverty. He was cared for during his illness by the kind Christian people of the city. He was noted for his eccentricities throughout this section.

He lived a hermit among men.

Knights of the Golden Eagle.

Savannah, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The grand castle of the Knights of the Golden Eagle today elected the following officers: Past grand chief, A. N. Manuicy, Savannah; grand chief, W. B. Biddenback, Savannah; grand vice chief, C. C. Durgin, Macon; grand high priest, E. A. Gradot, Savannah; grand master of records, J. C. Bernhardt, Savannah; grand keeper of exchequer, J. C. Horron, Savannah; grand sir herald, S. L. Patterson, Pooler; grand first guardsman, T. W. Buck, Savannah; grand second guardsman, C. B. Mason, Atlanta; supreme representative, A. N. Manuicy, Savannah; trustees, J. F. Lubs, Savannah; C. T. Potts, Augusta; V. E. St. Cloud, Savannah.



Comes back—every cent that you've paid for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, if you have not found the help that you need. But, if you're a tired and feeble woman, or a delicate and ailing one, it's a remedy that's sure to give it.

Practically, it's sold *on trial*. That's what it amounts to. If it doesn't give satisfaction, in the building-up and strengthening of overtaxed womanhood, and the complete cure of all the delicate derangements, functional disturbances, and painful disorders peculiar to the sex—then you have your money back.

You'd think that *any* medicine could be sold so, if it did all that's claimed for it. Exactly.

But the fact remains that out of all the medicines for women, "Favorite Prescription" is the *only one* that's sold on such terms.

Knowing these things, it's an insult to your intelligence to have something else, that pays the dealer better, offered as "just as good."

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING.

For SICK HEADACHE,

Dizziness, or Swimming in the Head, Wind Pain, and Spasms at the Stomach, Pains in the Back, Gravel, and flying Pains in the Body, Rheumatism, etc.

Take four, five or even six of Beecham's Pills, and *in nine cases out of ten, they will give relief in twenty minutes*; for the pill will go direct to and remove the cause, *the cause* being no more nor less than wind, together with poisonous and noxious vapours, and sometimes unwholesome food.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Grand Excursion to Arkansas and Texas. August 2d, 3d and 4th, Round Trip Tickets, good for thirty days, via three Memphis routes, Little Rock and Cotton Belt R. R. Parties wishing to go send in names to secure sleeping car berths and they will be reserved. County maps of Arkansas and Texas mailed free. All information regarding excursion may be had from General Excursion Agent, who will make cheapest possible rate. "Peg" Williams, No. 42 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES

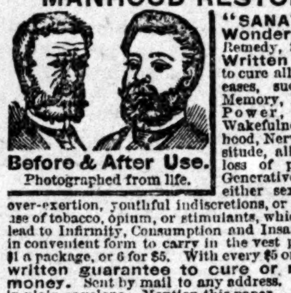
TRADE MARK.

Quality First and Always.



KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians, Manufacturers of Fine Spectacles and Eyeglasses and dealers in Scientific Instruments. Retail Salesroom, 54 Old Capitol, opposite Postoffice.

MANHOOD RESTORED.



Before & After Use. Photographed from life.

"SANATIVO," the Wonderful Spanish Remedy, is sold with a Written Guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Mention this paper. Address, MADRID CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A. 358 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE IN ATLANTA, GA., BY Chas. O. Tyner, Druggist, Marietta & Broad Sts. R. L. Palmer, Druggist, 18 Kimball House.

d-1y-a r m

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

POSITIVELY CURED BY THESE LITTLE PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Beware of Imitations and Ask for CARTER'S and see you get C-A-R-T-E-R-'S.



BEHIND TIME.

It's your own fault if you are behind time. There was a time when one watch was about all a whole family could afford, and when the purchase of a clock was almost as serious a matter as the purchase of a house is now. There isn't anything very formidable about the purchase of a clock or a watch in these days. The astonishing thing about timekeepers now is their cheapness, variety and excellence. Don't be behind time. There is not the least excuse for anything of the kind, when we are offering our entire stock of watches at a big reduction for the next thirty days.

A. L. DELKIN COMPANY, 69 Whitehall Street.

"O. O. P."

THE DISTILLERY BOTTLING OLD OSCAR PEPPER WHISKEY.

Perfection of Pure Hand Made Sour Mash Old and Mellow.

BLUTHENTHAL & BICKART,

"B & B."

44 & 46 Marietta St. 'Phone 378

SELLING AGENTS FOR "Canadian Club" Whiskey, Old Oscar Pepper, Joseph Schlitz Pilsener Milwaukee Beer.

Manitou GINGER Champagne

NON ALCOHOLIC

Strictly a Temperance Drink

A perfect summer beverage prepared after our own special formula, from the waters of the famous "Manitou" effervescent springs, with an absolutely pure ginger extract obtained direct from the root. The sale of this article is increasing very rapidly on its merits. It is superior to the ordinary ginger. Also for all purposes that that article is used for. Try the "Manitou" ginger champagne once, and you will use it always.

Unexcelled for Family, Club, Restaurant and Bar Uses. Packed in Convenient forms for Dealer and Consumer. Sold by Druggists and Grocers generally. The Trade supplied by Christian & Craft Grocery Company, 61 to 65 S. Commerce street, Mobile, Ala., and B. J. Semmes & Co., 297 Main street, Memphis, Tenn., General Agents.

Circulars sent on application to Manitou Mineral Water Company, Manitou, Col.

july24-d51t w6t eow

MONON ROUTE

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY. CO.

Are you going to Chicago, or any point in the northwest, via Chicago? If so, ask your ticket agent for tickets via Louisville, or via Cincinnati, and Indianapolis; Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Monon, positively the only line running Pullman vestibuled trains, electric-lighted, steam heated, with magnificent dining cars and compartment sleeping cars.

W. H. McDOEL, General Manager. JAMES BARKER, Gen. Pass. Agent

MIDSUMMER BARGAINS!

FULL AND COMPLETE

Bedroom, Parlor, Hall, Dining Room and Sitting Room Suits

In Hard Oak, Mahogany, Cherry, Birch, Sycamore, Prima Vera and Maple. Overstuffed Parlor in Brocatelle and Tapestry. Colonial Carved and Brocatelle Parlor in Oak and Mahogany. Leather Lounges, Black, Maroon and Olive, Leather Chairs, plain and Tufted to match. Cabinets, Folding Beds, Book Cases, Office Desks, Ladies' Desks, Card Tables, Chiffoniers, Shaving Stands. Dressing Cases, Music Racks, Swinging Mirrors and Hall Seats, Reed Rockers, Umbrella Stands, Invalids' Trays, Commodes, Bidets, Hall Stands, Pedestals, Easels, Cots, Pillows, Bolsters, Springs, Mattresses in Hair and Cotton, Linen and Cotton Sheets, Bolster and Pillow Cases and Bedding of all kinds. Largest stock in the Southern States.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

Our Buyer Is in Market and We Must Have Room.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

MURRELL'S LINE.

FROM BRUNSWICK TO LIVERPOOL AND BREMEN.

The Only South Atlantic Line to European Ports.

SHORT ROUTE TO EUROPE.

Commencing September 30th, 1892, the following Steamships will make regular sailings from Brunswick, Ga., to Liverpool and Bremen:

S. S. WIVENHOE,	1893 TONS,	CLARK,	Master.
S. S. HAYGREEN,	1869 TONS,	BLACKLAW,	Master.
S. S. J. M. LOCKWOOD,	1772 TONS,	JENKINS,	Master.
S. S. STORRA-LEE,	1734 TONS,	BAILEY,	Master.
S. S. DEERHILL,	1733 TONS,	BAINBRIDGE,	Master.

Additional Steamships will be placed on the line as business warrants.

S. S. Deerhill will sail from Liverpool to Brunswick September 1st.

S. S. Haygreen will sail from Brunswick for Liverpool September 30th.

Consignments solicited to all points in United Kingdom and Continent of Europe.

For Freight, Passage and general information, apply to

THE BRUNSWICK TERMINAL CO., GENERAL AGENTS, BRUNSWICK, GA., OR MESSRS. C. E. DEWOLF & CO., AGENTS, 28 BRUNSWICK ST., LIVERPOOL, ENG.

july 27-6m

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1892, of the condition of the

Aetna Life Insurance Co.,

Organized under the laws of the state of Connecticut, made to the governor of Georgia, pursuant to the laws of said state.

Principal office No. 218 Main street, Hartford, Conn.

I.—CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Amount of capital stock		$ 1,250,000.00
2. Amount of capital stock paid up in cash		1,250,000.00

II.—ASSETS.

1. Market value of real estate owned by the company	$565,690.00—	565,690.00
2. Loans on bonds and mortgages (first lien) on real estate		18,375,666.51
		45,600.00
3. Loans secured by pledge of bonds, stocks or other marketable collaterals		1,182,928.31
4. Loans made in cash to policy holders on this company's policies assigned as collateral		306,458.62
5. Premium notes, loans or liens on policies in force		971,139.14
6. Bonds and stocks owned absolutely, par value	$11,295,343.38	
Market value carried out		11,982,554.02
		74.89
7. Cash in company's office		327,666.94
8. Cash deposited in banks to credit of company		2,581,606.91
9. Cash in hands of agents in course of transmission		20,260.01
10. Interest due or accrued and unpaid, estimated		591,619.44
11. Agents' balances		5,878.30
12. Rents due or accrued and unpaid		383.12
13. Net amount of uncollected and estimated deferred premiums (deduction 20 per cent for average loading from gross amount)		574,890.45
13. All other assets, both real and personal, not included hereinbefore		359,396.76
Total assets		$37,825,504.40
		$37,891,822.42

III.—LIABILITIES.

1. Net present value of all outstanding policies in force	$31,516,642.00	
Deduct net value of risks of this company reinsured in other solvent companies	45,000.00	
		25,422.80
Net premium reserve	$31,471,642.00—	31,471,642.00
2. Matured endowments due and unpaid	$ 40,627.00	
	1,140.36	
3. Death losses and matured endowments in process of adjustment or adjusted and not due	242,948.00	
4. Death losses and other policy claims resisted by the company	1,500.00	
Total policy claims	$286,215.36—	286,215.36
5. Dividends declared and due and remaining unpaid; 6. Dividends declared but not yet due	Estimated	264,408.17
7. Amount of all other claims against the company		50,000.00
8. Cash capital		1,250,000.00
9. Surplus over all liabilities		4,544,134.09
Total liabilities		$37,891,822.42

IV.—INCOME DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF YEAR 1892.

1. Amount of cash premiums received—		
First premiums	$ 316,795.56	
Renewal premiums	1,979,059.78	
		34,494.93
	$2,295,855.34—	2,295,855.34
2. Amount of notes received for premiums		21,475.33
3. Interest received		422,059.47
4. Amount of income received from all other sources		80.00
Total income		$ 2,739,390.14
		$ 2,773,965.07

V.—DISBURSEMENTS DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF YEAR 1892.

1. Losses paid	$1,079,070.45	
2. Matured endowments paid	629,752.98	
Total	$1,708,823.43	
		19,407.60
Total amount actually paid for losses and matured endowments		1,708,823.43
4. Surrendered policies		160,503.29
5. Dividends paid to policy holders or others		370,090.95
		9,768.55
6. Expenses paid, including commissions to agents and officers' salaries		299,701.76
7. Taxes paid		101,611.66
		5,974.31
8. All other payments and expenditures		88,984.27
Total disbursements		$ 2,729,715.36
		$ 2,764,865.82
Greatest amount insured in any one risk		$ 25,000.00
Total amount of insurance outstanding		130,488,573.00

Certified copy of the act incorporating the company, filed in office of insurance commissioner of Georgia.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, COUNTY OF HARTFORD.—Personally appeared before the undersigned Morgan G. Bulkeley who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of the Etna Life Insurance Company and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. (Signed) M. G. BULKELEY, President.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 20th day of July, 1892

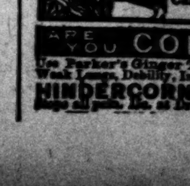
HENRY E. TAINTOR, a commissioner for Georgia in Connecticut.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

SAM'L W. GOODE. ALBERT L. BECK.

Sam'l W. Goode & Co.'s

Real Estate Offers.

$3,500 FOR 8-R. house on Nelson street, on lot 60x100 feet; first-class neighborhood, and all city improvements.

$3,500 BUYS a 7-r. house and lot 48x140 feet on Crew street; liberal terms.

$5,200 FOR NEW 8-r. two-story residence on corner lot 50x132 feet, on Loyd street.

$50 PER FRONT FOOT for the very choice of Jackson street, with depth of 145 feet; paved streets and sidewalks, water, gas, sewer and electric cars; handsome new houses being built on all sides; easy terms.

$350, PAYABLE $50 cash and balance easy monthly payments, for high level and shady lot 50x120 feet to 10-foot alley; very convenient to Capitol avenue and in first-class neighborhood.

$2,000, PAYABLE $200 cash and balance $25 a month, for new 5-r. cottage on large lot at Ormewood park, right on the dummy line and within easy walking distance of Grant park. The house has just been completed, and never occupied. It is of most beautiful design and most conveniently arranged and built in a strictly first-class manner. Call and let us show it to you.

$5,000 FOR VERY pretty 7-r. cottage close in, on Woodward avenue; lot 52x209 feet; liberal terms.

$2,750 for choice corner lot on S. Boulevard, this side Little Switzerland, overlooking Grant park; elevated and completely covered with fine oak grove; easy terms.

$13,000 BUYS ONE of the most attractive homes on the Boulevard, two stories, twenty-one rooms, handsomely finished, every modern convenience; large and roomy barn and stable; beautiful corner lot 85x200 feet. Easy terms. Decidedly the best home for the money on the market on the north side.

$1,000 PER FRONT foot buys one of the most valuable central business lots in the city. Well built three-story brick building that will pay a good rate of interest on the investment.

PONCE DE LEON, Boulevard and Jackson street lots in great variety and at prices that will suit you. Call and get list.

$800 FOR BEAUTIFUL S. Boulevard lot, 55x190 feet to ten-foot alley, right at Grant park and on the dummy line; high and level and covered with oak grove; easy payments.

$1,000 EACH FOR two centrally located north side lots, half block from Spring street and electric car line, and in first-class locality; very cheap.

$200 EACH for a number of very pretty lots, 50x180 feet each, at Decatur, convenient to Agnes Scott seminary, the Georgia railroad depot and the dummy line; level and shady; easy terms. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

A. J. WEST & CO.,

Real Estate!

A SURE profit of $1,000 right away in this—Lot 64x216, on Hilliard street, containing two good houses, paying fair rents and room for several more; only $600 cash, balance $32.65 per month.

MANUFACTURING SITE, fronting 200 feet on Western and Atlantic railroad, this side Boyd & Baxter's; only $30 per front foot; long time.

FOUR LOVELY LOTS, Georgia avenue, 50x150 each; beautiful view; $1,250 each for inside ones and $1,500 for corner.

TEN ACRES opposite Baptist Orphans' home property, near Van Winkle's, the cheapest land similarly located about Atlanta, $4,000.

EIGHT ACRES, corporate limits of West End, well located, $5,500.

THE HOTTER the weather the harder we work; make four or five customers happy every week. If you wish to borrow money or make your expenses to the lakes of the north or Europe, call on us.

A. J. WEST & CO.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate. Real Estate

$95—Front foot for some of the best and prettiest property on West Peachtree—reduced from $105. This property is a fine investment. Come, see it.

$5,500—For a 7-room house, in elegant order, on one of the best cross streets in north Atlanta. Lot is 70 feet front. A bargain in a home.

$3,000—7-room house and lot, near Cain street.

$1,000—Front foot for desirable Whitehall street property, on which is a 2-story brick store. This property is near Mitchell street.

$2,500—Nice, new, 6-room cottage, on Gullatt street.

$2,100—Nice 5-room house and lot, on Georgia avenue.

$3,000—Courtland avenue lot, near Ellis.

$2,250—Spring street lot, beautifully located.

$4,350—Piedmont avenue lot, near Fifth street, east front, nice shade. Cheapest on street.

$4,500—80x190, beautifully shaded lot, on Juniper street; lies elegantly.

$6,500—Beautiful Jackson street home, eight rooms and lot 50x150, east front, near street.

$3,700—New 11-room house at Decatur, on lot 150 feet front, near railroad and dummy.

$4,000—House, 7-rooms, and lot 60x142, on Woodward avenue, between Washington and Crew.

$4,000—Beautiful Washington street lot, near Clarke street. Cheaper than any offered.

$3,250—80-foot front lot, on Edgewood avenue, in Inman Park. Offered cheap.

$1,350—Mills street lot, 60 feet front. A bargain.

$3,500—1 1-2 acres and 5-room cottage at depot at Decatur. A sacrifice.

We have anything in property you want. Office 12 E. Alabama street. Telephone 363.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

J. A. SCOTT. ISAAC LIEBMAN.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agents,

No. 28 Peachtree Street.

$5,500 BUYS 12-room brick house, corner lot, on Luckie, rented now for $45 per month. Will take small house and lot as part payment.

$1,800 buys nice cottage, corner lot, 50x161, on Wyly street, just beyond Colonel Hulsey's home; $200 cash, balance $15 per month. Cheaper than rent.

$2,250 buys 4-room house, lot 50x160, on Love street, near Washington street, 1-2 cash, balance easy.

$2,000 buys 8-room house, water and gas, lot 40x125, alley on side, on Hood street, $1,025 cash, $250 in september, 1892, balance $25 per month. Rents for $20 per month.

$4,500 buys new 2-story 7-room house on Jackson street, back to another street, nice home in elegant neighborhood. $1,500 cash, balance $50 per month.

$2,250 buys 5-room house, new, on Dunlap street, near Jackson street. $500 cash, balance $25 per month.

$1,250 buys 5-room house on East avenue, $250 cash, balance $20 per month.

$4,000 buys new 2-story 7-room house, lot 50x200, on Morrison avenue. $1,000 cash, balance $50 per month.

$800 buys 3-room house, lot 36x100, on North Butler street, 1-2 cash, balance easy.

$2,800 buys 8-room house, lot 50x150, on E. Cain street. $1,500 cash, balance easy.

$2,500 buys 5-room house, corner lot, on Simpson street, close in, good neighborhood, rents for $25 per month.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN, 28 Peachtree Street.

ROBERTS & M'CRORY,

14 S. Broad St., next to Corner Alabama St.

5 ACRES, fronting West Point railroad, between East Point and Manchester, for only $2,400.

100 ACRES between Manchester and Hapeville for $2,500.

340 ACRES, twelve miles from carshed and one and one-half miles from Georgia railroad for $3,500.

460 ACRES on Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad, twenty miles from Atlanta, for $5,000; this includes 9-room, 2-story dwelling, four tenant houses, two 3-story barns, ginhouse and gin, twelve-horse power engine, etc.; a great bargain.

20 ACRES, two and one-quarter miles from carshed, for $500 per acre; electric cars run by it.

WE HAVE for sale over three thousand pieces of real estate; we have four beautiful suburban homes that we are anxious to sell cheap; we have homes in the city ranging to price from $1,000 to $40,000; you may lose something if you fail to see our list before buying; we have some brand new houses, elegant and modern, on the best streets in the city, that we want to show you.

ROBERTS & M'CRORY.

G. W. ADAIR, FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR.

Real Estate.

14 Wall Street, Kimball House.

I have a large and attractive rent list, embracing stores and offices in the

Kiser Law Building

Corner Pryor and Hunter streets. The stores are admirably adapted to any retail or wholesale business, or for a bank. The offices are conveniently arranged, well lighted and ventilated, have steam heat and first-class elevator service.

Diagram of building in my office. Call at once and select an office. G. W. ADAIR.

Ware & Owens,

17 S. Broad, Cor. Alabama St.

$4,500—10-r, two-story, brand new modern residence within the shadows of state capitol, 50x200, side and back alley, all street improvements; very cheap.

$5,500—6-r cottage, new and well built and handsomely finished, spacious veranda, cabinet mantels, clubhouse grates, water, gas, belgian blocks, electric cars, 60 feet east front; one of the best neighborhoods in the city.

$2,650—4 vacant lots on Georgia ave., one block from Pryor street, nice shade and corner; you want to see this.

$1,000—5-r house on Pearl st., near car line, cost $1,400, new and very cheap; come at once.

10 acres—3 1-2 miles out, for only $1,100; this is a great snap, and is sure to double in value. "Come a running."

$3,200—Houston street, 100 feet front, property renting for $30 per month, good part of street; cheap.

$1,500—Decatur, 22x90 to alley, you can make money on this.

$1,000—Good 4-r cottage, McAfee st., very cheap.

$3,000—5-r cottage, E. Cain, near Jackson, corner lot, belgian block.

$4,500—7-r house 2 story Wheat st., close in; very reasonable.

$1,850—Hill st., corner Woodward ave., 50x150 to alley.

THE CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA, GA., July 27, 1892.

Hurting Themselves.

It is generally understood that the people's party in this state—indeed, in all the southern states—will not hesitate to combine and fuse with the republican party, and we hear that arrangements have already been made looking to that result.

We believe that such a movement as this will not meet the approval of a majority of those farmers who have been deluded into deserting the democratic party under the idea that by some process or other not fully set forth all their debts are to be paid and their stockings filled with money. And yet the fusion of the people's party with the republicans is the obvious, the necessary step. It is the logic of the situation. The moment that a white man in Georgia finds himself opposing the party which he has strengthened by his support, that moment he is furthering the interests of republicanism, and giving aid and sympathy to the organization which, having failed to reconstruct the south, is now striving to make up for that failure by placing the election precincts in control of federal deputy marshals.

There is no escape from that position by those who are now opposing the democratic party. Whether they desire it or not, they are acting with the republican party, and contributing to make it powerful enough to carry out its purposes in this section. We do not believe that the farmers of Georgia, who have been deceived into deserting the democratic party, have any clear idea of the logical result of the step they are taking. We do not believe it is their purpose to place the republican party in power even by proxy, and we believe that when their eyes are opened they will return to their democratic allegiance.

The farmers have nothing whatever to hope for in the people's party movement; they have nothing whatever to gain, but everything to lose. The utmost they can hope for is to weaken and divide the democratic party, and in accomplishing that they tear down the only barrier that stands between the white people and negro domination. There is not an honest man in the state in favor of that result, and yet only in this direction can the people's party be successful.

Not only are the farmers who propose to act with the people's party striking a blow at social order in the south, but they are giving a black eye to the movement in favor of financial relief and reform. They are tightening the grip of Wall street on financial legislation, and are preparing to postpone every legislative reform that common sense suggests.

When the democratic party is weakened and divided, who will be the greatest sufferers? We leave that inquiry to be answered by the men who declare that their troubles are already so great they cannot stay in the democratic party.

The Hot Wave.

The weather map which The Constitution reproduces from day to day is a very interesting study. Only one other newspaper in the country, we believe—The New York World—makes a special feature of printing this map, and The World borrowed both the idea and the method from The Constitution. The process, however, is very simple. Every day the artist of The Constitution prepares an outline of the map, which is sent to the weather bureau here. At 11 o'clock p. m., the official in charge receives his report and fills in the outline. The plate thus prepared is returned to The Constitution office, and, in a very few moments has been reproduced in type-metal ready for printing. Our readers who take an interest in the matter are thus enabled to see at a glance what the weather has been during the preceding twenty-four hours and what it is likely to be during the next twelve.

Though the weather map is interesting at all times, it has been of special interest during the past few days, the lines of temperature showing beyond all question that Atlanta and the south possess remarkable advantages over the north when a hot wave comes sweeping over the country.

On Friday, Atlanta had a maximum of 90 degrees, while at St. Louis, Omaha and Denver and all the northwestern region the thermometer registered considerably above 90 degrees. On Saturday, the conditions were so marked that the officer in charge of the bureau here took occasion to comment on them in his report.

"A fact worthy of notice," he says, "is that, excepting North Dakota and New York state, Georgia and Alabama were the coolest portions of the country. At 8 o'clock in the evening (Saturday) Atlanta and Montgomery had a temperature of only 78 degrees, while throughout the central Mississippi valley, as far north as Chicago, temperatures of 90 degrees were reported."

Yesterday's report for Monday "showed a continuation of the heat that has pervaded the whole country during the past week. Though the day was warm in Georgia, the maximum temperatures averaging 91 degrees, yet nearly all the states in the north had maximums several degrees higher. For instance, in Atlanta, the maximum was 86, while in St. Louis, Chicago, Detroit and New York city, the temperature went up as high as 94."

This shows that the south—particularly the Piedmont region, has advantages over the rest of the country the year round, summer as well as winter. The present hot wave is making itself felt in the south, it is true, but we have no such high temperatures as the north and northwest are experiencing. We have no sunstrokes and nobody has been prostrated by the heat.

In the north, and especially in the northwest, the people are suffering. The mercury touches 110 in Louisville, and the Rev. George C. Smith, of that city, was overcome and fell in his pulpit. In Cincinnati many persons have been prostrated, and one case was fatal. In Chicago twenty-five sunstrokes and two deaths in one day are reported. New York and New England are sizzling under the intense rays of the sun, and a wall of distress goes up from sweltering humanity.

Only in the south do people manage to keep tolerably cool and comfortable during this torrid spell. Our summers are long, it is true, but they never bring with them the fatal heat so common in the north, and sunstrokes are unknown in this region. In the future, when these things are better understood, a summer trip southward will be the popular fad with northern tourists.

Direct Trade in Sight.

Our readers will see in another column the authoritative announcement that the Murrell line of steamships will begin to sail regularly from Brunswick, Ga., to Liverpool and Bremen on September 30th.

The Brunswick Terminal Company, general agents of this line, solicit consignments to all points in Europe, and will answer all inquiries about freight and passage.

This looks like business. It means that direct trade with Europe is about to be opened in earnest. With the steamships ready to do their part, it only remains for our people, business men and railroads to co-operate. It is not likely that the opportunity will be neglected. We must make the best of it, increase our trade, build up our Atlantic seaports, and get in touch with the outside world. There is no good reason why the teeming products of the south and west should all go through New York to Europe, and no reason why our imports should come through the same distant gateway.

The Narrow Man.

Without the narrow man, the world would be unbearably tame and commonplace.

The narrow man has positive views, and he maintains them; he has the courage of his convictions, and he puts in his work for them.

In politics he is ever ready to do his duty until the last vote is counted. He has no doubts and no fears, but predicts the success of his party and his candidate with a breezy confidence that carries terror into the enemy's camp. He knows just how his state and county will go, and figures out their majorities in advance. The most alarming reports do not disturb his placid serenity, and he laughs them down. If anything in the party platform needs a satisfactory explanation, he is the man to give it.

Nor is the narrow man less useful in other fields outside of the domain of politics. He is a power in the business world. He is the active leader in the reforms that revolutionize the world. The broad man in his study, conscientiously trying to get to the bottom of a great question, gets muddled and is silent when he should speak, and inactive when he should be at work. When his counsel is needed he makes an assertion, then qualifies it; suggests a line of policy, then hedges; utters a ringing declaration, and then balances it with an "if" or a "however."

Always dreaming and never doing—seeking the right and finding it too late—splitting hairs when he should be striking decisive blows—this is the broad man.

The narrow man is ridiculed and abused, and has hosts of enemies, whereas the broad man is praised as an ideal citizen. And yet the narrow man does the work and gets there. He gives the world some of its greatest inventions, and makes the greatest discoveries. With the enthusiasm of Peter the Hermit he heads crusades, smashes old errors and organizes new systems.

But there are all sorts of narrow men. We have described the best type. One with no will power, or with pessimistic or wicked tendencies may accomplish nothing good. The successful narrow man, as a rule, believes that he is right. He has faith in himself and in his work, and oftentimes his very boldness and the apparent hopelessness of his enterprises confuse men and leave them floundering about in a state of uncertainty, while he goes straight on to his object.

Still, the broad man has his uses; so has the encyclopedia. Both will supply all the generalities that are needed, whether glittering or otherwise. The narrow man, however, is an unconscious specialist. He has one idea or one set of ideas, and he is good for one line of work. When such a man is hitched to an opportunity he will put a girdle around the globe before the broad man has cleared his throat. It is a very pretty study—the contemplation of these two types, and the object lessons may be found in every community.

The Alabama Campaign.

Within the past few days the democratic outlook in Alabama has grown much brighter.

The large and enthusiastic mass meeting of democrats at Birmingham last Monday has encouraged the party throughout the state, and a little active work will re-elect Governor Jones next Monday.

Chairman Bowman, of Kolb's committee, has seriously injured the chances of his candidate by his violent utterances at Opelika and other places. In some counties there is intense race prejudice, and in these localities Bowman's speeches will roll up good majorities for Jones.

It is now admitted that Jones's committee made a bad mistake in demanding the "purging" of the county tickets to eliminate the alliance-Kolb element from the democratic tickets for county officers. Kolb is making the most of this, and it will greatly reduce Jones's vote.

The Montgomery Journal says of the situation:

Monday morning the battle of ballots will begin, and will end before the setting of the Monday's sun. But it will take several days to get reliable information from many of the counties. Perhaps it will be a week or ten days, or even longer, before Governor Jones's majority is known. The vote of several counties will be close, and many will be contested, not so much, perhaps, on account of the vote for governor as on account of the county offices involved; and, of course, the courts will be called upon to determine the result. In no election since Alabama was redeemed from republican misrule has so much bad blood been wrought up in a campaign as in the present one, and the scramble for county offices has added its full quota to bringing about the present excitement throughout the state.

It will be a hot, close contest, and the result is looked for with great interest all over the country.

Blue Law Nonsense.

A few days ago, in Bridgeport, Conn., a citizen was arrested on a warrant which charged:

That in the town of Fairfield, the day being July 17, 1892, the day being the Sabbath, or Lord's day, said Jeremiah B. Osborne, between sunrise and sunset, engaged in vain sport and recreation by then and there riding about said town upon a certain vehicle known as a bicycle, to the great disturbance of the good people of the state, and against the peace and contrary to the form of statute in such cases made and provided.

This reads like a chapter from the history of the old blue law days. Why should the bicycle be regarded as an unholy vehicle? Why should it disturb good people any more than a handsome team of fast horses?

We hope that the American Sabbath will always be properly observed, but we fear that Bridgeport has made a mistake. Such extreme methods vex the people, stir up resentment and provoke lawlessness. The proper observance of the Sabbath is best promoted by educating public opinion up to the Christian standard.

Mr. Cleveland's latest photograph shows that he is of a very healthy turn of mind.

Perhaps Mr. Harrison would be fatter if he had a broader mind.

A man has been arrested at Fairfield, Conn., for riding a bicycle on Sunday. This is a mild form of punishment. A while ago he would have been hanged as a wizard.

The New York Tribune is now posing as a labor organ.

A republican chewing gum manufacturer has been nominated for congress in Ohio. The democrats should even up things by putting up a soda water man.

Nominations are the order of the day, but we do not see any account of the nomination of a negro to congress by the northern republicans. Colonel Cockerill should look into this.

Mr. Gladstone is taking a rest, and yet he is not as tired as his opponents.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

When a brainy man of business turns his attention to literature he frequently succeeds better than his more cultured competitors. Gunter is a case in point, and now Benjamin R. Davenport, a southerner, residing in New York, is attracting attention by his short stories. The Morning Advertiser says of him: "Who would ever have supposed that 'Ben' Davenport, as everybody knows him, from Boston to the business end of the California peninsula, would take to writing 'short stories' and romances—and, above all, stories fairly brimming with a kind of deep, uncommon pathos, a strong, modern American sentiment? The last man one would accuse of harboring a tender, almost womanish, sympathy for the sad-eyed side of humanity—that is, without knowing him well. Then he is felt to be a fountain of generous impulses and manly, chivalrous sentiments. A curious fellow, and full of surprises, is Ben Davenport. The wonder is that he never undertakes anything without getting out of it a greater measure of success than most men. Lawyer, miner, speculator, promoter, publisher, and, lastly, author, it is always the same. Always a record of singular successes—a veritable American 'Gil Blas,' and always on the verge of new worlds fit for conquering; in every undertaking known to the restless and versatile American nature, and yet always with profit to show on his balance sheet. Literature has proved the pitfall for many a brilliant man who essayed its thorny paths after venturing far and wide in other fields, but in this Davenport is, as usual the master, not the slave. An unusual combination that—shrewd business man, shrewd author—yet he is both."

The alleged anarchists supposed to be implicated in the murderous assault upon Mr. Frick should be run down, and if convicted they should be hanged. These enemies of society need a lesson. They have been allowed too much freedom of late.

A Boston man writing from Asheville, N. C., says that the negroes are not as well provided for now as they were when they were slaves. He adds: "It is safe to say that there are as many slaves in the country today as before the war, and they are not all of black skin nor living in the south."

Mr. Frick has certainly shown nerve and grit before and since the attempt to assassinate him. It is rumored that attempts have been made to poison the entire Frick family.

The New York Sun boldly charges that the attempted assassination of Mr. Frick was the result of the teachings of The World. The latter paper suggests that the deed was due to the intimation of The Sun two weeks ago that Mr. Frick was in danger of being murdered for the bold stand he had taken. Editors Dana and Pulitzer have raised the black flag, and it is war to the knife between them, with the odds in favor of Dana.

Mr. Carnegie was doubtless surprised the other day when a large meeting of labor representatives in London denounced his conduct in the Homestead affair, and adopted a resolution advising English workingmen to show their detestation of him by contemptuously rejecting any donations he may offer them in future. The iron king may find public opinion an unpleasant thing to confront on both sides of the sea, and he may have to take a trip around the world to escape this sort of annoyance.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Just Try It!

When you're leavin' home at sunup, get a melon ripe an' roun'
That thumps—but 'taint a bit o' use to tell,
For I mean one o' them fellows that jes' covers up the groun'—
An' drop it, kinder easy, in the well.
Then go about your business, an' when you kinder see
The shadder o' the sun straight in the lead;
Jes' haul your melon out agen—git under some cool tree
An' thank the Lord you're livin' an'—proceed!

Tough, but He Did It.

"I want to take your paper," said the stranger, "an' as I hain't got no money I thought I'd strike a trade with you. Runnin' fer coroner, ain't you?"

"Yes."

"How much do you give for votes?"

"Fifty cents apiece."

"An' how much is your paper?"

"One dollar a year."

"It's tough," sighed the man, "that I've got to vote twice fer one durned paper; but jes' put my name down an' trot out yer tickets!"

A Receipt for Town Making.

One moonlight still behind a hill;
A railroad grading down;
Boom—real estate—a candidate,
And then—behold your town!

While the Georgia editors are snowballing each other on Pike's Peak the poor delinquent subscriber is making a miserable effort to enjoy himself on the savings of seven years unpaid subscription at a cheap summer resort in his native state.

The Jimtown Journal is endeavoring to wake the echoes in Troup county. It is a humorous rival of The 'Possum Trot Gazette, which now holds forth in Floyd county, and threatens to dispute the field with the Rome journalists.

The Editor's Journal.

A journal kept by one of the editors on the western excursion reads as follows:

Monday—Royally received. Money no object. Everything free.

Tuesday—Royal time. Whole town turned out to meet us. Money still no object.

Wednesday—The mayor made a speech to us and gave banquet. Money not wanted, but plenty of it if it was.

Thursday—Homeward bound. Not feeling in good spirits. Cash low.

Friday—Reach home tomorrow. Creditors waiting. Tough world!

Saturday—Home again. Brethren, we need money!

ETCHED AND SKETCHED.

On his return from the Chicago convention, Mr. Clark Howell, as managing editor of The Constitution, wrote a personal letter to Mr. Cleveland, stating that whatever differences might have existed among the democrats of Georgia as to who should be nominated, were harmonized by the arbitrament of the national convention, and giving assurance of the cordial support of The Constitution and of those who, like himself, had vigorously opposed Mr. Cleveland's nomination on the ground that party success could be better assured by recognizing what appeared to be the insurmountable opposition to him in New York.

In reply to Mr. Howell's letter Mr. Cleveland addressed, in his own handwriting, the following reply:

Clark Howell—My Dear Sir: The receipt of your letter has gratified me exceedingly. It has a tone of true democracy about it, and is pervaded with the sort of democratic frankness which is very pleasing.

I thing the underlying principle of party organization is what you so admirably express as an acceptance of the "arbitrament of the national convention." On the other hand it is as fully the duty of the one opposed to shut his mind and heart to any feeling of irritation or resentment that might be allowed to grow out of opposition, based upon honest judgment and a conscientious desire for party success.

I am not surprised, though I am gratified, by the assurance that to the close of the campaign your own service, and the invaluable influence of The Constitution, will be devoted to the fight for democratic success.

It honestly seems to me that the democrats who are not at this time loyal to the cause are recreant to their country.

Personal advancement of men is nothing; the triumph of the principles we advocate is everything.

Hoping that we may congratulate each other on a glorious result in November, I am yours sincerely, GROVER CLEVELAND.

GEORGIA POLITICAL NOTES.

Two weeks ago The People's Party paper, published in Atlanta, contained a report of a political meeting in Wilkes. This report is made the subject of a salty editorial from the pen of Editor K. J. Hawkins, of The Gibson Record. Editor Hawkins is the man who recently withdrew from the third party, returning to the democratic party. At this reported political meeting in Wilkes county orators from both sides were present. A Mr. Irwin, of Washington, made a democratic speech, during the course of which he took occasion to refer to Mr. Hawkins, appealing to his audience to do "as Editor Hawkins, of Gibson had done—return to the fold of democracy, and have the manhood to publish it as he did." Judge Ben Gross was present, and when Irwin had finished he said, or was reported to have said:

"I hope my friend doesn't want these people to do like Editor Hawkins, who was a red-hot third party advocate up to the time of the famous Gibson speeches of Northen, Atkinson and Gordon, when he boarded the little narrow gauge train and went off in company with these gentlemen. When Hawkins returned to Gibson he was able to pay a nine-months' board bill, and publish that he's a democrat."

Replying to the above, Editor Hawkins says in his paper, The Gibson Record:

"No trade was made, and the man who insinuates to the contrary is a deliberate slanderer. As to the 'nine-months' board bill,' that is a Gross, deliberate, infamous and ridiculous lie. But hold on, maybe we are too fast. Gross backed himself up in a corner in Atlanta the other day and said to us, 'I didn't say it.' We were in Atlanta last week and happened to stumble up on this weakling. We asked him about that mighty oration in Wilkes. Here is his answer: 'I have no recollection of referring to any board bill at all. And what I stated about you going off on the train, I simply gave it as a flying rumor. I never attacked you, I only indulged in a little pleasantry.' If it is like Gross stated to us, then Gross is not guilty, but if the correspondent to The People's Party Paper told the truth, then Gross is a liar for stating it, and a coward for denying it to us."

Of the work which Mr. Watson has undertaken in the third district The Savannah News says editorially:

"Judge Crisp's view of the situation is yet to be ascertained, but it is likely that he would welcome an opportunity to meet Mr. Watson on the stump. He is well equipped for such meeting and is probably in a condition of body and mind that it would do him good to get out among the people, where he could stretch his limbs and give free expression to the opinions that he has had to keep to himself while he listened to the other fellows talk. While Mr. Watson is attempting to scalp Judge Crisp in the third district, there will be some interesting things going on in the tenth. Colonel Black and his friends have not been idle; nor are they going to be, and it is within the range of probabilities that Mr. Watson will return from his attempt to raise the hair of a baldheaded enemy to find his own auburn scalp-lock dangling from Mr. Black's belt."

The Athens Banner says there is some dissatisfaction with the primary election held there Saturday to decide who will fill the county offices for the next two years, and advises the people to accept the result in good faith. The Banner says the nominees are good men and will fill the offices with credit to themselves and the county. The only candidates who had opposition were Treasurer O'Farrell and Tax Receiver Sims, who are held high in the esteem of the people. Mr. O'Farrell was nominated over Mr. Turner, while Mr. Sims was defeated by Mr. Carter. The ticket nominated will be elected in the January election.

An article in The Macon News insinuating that Wall street money would be used to control Bibb's legislative primary caused a slight flurry in Macon. Major Bacon is The News' candidate, and the article referred to stated that Wall street money would be used to defeat him. Other advices from Macon state that the Wall street rumor is groundless. It is not yet definitely known that Major Bacon will enter the race. Three candidates have now announced. Hodges, Davis and Patterson. They are all popular gentlemen and have gone into the race in fine style. Hon. J. T. Boifeuillet, Major A. O. Bacon, Colonel Dan Hughes, Hon. W. A. Huff, Mr. Jim Schofield and Mr. Marion W. Harris are being freely discussed, and it is altogether probable that several of this number will enter the race in a day or two.

Mr. K. J. Hawkins, of The Gibson Record, who recently denounced the third party and returned to the democratic ranks, says:

"Some of those who denounced us for leaving the third party have returned and given us their hands in friendship. The day will come when all will concede that we were right."

A Truthful Man.

From The Buffalo Enquirer.

He mistook her for his sister;
In the darkened hall he kissed her—
He implanted sixteen kisses on her darling bobbing head.
When she exclaimed: "My goodness!"
He explained his seeming rudeness;
He mistook her for his sister—or at least that's what he said.

THE MANUFACTORIES.

A Meeting of the Tax Committee Will Settle Rates.

BANKERS ALL FAVOR ENCOURAGEMENT.

They Say Atlanta Owes Too Much to Her Manufactories to Drive Them Out with Heavy Taxation.

There was to have been a meeting of the tax committee of the general council yesterday, but for reasons that prevented it was postponed until a later date.

The committee will in all probability give a recommendation to the general council for a reduction of taxes on the manufactories of the city.

Much has been said lately in favor of such a course, and the pride and enterprise of the Atlanta citizen is such that will rise up and settle this question in favor of continued prosperity.

One thing is reduced to a dead certainty.

The bankers of Atlanta are thoroughly in sympathy with The Constitution's endeavor to secure from the city authorities better encouragement for the manufactories of Atlanta.

If there is any one class of business men who ought to know better than the manufacturers themselves how great a part these industrial pursuits play in the up-building of a city it is the bankers. They hold the books upon which is written the secret of every city's success. They keep the accounts of the manufacturers and know just how much money each one of them brings to Atlanta and distributes here among the laboring classes.

Knowing these things they are certainly capable of fixing a proper value upon the city's industries and are fully apprised of the grave duty of the citizens to foster and protect them.

Banker Romare Talks.

Mr. Paul Romare, vice president of the Atlanta National bank, is enthusiastically in favor of the city authorities giving every possible encourngement to the manufactories. He declares that he cannot be quoted too strongly in friendliness for the men who are building Atlanta up into the metropolis of the whole south.

"It is a fact worthy of serious consideration," said he yesterday, "that the factories and machine shops of Atlanta have made her what she is. They have brought population and wealth here. The people they bring are of a good class—they are honest, hard-working laborers who work for their living and do not loaf.

"Therefore, Atlanta should not intentionally or unintentionally drive a single factory or industrial establishment from her gates. Rather should she get more to come here. Now, just what is the best way to do this I am not able to say, but I do feel assured in saying that the enterprising citizens of Atlanta who have never been known to hesitate in uniting for the good of our common city, will in due time get together and do what is best to be done.

This Shows It Plainly.

"Just to show you how the the manufactories work to the interest of the city in more ways than are dreamed of, I can recall when the banks of Atlanta had to ship currency to New York to keep up their accounts there. But, since the manufactories have been built here, sending out their goods to all points and thus bringing in a great exchange business to preclude the necessity of shipping any more money from Atlanta banks to northern points.

"Thus you see they are bringing money into Atlanta from a distant territory, and it is money that has not been coming here before.

"Yes, sir, I am in favor of doing everything we can do to help and protect these manufactories."

Mr. Porter Talks.

Mr. James H. Porter, president of the Merchants' bank, is as much in line on this score as Mr. Romare, and so, indeed, are all the bankers of the city.

"I am hopeful at the prospect," said he, "and feel assured that something will be done to relieve the manufacturers from all needless and onerous taxation. I was gratified to see the water commissioners recommend a reduction in the water rates, and I trust other taxes and charges will go down accordingly.

"The time has come when Atlanta, in order to compete with other prosperous and growing cities, must go to some effort to offer more tempting inducements in this very way."

AT THE EDGEWOOD.

The Second Presentation of "Said Pasha" by the MacCollin Opera Company.

A large and fashionable audience witnessed the second presentation of "Said Pasha" last night at the Edgewood Avenue theater. The MacCollin people all appeared to be easier in their parts and everything was done in a more finished and clear-cut manner than at the initial performance. The stage business was advantageously displayed.

"Said Pasha" is a highly interesting and pretty comic opera.

The ladies of the pasha's harem appear to exceptionally brilliant advantage in their cool and transparent bloomer costumes.

The principals seemed to throw more fire in their parts last night and a good result was noted.

Mr. Pearson in the title role was as stately and philosophical a pasha as you could desire.

Mr. Harding's Hassan Bey surprised all who heard it. There is probably no other singer in Atlanta who could interpret this character half so well as does Mr. Harding. To stand up before an audience composed almost entirely of home folks and sing and act in the manner he does would scare the life out of half who attempted it; but this young and promising baritone relies upon no one, and goes ahead and does his work well, regardless of situation or circumstances.

Terrani is a very hard role to fill and it is one in which a tenor has to become entirely familiar before it can be pronounced a success, but Mr. Apple will take care of himself and the part.

Mr. Burrows's Rogat is satisfactorily given.

Mr. MacCollin's Hadad is a character strictly first-class. He is amusing and forever keeping his audience in a good humor.

Mr. Leonard, as Nokey, makes this part a whole performance in itself.

Mr. Moulton's Troubadad is good.

Miss Hall's Serena is very enjoyable. Miss Hall's dance is an artistic introduction that always catches the lovers of the terpischorean art.

Queen Alti, as sung by pretty Mabel Caseday, places this young woman in the highest estimation of her audience. Her simplicity of action, together with her natural talent, and elegant conception of the character, deserves all the applause she receives. Her rendition of "Strelezki's Dreams" is very fine.

It happens that all contralto soloists have compromising parts to interpret, either in their makeup or otherwise, but Miss Leyton, the MacCollin contralto, never is placed where her rich and liquidly sweet voice fails to have the proper effect upon an audience. As Bolah Sojah she is charming.

Mr. Al Henderson, the musical director, is conducting the orchestration of this opera's music in a highly gratifying manner.

Tonight it is safe to say that "Said Pasha" will be more than ever attractive and the entire company will exert every effort to give an artistic production.

Called a Rabbi.

Montgomery, Ala., July 26.—(Special.)—A unanimous call was tendered last night by the Montgomery Hebrew congregation to Rabbi Dr. Davidson, of Cincinnati, as rabbi of the synagogue at Montgomery. Dr. Davidson has accepted the call.

THEY ARE MARRIED.

Miss Douschka Holcombe and Mr. J. Ponce de Leon Gill.

THE BRIDE A SOCIETY FAVORITE.

The Bridegroom a Wealthy New Yorker, with a Summer Home Near That of the Bride's Mother.

Here's romance that is romance, sure enough.

Miss Douschka Holcombe, a well-known society favorite in Atlanta and all over Georgia, was married yesterday morning to a wealthy New Yorker, Mr. J. Ponce de Leon Gill.

The marriage was a clandestine affair and the young and beautiful bride, figuring as she does in as striking a romance as was ever pictured by the pen of fiction, is engaging the attention of all southern Georgia.

Americus was the scene of the romantic marriage, the couple going there early yesterday morning for the purpose of sealing their professions of love with the moly bans of marriage.

The marriage was conducted by Dr. A. B. Campbell, of Americus, and occurred in the parlor at his residence.

A Most Charming Bride.

Not in all Georgia could the brodegroom have chosen a more beautiful young woman for this picturesque marriage.

Miss Dauschka Holcombe is the youngest daughter of Mrs. F. W. Holcombe, who lives near Dewitt, Mitchell county. She also has property in Atlanta and spends much of her time here with her interesting daughters. She is the mother of Mrs. D. C. Bacon, of this city.

There are hosts of friends and admirers of Miss Douschka Holcombe in Atlanta who will be surprised to hear of her sudden marriage. She is a society favorite here. She was to be the only bridesmaid of Miss Janie May Hill, who will be wedded to Mr. Benjamin H. Hill, Jr., soon, and nobody dreamed of such a probability as that she should become a bride before her friend.

The pretty bride is not only beautiful in form and face but is as bright and as accomplished as any young woman in Georgia. She has been splendidly educated, having graduated at the famous Lucy Cobb institute at Athens. She has a disposition as bright and as sunny as a summer day is long. It is a characteristic of her family to be beautiful. She is related to the famously beautiful Mrs. Governor Pickens.

The Clandestine Marriage.

While Mr. Gill has been attentive to her for some time nobody believed his attentions would culminate thus, so unexpectedly.

Mr. Gill seems to be a wealthy New Yorker, who has a winter home in Mitchell county, near Dewitt. Mrs. Holcombe also has a home near Dewitt and has been spending the winter there.

The bride and bridegroom went to Americus to be married, there seeming to be some opposition to the marriage at home.

They spent yesterday in Americus and telegrams from there state that they will probably come to Atlanta today.

SOCIAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Albany, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—Miss Douschka Holcombe, daughter of Mrs. F. W. Holcombe, was married last night to Mr. John Ponce de Leon Gill, a wealthy New Yorker, who has a winter home in Mitchell county, near Dewitt, the home of Miss Holcombe. The marriage was quite a sudden one and was a surprise to their many friends in Albany and elsewhere.

***

Miss Katie V. McGrath was united in marriage yesterday to Mr. Cornelius J. Ryan. The ceremony was performed at the Church of the Immaculate Conception by the Rev. Father Kelly.

***

Mr. David W. Yarbrough, of this city, is in New York. He has been visiting all points of interest in New York state and Canada. He may extend his stay for two or more years.

***

Mayor Hemphill and his family, who are passing the heated term in their delightful and novel canvas home on Ponce de Leon circle, were given a most pleasant surprise last night. A large number of their friends dropped in upon them, each bringing along something nice in the way of refreshments. The call was a genuine surprise to the mayor and his family, but the Hemphill mansion, whether in the city or in the country, is always open, and those who called were most royally entertained. The mayor's tent was greatly admired by all who called and his telephone sent many pleasant messages from the cool breezy tent into the heated city last evening.

***

Mr. P. M. Atkinson and Mrs. S. D. Niles have returned from Madison where they were called last week by the death of their father, Mr. A. Atkinson. Their friends here sympathize with them in this their second sad bereavement in the past few weeks. Mr. Atkinson was one of Madison's oldest and most respected citizens, in fact he had scores of friends all over Georgia, having lived here over fifty years. He was about seventy-eight years of age and it is said of him "He never had an enemy."

***

Dr. Charles Roy will leave on Monday for New York whence he will sail in a few days for Europe where he will spend two years completing his studies on the eye and throat.

***

Miss Mannie Moore is the guest of Miss Mamie Goldsmith.

***

Mrs. Joseph Thompson gave an elegant dinner last evening to Mr. John Grant in honor of his birthday.

THE FIRST GEORGIA.

Captain Evan P. Howell Will Entertain the Survivors at Dinner Today.

The surviving members of the First Georgia regiment who live in Atlanta and the immediate neighborhood will be given a reunion dinner today at 1 o'clock by Captain Evan P. Howell at his home in West End.

There are about fifty surviving members of the First Georgia regiment living in and about Atlanta, and like all other veterans they like to get together occasionally and fight their battles over again. So in these July days, when the memory is quick with recollections of that other July nearly thirty years ago, when the air was thick with shell and shot, the veterans will meet at the home of Captain Howell, and over an old-fashioned barbecue and dinner will lay aside the weight of intervening years, as they renew once more the comradeship of thirty years ago.

JUDGE CLARK IN MACON.

He Left Yesterday for a Short Visit to the Central City.

Judge Richard H. Clark left the city last night for Macon.

He will not return before the 4th of August, and any one who wishes to correspond with him in regard to legal matters will address him at 528 Madison street.

Judge Clark goes to Macon to visit his relatives, and unless the character of the litigation renders it imperative he does not care to be hampered with correspondence.

FUNERAL OF FRED KROG.

It Occurs from His Late Residence Near Ormewood Yesterday.

The funeral of Mr. Fred Krog occurred from his late residence near Ormewood, Ga., yesterday afternoon.

It was largely attended by his friends and acquaintances and the floral designs were many and beautiful.

The interment occurred in Oakland cemetery.

Wanted to Mail a Dog.

From The Philadelphia Record.

The local postal authorities received a large box a day or so ago in which was confined a live dog. The box was directed to Mr. Blank, lock box —, Philadelphia postoffice. The dog dealer who brought the dog to the postoffice said that the gentleman who had bought it had given no other address than his postoffice box. The only living thing the postoffice will accept for transit through the mails is the bee, and quite a large number of these are sent all over the country by this means.

AN OLD FEUD

Leads to the Shooting of Robert Yancey,

BY HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW, DANIELS.

A Fatal Tragedy at Forest Station Monday Night—Both Men Are Well Known in Atlanta.

Within sight of his home and while his sister was looking on, Robert Yancey was shot to death by his brother-in-law at Forest station Monday night.

Forest, where the tragic homicide occurred, is a pretty little wayside station ten miles from Atlanta, in Clayton county. It consists of a few pretty white cottages fronted by pretty flower lawns and one or two stores.

No two men in the place are better known than Robert Yancey and his brother-in-law, Clayton Daniels, who took the life of the former night before last. Both were raised there and with the exception of a few years spent in Atlanta lived there all their lives.

Clayton Daniels is about thirty-five years old, and for seven years he was a conductor on the Central railroad. He was conductor on the Griffin accommodation train for a long time, and is known to nearly everybody on the line of the Central. He resided in Atlanta on Mangum street for several years and is well known in railroad circles here.

Robert Yancey is almost as well known here as Daniels. He worked in the Central yards here for some time and ran as flagman on Daniels's train for quite a while.

A year ago Bob Yancey married Mollie Yancey, who was his first cousin. She was a sister of Clayton Daniels's wife, and Daniels strongly opposed the union. This engendered bad blood between the two men and finally led to the tragic ending.

Neither of the two men ever lost their bitterness toward each other, although they became apparently friendly a few months after the marriage. But the feeling of mutual dislike still rankled in the two men's breasts and at times the trouble would break out afresh and serious results were narrowly averted. Six months ago the two men fell out and had a hard fight. After this the old wound seemed harder than ever to heal and it was some time before they returned to even speaking relations. Fortunately they were thrown together but little until a few months past. Last fall Daniels was badly hurt in a collision at Griffin since then and he has not been able return to work on the road. After being hurt Daniels moved to his county home at Forest and this year he has been devoting his time to a truck farm.

Monday Daniels came to Atlanta in a wagon. He met up with Yancey here and the two started back home together but in separate wagons. Yancey was drinking and the old feud between the two men came up very naturally. It seemed to be still fresh in Yancey's mind and as Daniels says he appeared determined to have it out. Daniels says that several times on the way home Yancey tried to start a difficulty with him and drew his knife upon him. He declares that it took all the means in his power to prevent trouble on the way home.

Daniels reached home just before dark and after putting up his team he went in to eat supper. He had been in the house but a few minutes when his wife ran in and said:

"Yonder comes Bob and he wants to fight!"

Daniels states that he ran to the door and shut it to keep Yancey from coming in as he knew there would be trouble.

Yancey, after finding the door shut, went around to the end of the house and started to raise a window. Daniels says he saw that Yancey was determined to come in and knowing there would be a fight he got his pistol. When he came back Yancey had hoisted the window and was climbing in. When he saw Daniels, the latter states that Yancey threw his hand behind him as if to draw a pistol, and thinking Yancey was going to shoot, Daniels drew his weapon and fired. The bullet entered the left side of Yancey's neck and passed through, severing the jugular vein and going out on the right side of his neck.

Yancey dropped to the ground and before Daniels or his wife could reach him he died. Daniels was badly distressed at the affair and at once made known to the neighbors what he had done. After doing this Daniels signified his intention of going to Jonesboro and giving himself up to the sheriff.

This he did, driving through the country a distance of ten miles, and telling Sheriff Hutcheson what he had done. Sheriff Hutcheson knew Daniels very well and knowing him to be a peaceable and quiet man he allowed him to return home after hearing his story.

Daniels has always been regarded as a peaceable man and nearly every one believes the story he tells of the killing. He is greatly downcast over the tragedy, but says that it could not be helped.

The matter created a great deal of interest on account of the prominence of the two parties.

THIS HOT WEATHER.

The Weather Man Says It Is Apt to Continue Several Days.

What's the matter with the weather?

This question has doubtless been asked thousands of times in the great cities of America lately.

The heated spell which has been blistering the American continent for nearly a week will probably continue several days longer.

This, at least, is what the "weather man" says of it, and he ought to know.

"What causes the intense heat?" he was asked yesterday.

"Well, a high barometer in this section and a low barometer in the extreme northwest causes the wind to blow from the hot seas of the south and that brings us this hot weather. At present there is a low barometer in the northwest. When the storm wave goes over to the east, as it will probably do in due season, the weather will change and a cool wind will blow away the blistering heat.

"There is every prospect, however, that this change will not come for several days yet.

"It has been hotter in several places than in Atlanta during this last heated term."

OUT ONCE MORE.

The Case of Forgery Against Joe Maddox Is Settled and He Is Out.

Joe Maddox, the young white man who has been arrested on three charges of forgery within the past month, is once more at liberty.

He went out of jail yesterday, the case against him having been settled up. It will not be pushed by Potts & Potts, the firm Maddox is charged with having victimized. The settlement is due to the intercession of Maddox's brother. The latter came down yesterday and effected a settlement. Maddox has been in jail nearly three weeks, and was glad to be out.

Decidedly Inaccessible.

Not long ago, at a wedding dinner, says The Minneapolis Journal, one of the guests told this story: In a western town a small number of zealous people decided to put up a Young Men's Christian Association building. A committee was appointed and it sent for a contractor to undertake the work. When he came the first thing he did was to inquire, in a very worldly and matter-of-fact sort of way, into the financial resources of the organization. The president replied: "Never fear, sir, we are sure of funds; the Lord is on our side." "That is all very well," replied the contractor, "but I want some one that I can send the sheriff after if necessary."

HILLYER WINS.

In a Remarkably Light Vote He Has a Good Majority.

THE RESULT THROUGH THE COUNTY.

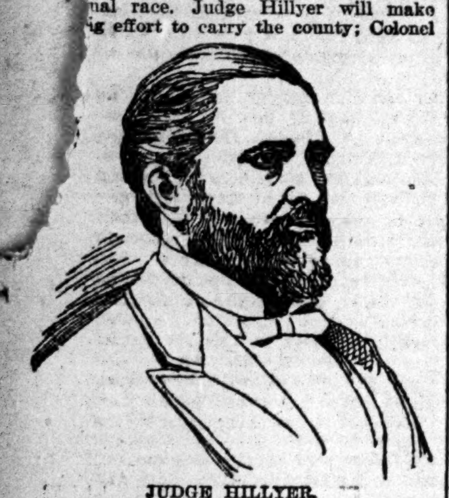
The Falling Off in the Country Precincts Regarded as Indicative of Third Party Strength.

Hillyer 1170, Hulsey 906.

In a primary in which but a few more than two thousand votes were polled, Judge Hillyer received a majority of 263 votes.

The smallness of the vote, the apathy and indifference which was apparent on all sides—this was the special feature of the contest yesterday. The vote in all of the wards was very small and in the country precincts this was even more noticeable. Not one-tenth of the vote expected outside of the city was polled. The third party leaders professed to be not at all surprised by this showing and they take it as evidence of the strength of the third party in Fulton. As to the city vote, the only explanation given is that people generally took but little interest in the result. Three years ago over eleven thousand votes were polled in the election and it is estimated that there are nearly twenty thousand voters in the county today.

The result of the primary will be to give Judge Hillyer's candidacy a decided boom. The next fight will be in DeKalb and it is believed that the action of that county Saturday will practically settle the congressional race. Judge Hillyer will make a big effort to carry the county; Colonel



JUDGE HILLYER.

Livingston's friends say he is sure to win there; Colonel Hulsey may be in that fight and he may not.

"I cannot answer that definitely tonight," said Colonel Hulsey when questioned last night as to whether he would continue in the race and make an effort to carry DeKalb. "I will talk with my friends tomorrow and will definitely decide then."

Colonel Hulsey's friends believe he can carry both DeKalb and Walton counties and he will be strongly urged to remain in the race.

Early in the day it was conceded that Captain Nesbitt, commissioner of agriculture, would have a good majority, though Judge Henderson had many warm friends working for him at the polling places. For attorney general Hon. W. C. Glenn received practically a unanimous endorsment, only a few votes being cast against him. But of course Mr. Terrell did not make a fight in this county and all the candidates for delegates were for Glenn.

Through the City.

Voting at the first ward was characterized by an unusual dullness. The voting was done at 12 West Mitchell street, and the usual crowd of ward workers and voters was conspicuously absent. The voters remained at the polls only long enough to cast their ballots and to a person who did not know there was an election on hand there was nothing to show that one was in progress. There was no rush at any time during the day, but the voters came in pretty steadily. Once about noon when the crowd was larger than any other time during the day there came very near being several personal difficulties among ardent supporters of the respective candidates. But cooler counsels prevailed and there were no bruises made.

Dr. John W. Nelms was a prominent figure at the polls all day. He said he was there to carry the ward for Nesbitt, and he or somebody else did it. The doctor wore his usual happy smile during the day. The election managers were Hon. W. M. Middlebrooks, Captain A. F. Dozier and Mr. D. A. Green. The clerks were Messrs. J. D. Weathers and C. D. Jones.

The count closed at 6 o'clock and it was found that 246 votes had been cast. The Hulsey delegates had received 126 votes; the Hillyer delegates 132.

Judge Hillyer's highest vote was 132, and Colonel Hulsey's was 127, Delegate Charley Northen receiving the highest vote on the Hulsey ticket.

For commissioner of agriculture Nesbitt swept the field. His highest vote was 219, and ranged from that figure to 215. Judge John T. Henderson's highest vote was 30. The other statehouse officers received a full vote.

The Second Ward.

A very light vote was also polled in the second ward. When the polls first opened the balloting was rather heavy, but after the first hour it fell decidedly off.

No incidents of any importance occurred and the precinct throughout the day was unusually quiet and orderly. The total number of votes cast in the ward was 405. A few delegates were here and there scratched, and in one or two cases the delegates ran ahead of the tickets. The ward went for Hillyer by 166 majority.

The returns last night were not made out officially except in the vote for congressman. It stood: Hillyer, 284; Hulsey, 118. The other vote, unofficial, was, Nesbitt, 260; Henderson, 142.

The Fight in the Third.

The "workers" in the third in behalf of both tickets went earnestly to work as soon as the polls were opened, and the fight they kept up among themselves presented a lively appearance around the precincts.

It was generally expected that Colonel Hulsey would carry the ward and wagers that he would carry it by over a hundred majority were freely made and refused.

But the returns surprised everybody. Instead of giving Hulsey a majority, as was generally expected, it gave a majority of three votes to Hillyer.

The reason of Hulsey's failure to carry the ward, as explained by his supporters, was that the precincts closed at 6 o'clock and many of the laboring voters who lived in the ward were unable to get to the polls in time to cast their ballots.

Several Hulsey men, with the beads of perspiration trickling down their faces, came up just as the polls were closed. After quitting their work for the day they made a desperate effort to get to the polls, and after running themselves out of breath they were finally disappointed.

It was 8 o'clock before the returns were made out and the tally sheet after being footed up was as follows:

For governor—W. J. Northen, 152; for commissioner of agriculture—R. T. Nesbitt, 52; John T. Tenderson, 39; for congressman—Hillyer, 79; Hulsey, 76.

At the Fourth.

The fourth ward rolled up 85 for Hillyer and 77 for Hulsey.

Tom Bishop, jovial and jolly always, was one of the managers, and with John Stehpens and W. H. Smith held the ballot box while the votes poured into it.

A few straggling politicians were about the door all day smoking cigars purchased at a neighboring drug store, but there was an unusually small crowd of voters there at all times.

The vote stood: Hillyer, 85; Hulsey, 77. The Nesbitt ticket had 88 and the Henderson ticket 71. The individuals of the Nesbitt got 88 votes each and the Henderson ticket received 71 each, excepting Josiah Carter, P. J. Moran and W. H. Venable, who, despite their published cards stating they were with the Nesbitt ticket and it alone received each 159 votes.

The Fifth Ward.

The fifth ward voted at a new place yesterday. The voting place was located this time in an unfinished building at256 Marietta street, just beyond the junction of Marietta and Walton streets. The election was remarkably quiet at this precinct, not an incident occurring to mar the quiet of the day. There were few workers present to industriously present the voters with tickets. In this ward, as in all the others, all the interest was centered in the congressional race, and all during the afternoon friends of both candidates visited the place to find out how the vote stood. The result in the congressional race was made known about 6:30 o'clock, although the count was not finished until a much later hour.

In the congressional race Colonel Hulsey's delegates received 122 votes each; Hillyer's delegates received a uniform vote of 109 each.

In the race for commissioner of agriculture Colonel Nesbitt had here as in the other precincts, everything his own way. His delegates received 188 votes. Judge Henderson's delegates polled 38 votes each. There was no scratching of the statehouse officers.

At the Sixth Ward Precinct.

There was a very interesting day of it spent around the polls in the sixth ward. Judge Jim Anderson was the man to take in the tickets and at times he was kept quite busy rolling the little paper slips into the box.

In the forenoon the votes went into the ballot box in a jiffy. The politicians crowded around the door of the Griffin building and kept things lively with their talk. There were more of them there at work in the race between Henderson and Nesbitt delegates than in the congressional race.

The "dinner vote" took Hillyer about twenty ahead of Hulsey and the Hulsey vote was not sufficiently strong the rest of the day to catch up again.

The vote stood: Hillyer, 291; Hulsey, 247.

The Nesbitt ticket averaged 327, while the Henderson ticket was 200.

In the Country.

In the country the vote was light everywhere. The returns are not all official, but they will be found approximately correct. The tables below show the country vote on congress and commissioner of agriculture. Of course, Governor Northen received every vote cast.

For Congress.

	Judge Hillyer.	Col. Hulsey.
First Ward	132	126
Second Ward	284	118
Third Ward	79	76
Fourth Ward	85	77
Fifth Ward	109	122
Sixth Ward	291	247
West End	78	33
South Bend	7	17
Oak Grove	29	4
Peachtree	6	10
Buckhead	3	18
East Point	34	3
Edgewood	4	13
Cook's	7	22
Collins'	7	9
Adamsville	7	5
Bryants	8	6
Total	1,170	906
Hillyer's majority		264

	Nesbitt.	Henderson.
First Ward	219	30
Second Ward	260	142
Third Ward	52	39
Fourth Ward	88	71
Fifth Ward	188	38
Sixth Ward	327	200
West End	108	3
South Bend	16	7
Oak Grove	33	0
Buckhead	21	0
Peachtree	8	8
Edgewood	8	9
Collins	17	0
Cooks	21	8
Adamsville	5	5
Bryants	2	12
East Point	4	34
Total	1,387	603
Nesbitt's majority		784

Will Meet at Noon.

The county executive committee has been called by Chairman Brandon to meet at the courthouse at noon today for the purpose of consolidating the returns and making the official announcement of the results.

DEATH OF MRS. S. C. BEALL.

An Aged Lady Passes Away at Her Home Yesterday Afternoon.

Mrs. S. C. Beall, an aged and highly respected lady died at her home on Woodward avenue yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Beall was in her seventy-third year, and was a woman of rare and excellent qualities. She was the wife of the late Major John S. Beall, and for a long time resided at Spring Place in Murray county, Georgia. She moved to Georgia just after the war and has lived in the state ever since.

She is the mother of Mrs. G. G. Bell, of Marietta, Mrs. J. S. Beall, of Greenville, S. C., H. J. Beall, of Charlotte, N. C., E. W. Beall, of Ringgold, Ga., W. W. Beall, S O. Beall, N. P. Beall, Miss Lillie R. Beall and Mrs. F. C. Lowman.

The funeral will occur from the residence this afternoon.

IS THIS HIGH ART?

A Question of This Kind Raised About Some Pretty Pictures.

To draw the line between high art and obscene pictures and performances is a thing hard to do in this city just at this time.

Whether Carmencita's dancing was high art, or only vulgar kicking, is a question that caused more than a ripple on the surface.

And now comes another instance for somebody to discriminate.

There are exhibited in the show window of J. R. Thornton, the Whitehall street stationer, a window full of pictures—pictures of trimly formed females, very becomingly clad—if clad at all—in thin, airy drapery. In most instances the figures are unencumbered by clothing, revealing the shapely outlines of a woman's nude figure.

Now the police are wondering if they can make a case against Mr. Thornton for showing these pictures in his window. Mr. Thornton says not, and declares that he will continue to exhibit them there. They are works of high art, he maintains, and not obscene pictures. Upon this Captain Manley and other members of the force are in doubt, and are considering the case. They are looking up the law and a case may yet be made.

The window had many admiring visitors yesterday, and there will be many more today. They were all trying to decide whether the pictures were really works of high art or not. It's a matter of taste.

Lightning Paints a Wall.

From The Fishkill Times

During the heavy thunderstorm last Wednesday a large, black walnut tree by the kitchen door of Dr. White's residence was struck. A day or two after it was discovered that the fluid had entered the butler's pantry near the northeastern corner of the house. On a shelf about four feet from the floor stood on edge a row of Royal Dresden plates leaning against the hard-finished wall. The face of these plates is highly decorated in brilliant colors. Around the edges of several of them standing nearest the corner was found a band of dark discoloration, while on the wall, about an inch above them, in circles corresponding in shape with the plates, was a fair copy of the ornamentation on the crockery, done in the same colors, though slightly less brilliant. The discoloration on the plates was easily removed by washing, and the ware and ornamentation appeared entirely uninjured by the shock. No place was found where the lightning entered or left the room, though there is a small smokecolored mark by an iron bracket near where the first plate stood.

A Long Deadlock.

Batesville, Ark., July 26.—The deadlock continues in the democratic congressional convention. Seven hundred and forty eight ballots have been taken. Neil has reached within four of the nomination.

WON THE FIRST GAME

And All Atlanta Hopes to Win Many More.

THE SECOND SEASON OPENS WELL

And the Clubs All Show Up Much Stronger Than They Were Last Season. The Winners.

The second championship season of the Southern League opened yesterday and Atlanta won the first game.

So did Macon, Memphis and Birmingham.

Thirteen innings were necessary to decide the contest and more than half of them were rounded off with a dash and brilliancy that charmed all who were present.

For seven innings the Mobile team played a faultless game, a game that was simply invincible. Wittrock, late of the I.-I. league, was in the box and put the ball right straight over the plate. But his delivery was deceptive and his work so cunning that the Atlantas were unable to do anything with him.

Only two hits could be made off him, one by Long in the first and one by Wadsworth in the sixth.

During that time he gave Donaghue a base on balls and subsequently Donaghue got his first by being hit with a pitched ball. Every man on the team played the same good, hard ball Wittrock put up and it was the unanimous verdict of the grand stand that Atlanta just wasn't in it.

But in the eighth the tide changed and the Atlantas went for Wittrock in grand shape, pounding out two runs. Then in the ninth the boys hammered in five more and tied the score. For four more innings the fight was hard and uncertain, but by timely and safe hitting and judicious base running Atlanta pulled away from the Moblies and came under the wire ahead.

Wadsworth did the pitching for Morton's team and after the first few innings was master of the situation. In fact the more he pitched the better he worked. His last inning was as fine an exhibition of box work as was ever seen in Atlanta. At first his support was rocky but as the game aged the work behind him grew better.

Schiebeck, the new shortstop, opened with the game but was taken out in the third. Schiebeck reached Atlanta yesterday at noon and was in no condition to play ball but went in because Ardner's arm is so sore that he cannot throw a little bit. Smith went to second and played a fine game there.

It was Schiebeck's poor work at short and Wadsworth's wild pitching that gave Mobile the start. Had both men been in shape Mobile would have secured one run only. But Schiebeck must not be judged by his work yesterday. He had no business to go into the game after the long ride he had taken and would not have done so had Ardner been in condition. Schiebeck is one of the quickest and surest shortstops in the south and in a few days will show up in fine shape.

When Schiebeck was taken out Jimmy Long was put in the infield and made an excellent shortstop. Dixon, who had been catching Wadsworth, was sent to right field, and Schabel was put behind the bat.

The game started off with Donaghue being given first by Wittrock. Long made a short hit and Donny was advanced. Then Hill came up to sacrifice but Donny tried to steal third and was caught. Then Hill did sacrifice and Long went to second, but Motz went out from Langsford to Lutenberg.

Wadsworth gave Langsford his first and then Langsford got third on a wild pitch and came home on Frank's hit. Lutenberg went out from Smith to Motz and Trost's hit advanced Frank to third. Trost stole second and went to third on a second wild pitch which let Frank in Schiebeck failed to handle Hamburg's drive and Trost came home on an error. Wittrock hit the ball and Hamburg tried to go home but was caught between third and the rubber. Hazen flew out to Hill.

In the second, third and fourth Atlanta could do nothing at all.

Hits by Lutenberg and Hamburg and an error by Schiebeck gave Atlanta another run in the third.

Wadsworth got a hit in the fifth, but it was alone, and no run resulted from it.

Graham's error, Lutenberg's single, a wild pitch and Donaghue's muff of Hamburg's fly gave Mobile two more in the fifth.

Westlake's triple and Langsford's single gave up another in the sixth.

Seven to nothing was the way it stood then, and everybody felt sure that it was going to be a shutout.

But it wasn't.

Wadsworth suddenly presented a change in his work and Mobile could do nothing with him.

Donaghue opened the eighth with a hit and was advanced by Long's single. Hill sacrificed and Donaghue went to third. Then Long stole second and he and Donaghue were sent over the rubber by Motz's sacrifice.

The ninth started with Smith's death at first, Graham got first on four bad balls and was driven to third by Schabel's two-bagger. Dixon singled and Graham and bagger. Dixon singled and Graham and Schabel came in. Dixon went to second on Wadsworth's hit and both were advanced by Donaghue's single. Dixon and Wadsworth came home on Long's sacrifice. Hill and Motz singled and Donaghue came home.

Mobile tried hard to forge ahead in her part of the ninth, but couldn't.

After two men were out in the tenth, Dixon made a double, but was left by Wadsworth's death at first.

Mobile's tenth was just like Atlanta's exactly.

In the twelfth an interesting double play was made and the play caused a wrangle which nearly resulted in a forfeited game.

Lutenberg opened the inning with a drive at Long. Graham tried to make an assist, but made an error by fumbling. Trost drove the ball up and Smith went for it. Lutenberg, like every one else felt sure that Smith would swallow the ball and clung to first. Smith did take the ball, but the instant it touched the ground he was upon it and fired it to Long at second, who put it to first in time to catch Trost. McLaughlin called both men out and all Mobile kicked. The players swarmed around him claiming that the ball could not be trapped by an infielder, but Mac had his way. Hamburg, the next man at the bat refused to come up, and Wadsworth put three balls over the plate and Hamburg was called out.

And there was another kick.

Schabel opened the thirteenth with a two-bagger and came home on Wittrock's error and Smith's sacrifice.

That run was what the people wanted, and it was received enthusiastically.

But could Wadsworth hold 'em down in their half.

Wittrock and Hazen were struck out in quick succession, and Hays went out from Smith to Motz.

The score was:

ATLANTA.	AB.	R.	BH.	SH.	PO.	A.	E.
Donaghue, lf	5	2	2	1	1	1	1
Long, ss and rf	7	1	2	1	5	6	0
Hill, cf	6	0	1	2	2	0	0
Motz, 1b	6	0	1	0	18	0	0
Smith, 2b	4	0	0	0	1	7	0
Graham, 3b	5	1	0	0	1	8	2
Schiebeck, ss	2	0	0	0	0	2	3
Dixon, c and rf	5	1	3	0	5	1	0
Wadsworth, p	6	1	2	0	0	2	0
Schabel, c	4	2	2	0	6	0	0
Total	50	8	13	4	39	22	6

MOBILE.	AB.	R.	BH.	SH.	PO.	A.	E.
Langsford, ss	5	1	2	0	2	10	0
Frank, rf	6	2	1	0	3	0	0
Lutenberg, 1b	6	1	2	0	19	0	0
Frost, c	6	2	1	0	6	1	0
Hamburg, lf	6	0	1	0	2	1	0
Wittrock, p	6	0	1	0	1	2	1
Hazen, cf	6	0	0	0	3	0	1
Hays, 2b	6	0	0	0	1	5	0
Westlake, 3b	6	1	2	0	2	2	0
Total	53	7	10	0	39	21	2

Score by innings:
Atlanta ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 5 0 0 0 1—8
Mobile ....3 0 1 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—7

Summary—Earned runs, Atlanta 5, Mobile 1; two-base hits, Schabel 2, Wittrock, Langsford; three-base hit, Westlake; stolen bases, Long, Frost; double plays, Schabel, Long and Dixon, Smith, Long and Motz, Hays, Langsford and Lutenberg; bases on called balls, off Wadsworth 1, off Wittrock 5; hit by pitched ball, by Whittrock 1; struck out, by Wadsworth 8, by Wittrock 3; wild pitches, by Wadsworth 3, Whittrock 1. Time of game—two hours and thirty minutes. Umpire—McLaughlin.

The Game Today.

Manager Kelly, of the Mobiles, feels quite sore over the loss of yesterday's game and will try mighty hard to win today. He will put in one of his strongest combinations and will work them industriously from the bench.

Manager Morton has no idea of losing the game and will present a nine he thinks will prove winners.

The teams will be:

ATLANTA.	POSITION.	MOBILE.
France	Pitcher	Daniels
Dixon	Catcher	Williams
Motz	First Base	Lutenberg
Smith	Second Base	Gilks
Graham	Third Base	Westlake
Schiebeck	Shortstop	Langford
Donaghue	Left Field	Hamburg
Hill	Center Field	Hazen
Long	Right Field	Frank

Birmingham Beats Montgomery.

Birmingham, Ala., July 26.—(Special.)—One of the slowest games ever played on the Birmingham diamond was won today by the locals in the initial game of the second championship with the Montgomery lambs. It was won by superior stick work and decidedly the best battery work. Gillen and Mauck were the pitchers and in the first two innings honors were in Tommy's favor, but in the third he got wild, and wild a-heap, and never settled down again. Gillen has been very successful heretofore against Birmingham, but today they batted his balls all over the field and are credited with twelve base hits, one a two-bagger. Montgomery scored one in the first on three errors. In the third Birmingham scored three on two hits, three presents and one by being hit by pitched ball, two steals and a passed ball. They got three in the fifth, two in the sixth and one in the eighth on hits and bad judgment. Montgomery scored three in the fifth on three hits, a sacrifice, passed ball and a steal. Pitcher Sowders is here and Mourning and Sunday, from Kansas City, will appear tomorrow.

Score by innings:
Birmingham .0 0 3 0 3 2 0 1 0—9 H. 12 E. 6
Montgomery .1 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0—4 H. 7, E. 3

Batteries—Birmingham, Mauck and Sweeney; Mongomery, Gillen and Land.

Summary—Earned runs—one each. Two base hits—Gans. Stolen bases—Ulrich, base hits—Gans McMahon, Broderick, Meara and Clark. Bases on balls—Off Gillen, 5; off Mauck, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Gans and Sweeney. Struck out—Gillen, 7; Mauck, 6. Passed balls—Land, 2; Sweeney, 1. Umpire—Hofford. Time—2:15.

Macon's Rollicking Gait.

Macon, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—At a rollicking good gait Macon has started off to win the second pennant. She held down New Orleans to one run today, and played the prettiest game in the league. Bailey was in the box and did magnificent work, while Ortman appeared to be up to snuff, but Macon had the best batters, and they knew when hitting would count. There was no brilliant play on either side outside the box.

Score by innings:
Macon. . . . . . .0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0—3. H 8, E 4
New Orleans. . . .1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1. H 3, E 1

Batteries—Bailey and Hiss; Ortman and McKie.

Summary—Earned runs—Macon, 3; New Orleans, 0. Two base hits—Hesse and Weddig. Stolen bases—York and Dowie. Bases on balls—By Ortman, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Powell. Struck out—By Bailey, 10; by Ortman, 4. Passed balls—Hesse, 1; McKie, 1. Time—1:50. Umpire—Taylor.

The Champions Lost.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 26.—(Special.)—Memphis took the opening game from the champions today after a spirited contest. The game was a slugging match from start to finish and the champions lead the batting, but were unable to bunch their hits. Dewald and Baker both did good work in the box.

Score by innings:
Chattanooga 3 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0—6. H. 11, E. 4
Memphis ....5 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 *—8. H. 8, E. 2

Summary—Earned runs, Chattanooga 3, Memphis 3; two-base hits, McGann, Somers, O'Connell, Ely, O'Connor, Lally; double plays, Memphis 2, Chattanooga 1; bases on balls, off Dewald 8, off Baker 2; struck out, by Baker 3, by Dewald 5; hit by pitched ball, Doyle; wild pitch, Dewald; passed balls, Merritt 2; block ball in Chattanooga's favor, 1. Time of game—two hours and ten minutes. Umpire—Graves.

Diamond Dust.

Memphis' new team made a fine showing yesterday.

Schiebeck will be on short today, and will play good ball.

If France for any reason does not pitch today Campfield will go in the box.

Schabel seems able to find the ball every time he comes up.

Pete Daniels will be in the box today and may wear a white uniform.

Kid Williams will do the catching for Mobile today.

Manager Morton is home again and was on the grounds yesterday.

A big crowd should go out today.

Bailey, the king, put up a great game for Macon yesterday.

Jim Manning, late manager of Kansas City, has signed to manage Birmingham.

BIG LEAGUE GAMES.

At New York—
New York ...0 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 0—6 H. 7, E. 2
Cleveland .....0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0—4 H. 8, E. 3
Batteries—Rusie and Doyle; Cuppy, Young and Zimmer.

At Philadelphia—
Cincinnati ...0 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 2—6 H. 11, E. 7
Philadelphia .5 0 3 4 6 6 2 0 *—26 H. 26 E. 4
Batteries—Holliday and Rhines; Harrington and Vaughn; Carsey and Clements.

At Washington—10 innings:
Washington 0 1 4 1 0 0 2 0 0 2—10 H. 9, E. 1
St. Louis...0 0 2 0 4 1 1 0 0 0—8 H. 13, E. 0
Batteries—Killen and McGuire; Breitenstein and Moran.

At Baltimore—
Baltimore .....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2 H. 9, E. 1
Chicago ....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3 H. 5, E. 3
Batteries—Vickery and Robinson; Gumbert and Schriver.

At Brooklyn—
Pittsburg ....0 2 1 0 0 2 0 0 0—5 H. 8, E. 11
Brooklyn ....3 3 1 0 1 1 2 1 *—12 H. 8, E. 2
Batteries—Terry, Gumbert and Mack; Haddock and Dailey.

At Boston—
Boston .....0 0 3 0 5 0 0 1 1—10 H. 16, E. 2
Louisville ...0 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0—4 H. 8, E. 3
Batteries—Nichols and Kelly; Stratton and Grim.

National League Race.

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Philadelphia	8	2	Boston	5	5
Brooklyn	7	3	Cincinnati	5	5
Cleveland	6	4	Pittsburg	4	5
Washington	6	4	Chicago	4	6
New York	5	4	Louisville	3	7
Baltimore	5	5	St. Louis	2	8

Baseball in Anniston.

Anniston, Ala., July 26.—(Special.)—Anniston's baseball team defeated the Calera club today in an interesting game by a score of eight to four. Jones and Green were Anniston's battery, and Tally and Stocking the Caleras.

Milledgeville Downs Them.

Milledgeville, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The Milledgeville baseball club is doing some of the greatest amateur ball playing ever seen in this section. They went over to Sparta last Friday and beat that aggregation by a score of ten to two. Sandersville came up on yesterday and were downed by a score of twenty to one. Tennille will have a similar fate today. while the boys declare they can beat any amateur club in the state. A game between them and the Albany club will be arranged and a great game is expected. Fair ball is always encouraged by the people here, and as long asthe game is kept onan honorable basis big crowds will witness the sport. The new park is in fine shape and the grand stand and bleachers are crowded at every game.

Empire Defeats Hawkinsville.

Empire, Ga., July 6.—(Special.)—A game of ball was played between Empire and Hawkinsville today. The score was twenty-two to three in favor of Empire. Batteries—For Empire, McLean and Collins; for Hawkinsville, Beverly and Pate.

Billy Geiss Released.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 26.—(Special.)—Manager Sullivan released Second Baseman Geiss this afternoon. O'Connell will take his place. Center Fielder Murphy, late of the Western League, has been signed to play in the outfield.

Penfield Defeats Union Point.

Penfield, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—The Penfield baseball club badly defeated the Union Point club at this place on last Friday. The score was: Penfield, 16; Union Point, 6. Penfield has the best club in this section of Georgia. Union Point was strengthened by several players from Crawford, but they were not able to hit the pitcher put up by Penfield. Th's deceptive baseball twirler is Mr. N. J. Boswell. Crawford has challenged Penfield for a game.

HOW THE HORSES RUN.

Saratoga Races.

Saratoga, July 26.—First race, six furlongs, Busteed won, Blanche second, Sleet third. Time, 1:16.

Second race, five furlongs, Robusta won, Sidmack second, False Ahrens third. Time, 1:23 1-2. The finish was a hot one; Robusta only won by half a length.

Third race, one mile, Lester won, Gambler second, Rocnette third. Time, 1:44.

Fourth race, selling; one mile and a furlong, Rico won, Gettysburg second, Early Dawn third. Time, 1:58 1-2.

Fifth race, mile and a quarter, over five hurdles. MyFellow won, Saint Luke second, Bassanio third. Time, 2:23 1-2.

Monmouth Park Races.

Monmouth Park, July 26.—First race, seven furlongs, Experience won, Womad second, Tenny third. Time, 1:25.

Second race, optional stakes, five furlongs, Uncle Jess won, Jodan second, Trouble third. Time, 1:00.

Third race, Raritan stakes, mile and a quarter, Locohatchee won, Leona Well second, Dagonet third. Time, 2:37 1-2.

Fourth race, Naversink handicap, mile and a half, Banquet won, Stockton second, Demuth third. Time, 2:34 1-2.

Fifth race, mile and a furlong, Mr. Sass won, Barefoot second, Now-or-Never third. Time, 1:56 3-4.

Sixth race, seven furlongs, Lorimar won, Blizzard second, Parvenue third. Time, 1:32 1-2.

FELL WITH A CRASH.

The Seats at a Theatrical Performance in France Fall—Many People Injured.

Paris, July 26.—During a theatrical performance at Rueil, a town of about eight thousand inhabitants, in the department of Seine et Oise, last evening an accident occurred by which eighty people were seriously injured. The seats occupied by those who assembled to witness the performance were arranged in tiers, rising toward the rear. Shortly after they had been filled an ominous cracking was heard. In an instant they had fallen with a crash, carrying down with them 700 persons. When the seats collapsed it was at first supposed that many were killed. For a time all was confusion, but through the efforts of a few who retained their presence of mind, aided by the police, order was restored and the work of extricating the injured from the wreck pushed forward. After all were taken out the police found that some person or persons had loosened the screws and bolts in the frame work that supported the seats, rendering them unsafe and sure to fall when any considerable weight was put upon them. When the result of the police investigation was known the greatest indignation was expressed on all sides, an active search being carried on for the perpetrators of the outrage.

To Please the Children.

The head of the family lingered over his coffee, says The Detroit Tribune. Clearly something lay heavily on his mind. Now and then he darted a quick look at the partner of his joys and sorrows across the table and coughed lightly, only to turn his gaze again into his cup. At length he spoke: "Circus coming, Mary." He sought to create the impression that he was voicing a casual reflection. The demure lady across the table nodded affirmatively. "It's a good circus, I think." He was playing with his fork absently. It was several minutes before he had anything further to say. "I guess," he observed with an air which was only a fair imitation of the off hand, "that nothing is more instructive than a good circus—." The close observer might have noticed a shadow settling upon the fine face of the matron. No word fell from her lips, however. "Especially for children." He was folding his napkin carefully. "I suppose," he sighed, simulating regret, "that I'll have to go with our children." "William!" The partner of his joys and sorrows threw large quantities of astonishment, chagrin and reproach into the single word. "After such a strict religious training as you have had!" she exclaimed. As he rose from the table he sighed in earnest. Standing irresolutely by the window he stared at the landscape, half in sadness, half in shame. "William!" Her voice was something softer than before. "William!" She came and trustingly twined her arms about his neck. "I think—." She kissed his forehead fondly. "It will need both of us to take the children to the circus." He strained her to his breast and their souls united in a community of purpose.

No other Sarsaparilla has the merit by which Hood's Sarsaparilla has won such a firm hold upon the confidence of the people.

WHERE IS TROX?

A Sensational Story About the Ringgold Editor.

IT'S SAID HE HAS SKIPPED OUT

And That There Is a Woman in the Case. The Story the Chattanooga Papers Tell About the Affair.

A broad-chested, determined-looking man called at The Constitution office yesterday and made anxious inquiries for the whereabouts of the Georgia editors, who are in the west.

The Constitution's latest information was that the weekly editors were snowballing the day before on the top of Pike's peak. Whether they were still snowballing The Constitution was not informed.

"I wish I had been there. One of them would not do any more snowballing I will warrant you," the stranger remarked. He would not give his name or tell why he was seeking the information. He was not a bill collector, however.

That he was interested in the movements of W. Trox Bankston, editor of The Ringgold New South, was accepted as the explanation of the call. Bankston is said to have had an intrigue with a Mrs. Eva Hamilton for several years. It began in Atlanta when her husband was a professor in the business college here. He discovered it and moved away to Indianapolis. Bankston visited Mrs. Hamilton once or twice in the meantime, and at his solicitation she began proceedings for a divorce, he having promised to marry her.

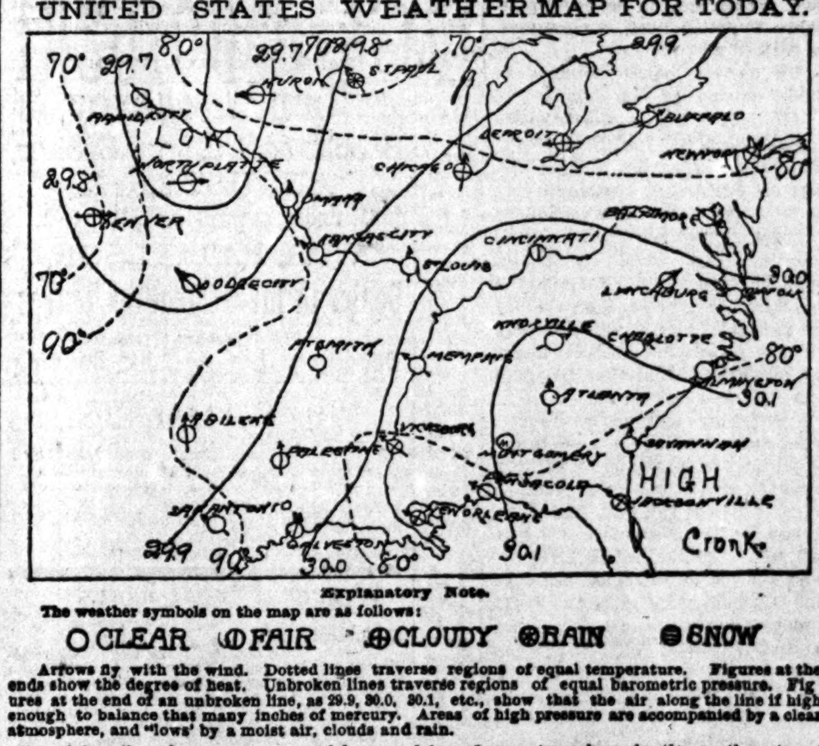
Trox has a brother, Montgomery, who is now fortunately in the asylum at Milledgeville.

A few weeks ago and before he was sent to the asylum Montgomery intercepted a letter from Mrs. Hamilton to his brother. Montgomery wrote her to go to Cincinnati to meet him. She went, so the story goes. Trox, in the meantime, was getting his junior brother to Milledgeville. Mrs. Hamilton wrote and telegraphed Trox to join her. He did not receive the communications, and the first thing he knew she turned up in Ringgold with a little girl, which she said was related to him. Bankston took the woman to Catoosa Springs. She declared that she had obtained the divorce and wanted Bankston to marry her. She was deeply in love with him. He did not appreciate her sacrifice for him and put her off. He persuaded her to go to Chattanooga. A week or two passed and Bankston joined the Georgia editors on their excursion to Texas and California. He is now in the west somewhere. Mrs. Hamilton took her child to Bankston's parents at Ringgold. They received her kindly and treated her tenderly. Trox, however, sent no word and Mrs. Hamilton returned last week to Indianapolis. Her husband is said to be well to do and is willing to forgive her if she will give up the Georgia editor. The caller at The Constitution office yesterday may have been Mr. Hamilton. From the determined manner in which he talked it will go hard with Trox Bankston if they meet.

Bankston is well known in Atlanta, where he was a frequent visitor, and at one time a reporter on The Evening Capital.

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Small price. Small dose. Small pill.

UNITED STATES WEATHER MAP FOR TODAY.



Explanatory Note.

The weather symbols on the map are as follows:

O CLEAR ◐ FAIR ⊕ CLOUDY ⊛ RAIN ⊜ SNOW

Arrows fly with the wind. Dotted lines traverse regions of equal temperature. Figures at the ends show the degree of heat. Unbroken lines traverse regions of equal barometric pressure. Figures at the end of an unbroken line, as 29.9, 30.0, 30.1, etc., show that the air along the line if high enough to balance that many inches of mercury. Areas of high pressure are accompanied by a clear atmosphere, and "lows" by a moist air, clouds and rain.

By giving the above map a careful scrutiny, a fair idea of existing weather conditions is to be had. It represents the weather over the entire country as observed last evening at 8 o'clock. Southerly winds are noticed in all southern and eastern sections, thereby causing a continuation of the hot weather which has been so general and so uncomfortable for several days past. The air piled up in the southeast, forming a high barometric area, tends to move off spirally towards the less dense atmosphere in the northwest and by that reason the warm southerly winds now prevalent are accounted for.

Yesterday the maximum temperature in Atlanta was 89 degrees; in New York, 96, and in Baltimore and Lynchburg 100 was recorded. During the preceding twenty-four hours but little rain has fallen, excepting showers along the gulf coast. Today generally fair; temperature nearly stationary.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

$10, $12, $15, $18

BUYS SUITS NOW THAT WERE

$15, $18, $20 AND $25.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

SUMMER COATS AND VESTS

—AND—

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.

A. Rosenfeld & Son

EVERYTHING IN MEN'S ATTIRE.

24 Whitehall Street, Corner Alabama.



Today, the second annual session of the Culture Camp by the Sea will begin at Falmouth, Mass.

Among the speakers will be Dr. C. H. Parkhurst and Joe Jefferson. The latter will go down to posterity as the creator of the stage character of "Rip Van Winkle," the former will be long remembered as the clergyman whose crusade against immorality in the metropolis caused such a tremendous sensation a few months ago.

We are creating a sensation with our Trunks and Valises. No doubt about that. The goods are here in style and quantities to astonish and please you. Useless to attempt to duplicate our prices. Can't do it. We are lowest on the low—when it comes to selling things for travel.

ABE FOOTE & BRO.
34 Whitehall Street.

EDGEWOOD AVENUE THEATER

SEVENTH CONSECUTIVE WEEK.

Commencing Monday, July 25th.

MACCOLLIN OPERA COMPANY

—IN—

SAID PASHA

Popular prices: 15c, 25c, 50c. Seats on sale at Bolles & Bruckner's book store.

WE HAVE THE

PRETTIEST LINE

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STERLING SILVERWARE

IN THE CITY.

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GRAND CHARTER OAK STOVE LEADS ALL OTHERS

MADE IN

SIZES AND STYLES

TO SUIT THE

Requirements of Everybody.

THEY ARE THE VERY BEST.

For sale by
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
Cor. Peachtree and Walton, Sts. Atlanta, Ga.

GO TO

38 and 40 Walton St.

And see the most complete stock of Phaetons, Buggies and Vehicles generally, ever brought to Atlanta. Prices are right.

Standard Wagon Co.,

OF GEORGIA.

CLAUDE L. LEYDEN, Treasurer

july15 —dly no2m

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Co.

Stockholders' Meeting.

Atlanta, Ga., July 25, 1892.—The annual convention of stockholders of this company will be held in the office of the company at Atlanta, Ga., at 11 a. m., on Thursday, August 4, 1892. H. M. ABBETT, Secretary.

july25-3t.

GET YOUR PRINTING, Blank Books, Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Binding, Electrotyping, etc., etc., of

JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.,

(The Franklin Publishing House,)
State Printers, Atlanta, Ga.
Consult them before placing your orders.

Office of the Receivers of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., July 22.—The master having completed his examination of the accounts, the receivers are now prepared to pay all material and supply bills evidenced by vouchers (including those represented by note), for materials and supplies furnished since December 16, 1891, as directed by the court. Receivers' vouchers will be mailed immediately to parties in whose favor made, and will be paid on presentation to John W. Hall, treasurer of the receivers, at Washington, D. C.

Parties holding notes or acceptances of the company should forward same to the treasurer, who will remit such amount as has been approved by the masters and will return such notes or acceptances, with such payments endorsed thereon.

This applies only to material and supplies furnished the property now in the hands of the receivers.

F. W. HUIDEKOPER,
REUBEN FOSTER,
Receivers.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BUSSEY.—The friends and acquaintances of W. D., T. L., N. E. and H. H. Bussey and J. J. Baker and families are invited to attend the funeral of W. D. Bussey this morning at 8:15 o'clock at Payne's chapel. Special train will leave Simpson street after services at church for Oakland cemetery.

FAIN.—The funeral of John W. Fain will take place at the Central Presbyterian church this (Wednesday) afternoon at 4 o'clock, July 27. The friends of William N. Moore, of Rome, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. John N. Fain are invited to be present at the funeral services. The following gentlemen will please meet at Wylie & Barclay's undertaking establishment, No. 26 West Alabama street, at 3:30 o'clock to act as pallbearers: Dr. M. Z. Crist, F. C. Block, J. M. Slaton, Dr. J. A. Link, Lucian L. Knight, Gus Johnson, W. S. Rowell, M. Jack.

MEETINGS.

Attention, Gate City Lodge, K. of H.

Assemble at your hall this morning at 7:30 o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of brother W. D. Bussey.

Brothers A. Q. Adams, Squires, Ivey and Renard, will meet the Marietta express at Simpson street and act as pallbearers. Service at Payne's chapel. By order of
R. S. OZBORN, Dictator.
J. W. OLDKNOW, Reporter.

The members of West Side church and Asbury church will meet at Asbury, corner of Davis and Foundry streets, in a special union service, at 8 o'clock this evening. All are affectionately urged to attend.

A remarkably good revival meeting of four weeks continuance has just closed at West Side church with eighteen accessions to the church and a great quickening of interest in all departments of church work.
S. D. EVANS.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 26, 1892.

Atlanta Clearing Association Statement.

Clearings today......$ 254,900.06
For 2 days......... 711,382.05

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50@$2.00 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years	98	100	Atlanta 6s, L. D.	110	
New Ga. 3½s, 35 to 40 years	98½	100½	Atlanta 6s, S. D.	109	
New Ga. 4½s, 1915	109	111	Atlanta 5s, L. D.	100	
Georgia 7s, 1896	109		Atlanta 4½s	97	
Savannah 5s	103½		Augusta 7s, L. D.	107	
Atlanta 8s, 1902	120		Macon 6s	111½	
Atlanta 7s, 1904	113		Columbus 5s	100	
Atlanta 7s, 1899	108½		Rome graded	104	
			Waterworks 6s	103	
			Rome 5s	90	

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

Atlanta Nat'l	350		Lowry B'k Co.	140	150
Atlanta B. Co.	121	125	Atlanta Trust & Banking Co.	100	106
Ger L'n & B. Co.	100	102	Am'n Banking & Trust Co.	100	
Merch. Bank	150				
Bank S. of Ga.	150				
Gate City Nat.	145		South'n Bank'g & Trust Co.	103	103
Capital City	115	120			

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 6s, 1897	100		Ga. Pacific, 1st	98	100
Ga. 6s, 1910	110		Ga. Pacific, 2d		
Ga. 6s, 1922	112		A. P. & L., 1st 7s	101	
Central 7s, 1893	101		Mari'ta & N. G.		90
Char. Col. & A.	100		S., A. & M., 1st	75	78
At. & Florida					

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	165		Aug. & Sav.	118	
Southwestern	83		A. & W. P.	101	
Central		86	do deben	96	—
Cent. deben	46		E. At. L'nd Co.	105	

THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The stock market today displayed a little more animation, especially during the forenoon, and while this is regarded as only an incident in the dullness now prevalent, the strength in a few stocks points to the formation of pools here, and there in the list whose operations may serve as a nucleus of a more extended upward movement in the market when the time is ripe for it. Industrials now occupy most attention, and today while Sugar was by no means neglected, it was less prominent than during the last few days, and Distillers and Cotton Oil stocks were successively brought forward and advanced. The opening was made at irregular changes from last night's figures, but buying soon developed a strong temper, which was maintained after the first hour entirely by the strength in Industrials, and when these sank into dullness, all character left the market. Sugar was carried to $1.05, and Distillers to 49c in the first spurt, but later both reached fractionally higher prices, after which Cotton Oil rose over 1 per cent and retained its improvement nearly to the close. The railroad list was lifted fractionally, but was unable to retain the advance, and Rock Island and Burlington suffered from unconfirmed crop reports, which recounted great damage to corn by heat. The list, however, was held at about the opening figures in most cases, and the market finally closed very dull and stagnant at concessions. Final changes in railroad stocks are in all cases for insignificant fractions, but Cotton Oil is up 1 1-4c; Sugar, 1 1-8, and Distillers 1 1-6 per cent. Sales, listed, 103,000; unlisted, 28,000.

Exchange quiet and steady at 487½@488; commercial bills 485¾@488.

Money easy at 1½@2, closing offered at 2.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $88,177,000; currency, $7,964,000.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 116.

State bonds dull but steady.

Ala., Class A, 2 to 5	100¾	N. Y. Central	112¼
do., Class B, 5s	104	Norfolk & West. pref.	43½
N. C. con. 6s	124½	Northern Pacific	20½
do. 4s	98	do. preferred	55¾
S. C. con. Brown	95	Pacific Mail	33¼
Tennessee 6s	105	Reading	60½
Tennessee 5s	100	Rich. & W. P. Ter.	8¾
Tenn. settlement 3s	75	Rock Island	79½
Virginia 6s	35	St. Paul	82½
Virginia consols	45	do. preferred	126
Chicago and N. W.	117¼	Texas Pacific	8¾
do. preferred	142	Tenn. Coal & Iron	38
Del. and Lack.	156¾	Union Pacific	37¼
Erie	27⅝	N. J. Central	136½
East Tenn., new	4¼	Missouri Pacific	58
Lake Shore	134½	Western Union	94¾
Louisville & Nash	69¼	Cotton Oil Trust	41½
Memphis & Char	50	Brunswick	7
Mobile & Ohio	37	Mobile & Ohio 4s	64½
Nash. & Chat.	86	Silver certificates	86
Texas Pacific 1st	80	Sugar	105¾

*Ex-dividend.

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Stock Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The market found a little support from the foreigners this morning and they bought about four thousand shares of stocks, still speculation was very dull all day, and during the afternoon prices shaded off a little as reports from the growing corn and spring wheat were that the excessive heat out west was injuring the growing crops. Reports received were no doubt exaggerated, but still the corn crop is in a very precarious condition, and the outlook for more than a one-billion-five-hundred-million bushel crop is not brilliant. The greatest damage seems to be made in Kansas and on this hypothesis a little stock was sold in Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and Rock Island. St. Paul held steady throughout. This road has gained a great many friends on account of its excellent earnings. Sterling exchange market is firm and it looks as if a couple of million dollars of gold would go out Saturday. The weather bureau predicts hot and dry weather for the next thirty-six hours in the southwest, and if the weather does not change we expect to see it reflected in the Grangers.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 26.

Local—Market steady; middling 6¾c.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
July	7.14@....	7.19@7.20
August	7.20@....	7.21
September	7.28@....	7.29
October	7.38@....	7.39
November	7.46@....	7.49
December	7.55@7.56	7.58@7.59
January	7.64@7.66	7.67@7.68
February	7.74@....	7.77
March	7.84@....	7.87

Closed steady; sales 136,900 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS.		STOCK.	
	1892	1891	1892	1891	1892	1891
Saturday	477	477	5061	6920	483221	286117
Monday	1088	1929	11891	5042	466477	294791
Tuesday	1534	2387	275	900	463189	296392
Wednesday						
Thursday						
Friday						
Total	3099	4793	17227	12862		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	7.33	July	6.98
February	7.41	August	6.98
March	7.49	September	7.03
April		October	7.11
May		November	7.18
June		December	7.30

Closed steady; sales 20,200 bales.

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, July 26—Reports of extremely hot weather and drought doing damage throughout the [illegible] portion of Texas were sent from that section to Liverpool last night and caused an advance of 4 points before the close of that market. Spinners have also bought very freely for a Manchester day, and their purchases are taken as indicating a better tone in Manchester. This impression is confirmed by cables from that market reporting a better feeling. Our market has not fully responded to this advance in Liverpool because of the fear of action on the part of the senate upon the Hatch bill. Though the prospects of the bill being postponed until the winter session are increasing, we can hardly expect any large buying demand until the defeat of this bill is assured. Crop accounts do not improve materially. The rains left the fields overgrown with grass, and the hot weather is causing the grass to grow as rapidly as the cotton and choking the plant. During the afternoon the market became firmer and closed at about the best prices of the day. The feeling in favor of cotton is increasing, and the weather indications point to a continuance of the hot, dry weather in Texas. Should that state go without rain for another ten days serious complaint will be in order.

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, July 26—The market opened firm in sympathy with higher Liverpool, and under the influence of a later advance of 2-64d during the day in the latter market, ruled strong all day. The features of the day were reports of extensive damage to the cotton plant in Texas by excessive and continued heat and dry weather. Altogether the market has a firm tone and the repeated reports of damage in different states have created a better feeling here and have encouraged purchases. The Hatch bill seems now out of the way. It is going to be referred to the finance committee, and it is the general opinion that it will be killed. Unless weather conditions in the cotton belt soon change for the better we look with confidence for higher prices.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 26—12:15 p.m.—Cotton spot steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 3 15-16; sales 8,000 bales; American 7,300; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 2,000; American 1,700; uplands low middling clause July and August delivery —; August and September delivery 3 56-64, 3 57-64, 3 58-64; September and October delivery 3 59-64, 3 60-64, 3 61-64; October and November delivery 3 62-64, 3 63-64; November and December delivery 4 1-64, 4 2-64; December and January delivery 4 4-64; January and February delivery 4 6-64, 4 7-64; futures opened firm.

LIVERPOOL, July 26—4:00 p. m. — Uplands low middling clause July delivery 3 59-64, sellers; July and August delivery 3 59-64, sellers; August and September delivery 3 59-64, sellers; September and October delivery 3 62-64, sellers; October and November delivery 4 1-64, sellers; November and December delivery 4 1-64, sellers; December and January delivery 4 6-64, 4 7-64; January and February delivery 4 9-64, sellers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, July 26—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 920 bales; middling uplands 7¼; Orleans 7½; net receipts 205; gross 717; stock 298,832.

GALVESTON, July 26—Cotton dull; middling 7; net receipts 279 bales; gross 279; sales none; stock 13,071.

NORFOLK, July 26—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅛; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; sales 52; stock 4,493; exports to Great Britain 175; coastwise 25.

BALTIMORE, July 26—Cotton nominal; middling 7⅝; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; to spinners —; stock 17,024.

BOSTON, July 26—Cotton dull; middling 7¼; net receipts 126 bales; gross 722; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, July 26—Cotton quiet; middling 6¾; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 4,771.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾; net receipts none bales; gross 29; sales none; stock 9,915.

SAVANNAH, July 26—Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 148 bales; gross 148; sales 55; stock 5,201; exports coastwise 236.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26—Cotton quiet; middling 7 1-16; net receipts 726 bales; gross 726; sales 1,750; stock 86,032.

MOBILE, July 26—Cotton nominal; middling 7; net receipts 4 bales; gross 4; sales none; stock 7,943.

MEMPHIS, July 26—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 7; net receipts 38 bales; sales 50; shipments 161; stock 27,768.

AUGUSTA, July 26—Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 10 bales; shipments 14; sales 60; stock 7,738.

CHARLESTON, July 26—Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 33 bales; gross 33; sales none; stock 15,367; exports coastwise 150.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, July 26—Wheat opened ⅛c higher than it closed and was barely 1 1-16c over yesterday's price at the end of the session. September opened at 78½c, sold at 78c, went up to 78⅝c and closed at 78⅛.

September corn opened at 50⅞c, reached 50⅝c and closed at 50⅛c.

Oats were quiet and firm early on crop advices; but then eased off. September sold from 31⅛c early to 30¾@30⅞c, finally recovered to 31⅛c and closed at 31c.

Provisions were inactive but very firm. The principal trading in futures was in barreled pork. Lard and ribs were comparatively neglected.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
July	79⅛	79⅛	78¾
CORN—			
July	51	51¾	51¼
OATS—			
July	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
PORK—			
September	12 30	12 35	12 32½
LARD—			
September	7 37½	7 40	7 37½
SIDES—			
September	7 75	7 75	7 72½

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Wheat opened about 1-2 cent up on better foreign advices and in sympathy somewhat with corn. Soon after opening the market acted in a very indifferent manner, remaining dull most of the time. The selling at the opening was mostly for local account. St. Louis was also a seller, but not in any quantity. New York was a small buyer, in fact the market has been a small affair all day, closing barely steady, having lost all the advance. The greatest interest was given to corn, which at the opening was nervous at 1-2@3-4 cent over yesterday's close. Although at the advance there was a fair demand, yet enough was offered to supply all the wants, making the opening prices the top for the day. Local receipts were eighty cars more than estimated. The signal service this morning reported about the same as yesterday—hot weather everywhere. No rain through the west or southwest. The only traces of rain were in the northwest. About midday several reports were received from several points south and west reporting rains, and at one place reporting hard rains. This prospect of rain created for a time a little selling. Late cables quoted corn 1 1-4 cents higher, making the close at about 1-4 cent below the opening but 1-2 cent above yesterday's close.

The provision market today has been small, opening at a slight advance this morning and closing at about opening figures, with no new features to report.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 26, 1892.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, July 26—Flour—First patent $5.50; second patent $5.00; extra fancy $4.50; fancy $4.25; family $3.50@4.00. Corn—No. 1 white 68c; No. 2 white 66c; mixed 65c. Oats—White 44c; mixed 42c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, $1.00; No. 1 timothy, large bales, 95c; choice timothy small bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 85c. Meal—Plain 67c; bolted 58c. Wheat bran—large sacks, 85c; small sacks 87. Cotton seed meal — $1.10 ℔ cwt. Steam feed—$1.35 ℔ cwt. Grits—Pearl $3.50.

NEW YORK, July 26 — Flour, southern dull but steady; common to fair extra $2.45@3.25; good to choice $3.30@4.60. Wheat, spot lower and fairly active, closing firm; No. 2 red 85¼@85½ in elevator; options closed steady; No. 2 red July 85¼; September 84⅝; October —. Corn, spot lower and moderately active; No. 2 58 in elevator; options closed steady ¼@⅜c lower; July 58; August 56¾; September 55¾; October —. Oats, spot dull; options dull but firmer; July 36⅛; September 36⅛; No. 2 spot 36@36¼; mixed western 35@38.

ST. LOUIS, July 26—Flour dull; choice $3.15@3.20; patents $4.45@4.65; fancy $3.50@3.70; family $3.00@3.10. Wheat closed at ⅜@½c decline; No. 2 red cash 79¼; July 79; August 74¾; September —. Corn, cash higher; No. 2 mixed cash 47½; July 47½; August 47½; September 46⅞ bid. Oats, No. 2 cash and July 31¼; September 30⅝.

BALTIMORE, July 26—Flour dull; Howard street and western superfine $1.10@2.50; extra $2.40@3.50; family $3.90@4.40. Wheat, southern steady; Fultz 75@83; longberry 80@84; western steady; No. 2 red winter spot 83½@83⅝. Corn southern white firm at 60@61; yellow dull at 57@58.

CHICAGO, July 26—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull and weak; winter patents $4.20@4.40; spring patents $4.10@4.50; bakers $3.00@3.25. No. 2 spring wheat 78¾; No. 3 do.—; No. 2 red 78⅛@79. No. 2 corn 51⅛. No. 2 oats 31⅛@31¼.

CINCINNATI, July 26—Flour easy; family $2.60@2.85; fancy $3.05@3.30. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 75@75¼. Corn strong; No. 2 mixed 51. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 33½@33¾.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, July 26 — Roasted coffee — Arbuckle's 19.80c ℔ 100 ℔ cases; Lion 19.80c; Levering's 19.80c. Green—Extra choice 20c; choice good 19c; fair 18c; common 16½c. Sugar—Granulated 5c; powdered 5⅛c; cut loaf 5⅛c; white extra C 4¼c; New Orleans yellow clarified 4½c; yellow extra C 4c. Syrup — New Orleans choice 45@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@35c; imitation 22@25c. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@50c. Nutmeg 65@70c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c. Singapore pepper 14c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Fair 7¼c; good 6¼c; common 5½@6c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; Ivecream $1.10; Virginia 75c. Cheese —Full cream, Cheddars —; flats 12c. White fish—½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soap—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 ℔s, $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 60 ℔s $2.25@2.50. Candles—Paraffin 12c; star 10½c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s, 5 gross, $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk, 5c; do. 1 ℔ packages 5¼c; cases, 1 ℔ 5⅜c; do 1 and ½℔s 6c; do. ¼ ℔s 6½c. Crackers—XXX soda 6⅛c; XXX butter 6⅛c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9c. Candy—Assorted stick 6⅛c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; imitation mackerel $3.95@4.00; salmon $600@7.50; F.W. oysters $1.75; L. W. $1.25; corn $2.50@3.50; tomatoes $1.60. Ball potash $3.20. Starch—Pearl 4½c; lump 5c; nickel package $3.50; celluloid $5.00. Pickles—Plain or mixed, pints, $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Powder—Rifle, kegs, $5.50; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.63. Shot—$1.70 ℔ sack.

NEW YORK, July 26—Coffee, options closed steady; August 12.35@12.40; September 12.45; spot Rio quiet and steady; No. 7 13¼; fair cargoes 16½. Sugar, raw, fair to good; refining 2 31-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 7-16@3½; refined steady and quiet; mould A 4 9-16; standard A 4 5-16@4 7-16; off A 4⅛@4 15-16; confectioners' A 4 5-16; cut loaf 5@5½; crushed 5@5½; powdered 4⅝@4¾; granulated 4¼@4 9-16; cubes 4¾@4¾. Molasses foreign dull; 50-test 11½@12; New Orleans steady and quiet; open kettle common to fancy 25@35. Rice steady and quiet; domestic fair to extra 4¾@5½; Japan 5¼@5¼.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26—Coffee firmer; Rio ordinary to fair 14@17¼. Sugar quiet; open kettle Louisiana, choice 3½; fully fair to prime 3¼; good common to good fair 2 13-16@3; centrifugals off plantation granulated 3¾; off white 3½; gray white 3¼@3⅜; choice yellow clarified 3⅜; prime do. 4; off do. 3 13-16; seconds 3½@3 9-16. Molasses steady; open kettle centrifugals, strictly prime 19; good prime 16@17; fair to prime 10@13; common to good common 6@9 Louisiana syrup 24@34. Rice in fair demand; Louisiana ordinary to good 3½@4¾.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, July 26—Provisions steady and higher. Pork new $12.75. Lard, prime steam 7.10@7.25. Dry salt meats, loose shoulders 7.25; long clear 7.80; clear ribs 7.80; short clear 7.95. Bacon, boxed shoulders 7.25; long clear 8.87½; clear ribs 8.87½; short clear 9.12½ hams 11½@13½.

NEW YORK, July 26—Pork quiet but firm; mess old $12.25@13.25; prime extra $12.50. Middles quiet and quiet; short clear 7.95. Lard firmer but quiet; western steam 7.05; city steam 6.75; options, July 7.80; September 7.62.

ATLANTA, July 26—Clear rib sides, boxed 8⅜c; ice-cured bellies 10½c. Sugar-cured hams 13½@15½c, according to brand and average; California 9c. Breakfast bacon 11½c. Lard—Leaf 8⅜c.

CHICAGO, July 26—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $12.15@12.20. Lard 7.30@7.32½. Short ribs loose 7.75@7.85. Dry salt shoulders boxed 7.00@7.25; short clear sides boxed 7.85@7.90.

CINCINNATI, July 26—Pork firm; new $12.50. Lard strong; current make 7.12½@7.15. Bulk meats in fair demand; short ribs 8.00. Bacon firm; short clear 9.12½.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, July 26—Turpentine steady at 26½; rosin firm; strained 85; good strained 90; tar quiet at $1.30; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.85; virgin $1.55.

NEW YORK, July 26—Rosin quiet and steady; strained to good strained $1.22½@1.27½; turpentine steady and quiet at 29½@30.

CHARLESTON, July 26—Turpentine steady at 27; rosin firm; good strained $1.00.

SAVANNAH, July 26—Turpentine firm at 27½; rosin firm at $1.10@1.15.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, July 26—Eggs 9@10c. Butter—Western creamery 20@22½c; choice Tennessee 15@18c; other grades 10@12½c. Live poultry—Turkeys 10@12½c ℔ ℔; hens 27@30c; young chickens, large 20@25c; small spring 10@15c; ducks 15@18c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys 18@20c; ducks 12½@15; chickens 15@16c. Irish potatoes $1.50@2.90 ℔ bbl. Sweet potatoes, new $2.00@2.50 ℔ bu. Honey—Strained 8@10c; in the comb 10@12c. Onions $2.50 ℔ bbl; crates 75@$1.00.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, July 26—Pears—LeConte $2.00@2.50 crate. Lemons $5.00. Oranges — Messina $5.00@5.50. Cocoanuts 3½@4c. Pineapples $1.00@2.00 ℔ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.50@2.00. Figs 13@18c. Raisins—New California $2.25; ½ boxes $1.50; ¼ boxes 75c. Currants 7@8c. Leghorn citron 20@25c. Nuts—Almonds 16c; pecans 12@14c. Brazil 9@10c. Filberts 11½c. Walnuts 16c. Peanuts—Virginia, electric light 5½@6c; fancy handpicked 4½@5c; North Carolina 4@5c.

Petroleum Markets.

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june28-1m Proprietor.

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jun2e6-12t-sun wed sat

ABSOLUTELY · FIREPROOF



In addition to being favorite in fall and winter, it is most desirable, cool and delightful for spring and summer visitors. Located in the heart of New York city, at Fifth avenue and Fifty-eight and Fifty-ninth streets, and overlooking Central Park and Plaza square. Convenient to places of amusement and stores. Fifth avenue stages, cross-town and belt line horse cars pass the doors. Terminal station Sixth avenue elevated road within half a block. Conducted on American and European plans. The water and ice used are vaporized and frozen on the premises and certified as to purity by Professor Charles F. Chandler.
SUMMER RATES.
june 19—30t sun wed fri

HOTEL BELMONT,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

The best hotel in Asheville for summer visitors New; first class; lowest rates.
J. B. Steele, Mgr. (late Mgr. Battery Park hotel
july-13—dtoaug10 wed

PAVILION HOTEL
New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

This renowned and popular resort has been greatly improved and made more attractive than ever. A delightful sail of only thirty minutes from New York; every amusement; 250 large airy rooms; unsurpassed walks and drives. Open April to November.
july6-4t-wed RHODES & DICK CO.

A. B. DARLING, formerly Battle house, Mobile, Hiram Hitchcock, formerly St. Charles hotel, New Orleans.
FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL,
Madison Square, New York.
The largest, best appointed and most liberally managed hotel in the city, with the most central and delightful location.
HITCHCOCK, DARLING & CO.
july15-3m-sun-wed-fri-mon

Rest, Health, Pleasure
—AT—
The Oakland Heights,

Formerly Oakland Inn,
ASHEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA.

A first-class hotel, with fully equipped and scientifically conducted bath department—Turkish, Roman, Russian and salt baths, massage, electricity, etc. Every appointment conducive to health and pleasure.
ONLY HOUSE IN ASHEVILLE WHERE CONSUMPTIVES ARE NOT RECEIVED.
Two resident physicians from New York city.
Chemically pure spring supplies water for house and baths.
Special rates for summer. Send for circulars. june3-3m-fri-wed-sun

The Alaska



Refrigerator.

FACTS WORTH CONSIDERING

The qualities sought for in the refrigerator are Preservation of Perishable Food and an Economical Use of Ice.

The economical use of ice depends entirely upon the principle involved, the construction of the Refrigerator, and in utilizing all the cold air.

Dry atmosphere and uniform temperature can be obtained only by a perfect circulation of the air in the Refrigerator, and its condensation in the ice chamber.

The Alaska is constructed upon strictly scientific principles, by which low temperature and dryness of air are naturally and inevitably obtained.

The Alaska possesses a provision chamber free from odor.

The Alaska produces better results with less ice than any other refrigerator.

The Alaska is a dry-air refrigerator, and the best one ever patented.

DOBBS, WEY & CO.
61 Peachtree Street.

TAILOR - MADE
CLOTHES!

It is customary nowadays for gentlemen to have their CLOTHING made to order.

I am well prepared to do your work in first-class style at

MODERATE PRICES.

In fact, for the next few weeks I will sell the choicest Suitings at COST. This is done to reduce my summer stock. Call and see me.

HARRY ELSTON,
THE CLOTHIER,
No. 3 East Alabama St.
june 30—1m

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—To the Superior Court of Said County: The petition of James E. Butler and William T. Spalding respectfully shows that they and their associates, successors and assigns desire to be incorporated and made a body politic under the name of the Butler Car Company, for the full term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of said time, with power to govern themselves by such rules and by-laws as they may adopt in conformity with law and this charter, and with all the common rights, powers, duties and privileges of corporations under the laws of Georgia.

The objects of said corporation and the particular business it proposes to carry on for profit to its stockholders, are the buying, leasing, manufacturing, selling and renting, or otherwise dealing in, railway supplies and equipment of all kinds and descriptions, such as railroad freight cars, passenger cars, locomotive engines, and railroad supplies and equipment generally.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, divided into shares of $100 each. All of said capital stock has been fully paid in. Petitioners pray that power be vested in the board of directors of said corporation to increase said capital stock from time to time to any amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars.

The principal office of said corporation shall be in Fulton county, Ga., but it desires the privilege of establishing such branch offices elsewhere as its business may require.

Petitioners pray for power to own, rent, lease and hold such real estate and other property as may be necessary to procure shops, warehouses, stores and other buildings that may be required in its business, or that may be necessary in carrying out the objects of said corporation.

Wherefore petitioners pray that, after compliance with the statutes as to filing, publication, etc., the court may pass an order incorporating them, their associates and successors, under the name and with all the powers and privileges above set out.

And petitioners will ever pray, etc.
ALEX W. SMITH, Petitioners' Attorney.
Filed in office July 12, 1892.
G. H. TANNER,
Clerk of Superior Court.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—The above is a true copy of the original application for charter of "The Butler Car Company," as appears of file in this office.

Witness my hand and seal of said court this the 12th day of July, 1892.
G. H. TANNER,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.
july13-d5t wed.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.—All creditors of the estate of Mars C. Blanchard, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.
June 15, 1892. WARD H. BLANCHARD,
june 15-d6t wed Administrator.

W. A. HEMPHILL President. H. T. INMAN, Vice Prest ALONZO RICHARDSON, Cash

The Atlanta Trust & Banking Co

CORNER PRYOR AND ALABAMA STREETS.

Capital, $150,000. Undivided Profits, $30,000.

TOTAL LIABILITY OF STOCKHOLDERS, $330,000.

A general banking business transacted.
Superior advantages for handling collections.
Commercial paper discounted at current rates.
Loans made on marketable collaterals.

Accounts of Banks, Corporations, Firms and Individuals Solicited.

Issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, drawing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum if left three months; 4½ per cent per annum if left six months; and 5 per cent per annum if left twelve months

DIRECTORS:

W. A. Hemphill, H. T. Inman, Charles N. Fowler, H. Y. McCord, E. C. Spalding, J. Carroll Payne, A. J. Shropshire, Allen P. Morgan, Alonzo Richardson.

feb 26 d 1y

EO. W. PARROTT, President. CHAS. A. COLLIER, Vice President. JACOB HAAS, Cash

THE CAPITAL CITY BANK,

CITY DEPOSITORY.

CAPITAL, $400,000. SURPLUS, $100,000.

Individual liability same as national banks; transacts a general banking business; commercial paper discounted; loans made upon approved collateral, and collections on points in the United States, Canada and throughout Europe, made on the most favorable terms; draw our own bills of exchange on Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, France, Austria and other European states; invite the accounts of individuals, firms, banks, bankers and corporations; issue demand certificates or savings bank book to draw interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum if left 60 days, 4 per cent per annum if left 6 months; 4½ per cent per annum if left 12 months. nov21-dly fin pg

R. F. Maddox, Pres't.; J. W. Rucker, Vice Pres't.; W. L. Peel, Cash'r.; G. A. Nicolson, Ass't Cash'r

Maddox-Rucker Banking Co.

Capital, $150,000. Charter Liability, $300,000.

Transact a general Banking Business; approved paper discounted, and loans made on collateral. Will be pleased to meet or correspond with parties contemplating changing or opening new accounts. Issue interest-bearing certificates of deposit payable on demand, as follows: 3½ per cent, if left 60 days; 4 per cent if left six months, 5 per cent if left 12 months.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK

OF ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.......................$300,000

SAFE DEPOSIT AND STORAGE VAULT.

Boxes to rent at from $5 to $20 per annum, according to size. Interest paid on deposits as follows: Issues Demand Certificates to draw interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum if left four months; 4 per cent per annum if left six months; 4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months. Accommodations limited solely by the requirements of sound banking principles. Patronage solicited.

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Southern Mutual Building and Loan Association.

JULY 1, 1892.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Bonds, mortgages, first liens on real estate and stock of the association	$915,159 41	Payments on stock account series 1 to 36	$400,149 36
Furniture and fixtures	2,000 00	Profits apportioned	162,005 77
Cash in branch offices, in course of transmission and due from members	15,366 00	Bills payable	7,000 00
Balances on accounts	860 92	Unearned premiums	341,005 88
Real estate account	791 90	Undivided profits	2,335 25
Cash on hand	6,149 44	Due to complete loans	13,125 00
		Surplus from expense fund	12,500 00
		Balance of expense fund not used	2,245 41
	$940,336 67		$940,336 67

INCREASE IN PROFITS.

Profits July 1, 1890.....$ 16,113.08 | Profits July 1, 1891.....$ 78,977.13 | Profits July 1, 1892.....$162,005.77

GROWTH IN ASSETS.

Assets July 1, 1890.....$283,141.40 | Assets July 1, 1891.....$560,392.57 | Assets July 1, 1892.....$940,336.67

OFFICERS.

HENRY L. ATWATER, President. A. J. ORME, Vice Pres. and Manager Loan Department.
WM. C. HALE, Sec. and Gen. Mgr. H. P. WILLIAMS, Asst. Sec. ELLIS & GRAY, Gen. Counsel.
L. J. LAIRD, Manager Agencies. R. M. FARRAR, Treasurer,

Home Office—Corner Pryor and Decatur Streets, ATLANTA, GA.

☞ Any information will be cheerfully given by the Secretary.
july10-1m sun tues fri

LINSEED OIL.

Genuine Old-Fashioned, Kettle-Boiled Linseed Oil.
GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE.

We are the only firm in the South that do our boiling here. Try it, and if not found as represented it will cost you nothing.

F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.,
Manufacturers of Pure Paints and Varnishes,
21 EAST ALABAMA STREET, - - - ATLANTA, GA

MALLARY BROS. & CO.,
MACON, GA.

DROP US A LINE AND GET ESTIMATES ON



Engines, Boilers, Gins,
Presses,
Saw and Grist Mills,
—OR ANYTHING IN THE—
MACHINERY LINE

Mention this paper.

W. B. GUIMARIN, V. Pres. P. D. WILSON, Sec F. J. ENGLESG. M.

THE GUIMARIN - ENGLES CO.

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS, PLUMBING AND REPAIRS
CONTRACT WORK A SPECIALTY.

13 SOUTH BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA
TELEPHONE 469.
mar 6 1 y sun wed fri

WHAT? THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., WITH ITS SIX LARGE FACTORIES, MAKERS OF OVER 11,000,000 SEWING MACHINES

WHERE? SOUTHERN OFFICES:
205 BROAD STREET, - - - RICHMOND.
135 CANAL STREET, - - - NEW ORLEANS.
117 WHITEHALL ST., - - ATLANTA, GA.
AND
IN EVERY CITY OF THE CIVILIZED WORLD.

WHY? BECAUSE—THEY MAKE AN HONEST MACHINE,
A MACHINE FOR EVERY TRADE USING A NEEDLE,
A LIGHT-RUNNING, NOISELESS, DURABLE MACHINE.
THEREFORE
THE PEOPLE WILL HAVE IT.

DEKALB'S 'CUE.

Democratic Speeches and Hospitality at Stone Mountain.

THIRD PARTYITES WERE CONVERTED.

Joe James, Congressman Livingston and Farmer Smith Talk Good Common Sense—A Splendid Gathering.

The democrats of DeKalb, Rockdale, Walton and Newton had an enthusiastic meeting at Stone Mountain yesterday.

A huge barbecue drew two or three thousand people, and the crowd attracted representative men. Colonel John S. Candler, the solicitor general of the circuit, was the chairman of the occasion, and ran things in fine style. He had good speakers and plenty of them, and a great spread and lots to eat.

Congressman Livingston was on the ground early and circulated among the voters, shaking them by the hand while his two opponents in the canvass were busy in the city looking after the primaries. The congressman was busy making hay in DeKalb while the other candidates were whetting their scythes in Fulton. Colonel Nesbitt, commissioner of agriculture, was out there, too, serene and smiling. He had left the Fulton fight in the hands of his friends.

Colonel Milton Candler stayed until midday, leaving on the train which brought Georgia's big farmer, Colonel Jim Smith, of Oglethorpe. Joe James was out there, but Rev. Samuel Small was not.

Several went out on the 8 o'clock train from Atlanta. At every station the crowd was increased

As the train approached the mountain, the vehicles moving along the public road grew closer together until they became a procession.

The pavilion at the town was filled with benches shaded by a grove of magnificent oaks. This pavilion made a cool and delightful place for speaking and listening.

A brass band played the music for the widow's dance "ta-ra-ra-boom-de-ay," and the multitude quietly filled the benches. Back of the speakers' stand a large group of third party men assembled.

Democracy's daughters were out in white dresses and sailor hats, and it was noticeable that the orators spoke as much to the fair wearers as to voters.

Colonel Candler Opens the Speaking.

Colonel John Candler called the assemblage to order and made a short, eloquent speech which was frequently applauded. He said that the occasion was of great interest to the party and the country. Continuing he said:

We have with us some of Georgia's most distinguished sons and democracy's most loyal leaders. It would not be fitting for me to speak to you at length of our great party and its distinctive principles through the most glorious part of the history of this country. Its magnificent state policy, its national prowess and purity for nearly a century are familiar to you all. In all essential elements its principles are the same as when founded by the framers of the constitution. It is the party of Thomas Jefferson, James Madison and Andrew Jackson. As they taught and led it, it stands today under the leadership of Grover Cleveland, the party of the people, for the elevation of every man, for equal rights and equal opportunities for all, the resolute enemy of monopoly, of class favoritism and corporate oppression, and the friend of labor. (Applause.)

Commencing with reconstruction, with our hands manacled, with our ballot boxes surrounded by gleaming bayonets, with carpetbag rulers and a ruined credit, democracy has fought the battles of our people, and while it has shared the vicissitudes, the frailties and the faults of humanity, it has profited by the sweet uses of adversity.

These leaders, with the dignity that became heroic statesmen, with the courage of men who love their country better than its patronage and power, have stood upon its principles and battled for them until today it stands forth with a disciplined patriotism, fitted to invoke and receive the restoration of that power which for half a century it wielded to the nation's glory.

In a large majority of the states of this union democracy has resumed its control, and in this good year, by the grace of God, who is on the side of right, we propose to take charge of the national government and with those great men whose very lives and whose very names are a platform to this people, Cleveland and Stevenson—(applause)—to right the wrongs and lighten the burdens of the toiling millions of our country.

We want reform in the personnel, in the men as well as in the measures of the government. We want real reform, a reform that shall mean what it says, and that will say what it means.

There never was a time in the history of our party when the enemy invited defeat as now. A great host of dissatisfied men of the republican party are heard in the east, in the north and in the west; and if we of the south will but stand shoulder to shoulder for honest government we will reach the goal for which we have struggled since 1868, and democracy will have its first opportunity since 1860 to relieve the burdened condition of the country.

While our party should not deviate one iota from its principles, it should, with open arms, say to those dissatisfied republicans and to those of our brethren who have been led astray, "Come and go with us." Here is the party of the constitution that loves our common country, that is for honest rule, honest government and economical administration. There is but one hope for the country. It is vain to look to any new party organization for relief. The prosperity and progress and hope of the republic rest today upon the wisdom, patriotism and success of democracy. That we may hear the truth, believe the truth and be saved from political damnation, we have assembled together. (Applause.)

Local Issues Discussed.

Concluding, Colonel Candler introduced Charles W. Smith, of the Edgewood district, candidate for senator. Mr. Smith made a good democratic speech. He had no word of abuse for those who were being led off, but he condemned the leaders for misleading the people. The republican party, he declared, is playing the third party. Mr. Smith spoke in favor of the state of Georgia maintaining the Veterans' home, which he believed would not be of much expense. DeKalb county, he was sure favored it.

Taking up General Weaver, Mr. Smith read extracts from speeches defaming the south, "and this is the man who the third party has selected to remedy the wrongs of the south."

Mr. Smith discussed the tax equalization law. He pointed out defects in it, and stated that he believed he would be able if elected to have the law amended. He had something to say against legislators accepting free passes, declaring that he did not believe a member of the house or senate could use a free pass and then do justice between the state and the people. Mr. Smith asked the voters of the district to support him for the state senate.

James on Small.

Colonel Joe James, of Douglas, came next. He was right from the hottest of the fight, he announced, and he took it up with a volley of hot shot at the third party's leaders. "I come from the county from which C. C. Post once hailed and I will tell you something about him. I will tell you something about Samuel W. Small, too, and my friend Peek and Mr. Chupp, of this county."

Colonel James began in a conversational tone and caught the crowd. He told a story on Chupp, who he said reminded him of the man with the silk hat at the hotel. He tried the hat on the wrong way. It would not fit. The intoxicated owner studied it for a moment and exclaimed: "This is my hat, but who am I?" Mr. Chupp has changed backwards and forwards until it is doubtful if he knows where he stands. Referring to the third party's candidate for governor the speaker stated that when Colonel Peek was in the senate he made a speech two hours' long favoring the sale the State road. Colonel Peek took the position then that no sovereignty had a right to own a railroad. Now he wants the federal government to own all the railroads in the country.

Taking up Rev. Sam Small, Colonel James told a story about two hunters. A deer sped past their stand going a mile a minute. One hunter called to the other not to shoot as the buck would kill himself before running far. This story was applied to Mr. Small and the crowd laughed. "Sam is listening to that bee which is buzzing congress in his ear. He is willing to leave the prohibition party if the third party will send him to congress. He said, you know, that he had laid prohibition on the shelf for awhile."

Colonel James alluded to C. C. Post as "Chicago Charley," and the crowd hurrahed. Post has been a greenbacker and a republican and denounced the southern people as traitors. Douglas county is not going to be led by him. Colonel James riddled the idea that more currency would advance the price of cotton, as claimed by some third party leaders. In 1869 when the amount of currency was $17.50 per capita cotton was 25 cents a pound. In 1880 with $19.41 per capita cotton was 12 cents a pound. In 1891 with $23.40 per capita cotton was 6 cents a pound. The speaker cited other figures, showing that in 1869 the crop was 4,000,000 bales, in 1880 it was over five million bales and in 1891 it was nearly nine million bales. If 10,000,000 bales are raised this year the price will be 5 cents. Overproduction has brought down the price. Colonel James declared that he had no objection to more money, but he was not going to claim blessings for it which would not accrue. He went on to show the democratic party's record on demonetization and the national banking law. He gave the history of the legislature on both these subjects and it was convincingly clear that the democratic party had done all in its power to prevent both, and that the republican party is responsible for both. Contradicting the assertion often heard that the democratic party favored the contraction of the currency the speaker declared that every democrat but four in congress voted against it. Holding up Tom Watson's book he had some fun at the author's expense, and said that it is full of errors. He had found six on one page. He hoped to meet the hero, Watson, some day and point out to him some of his errors.

Then Colonel James referred to Sam Small again. He explained that he had Sam on the train. Sam, said he, has declared that Grover Cleveland would veto a bill reducing the tariff. "I hope Sam didn't mean that," he added, and the crowd whooped.

Colonel Peek reminded him, he said, of the fellow who was a guest once at a house where biscuits were on the bill of fare. Reaching out and scooping the whole plateful, the guest exclaimed: "I like these as well as anybody and get as few of them." That is the way with Colonel Peek and the offices. "Money is not going to be dealt out in big plugs like tobacco, my friends, if Tom Watson does preach that, and don't you believe it." Colonel James wound up by a ringing charge against government ownership of railroads. His speech bristled with statistics and brilliant points and he displayed an intimate acquaintance with the topics he was talking about. His address made a fine impression. It held the interest of every one, and was applauded over and over.

Colonel Livingston.

Congressman L. F. Livingston was brought out next and he was received with flattering applause. He looked thoroughly at ease and sailed right into the subject matter without much preliminary. "I tell you what you want," he began. "You want less noise and more information. You want less humbuggery and more candor and truth. Now, today I want to talk to your heads, to your reason, and not to your prejudices." Turning around and facing the group right back of the stand he exclaimed: "I see here a number of my friends who have gone off after false doctrines. The men who have been filling you full of stuff either wilfully misrepresented facts or were ignorant and it does not make any difference which, so far as the effect is concerned. The issue today is one of principle and not men. It makes no difference what becomes of Livingston or Joe James or any other man. If 100 of the best men were to die tomorrow the country would be safe if truth prevailed. We are all striving to accomplish the same thing—the greatest good to the greatest number, to secure the best interests of the whole people. We differ as to method." Colonel Livingston directly picked up a copy of The Arena, a Boston magazine, and reading an extract from it made a clear point on Tom Watson. The editor had asked Watson to give his reasons why Harrison should not be re-elected. Watson replied that if Harrison is re-elected class legislation will be perpetuated. The only way Harrison can be defeated is by a majority of the people voting for Cleveland. Every vote polled for the third party in the south is a vote for Harrison and class legislation and the force bill. Colonel Livingston elaborated his idea and convicted Watson out of his own mouth. Watson claims six or seven southern states for the third party. Now, if they are carried that way, Cleveland is gone, Harrison is re-elected and government by the people is dead, as Watson says.

The national banking system cannot be immediately broken up by repealing the law. The banks are chartered and the banks have fifteen years more to run. Create state banks, said Colonel Livingston, and the people will patronize them. In that way the national banks can be driven out of existence, but not by repealing the national banking laws. The congressman told what the present congress has done for the people, giving free bagging, free cotton ties, if the bill gets through the senate, free tin plate, lower duties on all woolen goods. He denied that he is complaining. "I do not complain. I take what comes and thank God that it is no worse."

At this stage the announcement was made that dinner was ready and a recess was taken for an hour and a half.

After dinner, Colonel Livingston resumed his speech and made telling points. When he finished, nine third party men came up to him and said that they would work for him in the primaries on Saturday.

Colonel Jim Smith.

Colonel Jim Smith, of Oglethorpe, did not reach the barbecue until the dinner hour. He was introduced at the close of Congressman Livingston's speech and he made a strong address. He was speaking against the force bill and the danger of republican domination when he became too hot to continue and had to take a rest.

Then Mr. F. C. Davis, of Newton, and a number of local candidates, spoke until late in the afternoon.

Southern Cotton Seed Oil Association.

Huntsville, Ala., July 26.—(Special.)—The Southern Cotton Seed Oil Association is in annual session at Hotel Monte Sano and forty delegates are present. A large number of guests are at the hotel.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome.

No other baking powder does such work.



When in the course of human events it becomes necessary to recommend some brand of Smoking Tobacco, we unhesitatingly pronounce

Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco



to be the best in the world.

Many times imitated, but never equalled.

Get the genuine. Made only by

Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co., Durham, N. C

WANTED FOR MURDER

John Williams Is Locked in the Police Station.

HE SAWS HIS WAY ALMOST OUT,

And Just as He Is About to Make Good His Escape He Is Discovered—Four Other Negroes Assist Him.

John Williams, who was arrested more than a week ago on suspicion of murder, made a desperate effort to escape from the police station last night.

He was assisted by four other prisoners confined in the same cell with him, and who were charged with various crimes. But for the timely discovery of the attempt to escape by Turnkey Lackey, there would have been a wholesale jail delivery.

The would-be escapes were John Williams, Tom Weaver, Linton Wilson, Lewis Banks and Tom Gates.

These prisoners were confined in cell No. 4, and the turnkey paid no more attention to them than to the other prisoners in the prison.

About 7 o'clock last night a prisoner in cell No. 5, that adjoining the one in which the murderer and his companions were confined, called to Turnkey Lackey and told him that some one was sawing on the bars in No. 4.

"They have been sawing there all day, when nobody wasn't watching," the prisoner said.

The turnkey opened the door and went inside the cell. A pair of pantaloons hung suspended from the top of the cell, and, taking these down, Officer Lackey found that they hid the work of the miscreants. Two bars had already been cut, and five minutes' more work would have placed the men where they could easily have gotten out.

The work had been done by a small file made of a shoe spring. The instrument was a very effective one, doing the work rapidly.

As soon as the attempt to escape was discovered the men were taken from the cell and locked in separate cells.

John Williams, the leader of the gang, was arrested by Captain Manley and Patrolmen Mehaffey and Shepard a week ago, they believing him to be wanted in south Georgia for murder. The officers have been holding him for information, and they now feel confident that they have bagged the right party. If he is the man the officers believe him to be, Williams is one of the worst negroes in the state. He was a terror in south Georgia for a long while, and many are the crimes laid at his door.

An Appeal for Mercy.

If you have any regard for your physical welfare, have mercy on your bowels, cease deluging them with drenching purgatives and relax them without pain with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Subdue with it, too, malarial and liver complaints, kidney and rheumatic ailments, dyspepsia and nervousness.

Sparkling, bright and health-giving, it comes from Pike's Peak, Col. "Manitou Mineral Water." Grocers and druggists.

BALLARD HOUSE.

A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare. jan29-dly

THE LEYDEN.

A Select and Refined Home at 198 Peachtree Street.

Clean, airy rooms, choice, healthy location; cuisine and attendance would please the most fastidious; must be seen to be appreciated; is not a hotel, but a select house. jluy8-1yr

MANCHESTER INVESTMENT COMPANY.

The Reporter's Mistake.

Editor Constitution—The many thousand friends of the Southern Baptist college deeply regret the mistake of your reporter in substituting the name of McDonald for Spaulding in his account of the corner stone laying at Manchester.

It was Rev. A. T. Spaulding, D.D., who invoked the benediction of Almighty God upon the efforts of His servants to give to Georgia another institution of learning.

Dr. Spaulding is "to the manner born" and esteems it a privilege not only to work for the advancement of his native state, but also to pray for it.

With the labors and blessing of such men the institution will be reared and fulfil all the prophecies of its founders.

W. L. STANTON.

Mr. Charles W. Crankshaw has gone to New York to select his fall and winter stock of diamonds, watches, jewelry and sterling silverware. Mr. Crankshaw will be absent several weeks.

ANGIER HOUSE,

97 Capitol Square.

One of the highest and most desirable locations in the city, overlooking the state capitol grounds. Pure air and a good breeze. The choicest fare and your wants zealously attended to. Just the place to live and feel at home. Rates reasonable. july 24-3m

WHISYK AND OPIUM.

An Awful Though Unintentional Error,

is that of drinking whisky and using opium and morphine. Stop! Reflect! and apply to Dr. B. M. Woolley, Atlanta Ga., and be cured as thousands of others have been who are now free with unclouded minds and happy families. A treatise sent free to all applicants

We desire to say to persons wishing to place advertising in our "Want" column, that the price is made low purposely and the cash must accompany the order in every case. THE CONSTITUTION.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

W. R. HOYT,
W. R. HOYT,
W. R. HOYT,
W. R. HOYT,

FANCY AND STAPLE
FANCY AND STAPLE
FANCY AND STAPLE
FANCY AND STAPLE

GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

SPECIALTIES—
SPECIALTIES—
SPECIALTIES—
SPECIALTIES—

HOYT'S REGAL PATENT FLOUR,
HOYT'S REGAL PATENT FLOUR,
HOYT'S REGAL PATENT FLOUR,
HOYT'S REGAL PATENT FLOUR,

HOYT'S RIJAMO COFFEE,
HOYT'S RIJAMO COFFEE,
HOYT'S RIJAMO COFFEE,
HOYT'S RIJAMO COFFLE,

HOYT'S TALO TEA,
HOYT'S TALO TEA,
HOYT'S TALO TEA,
HOYT'S TALO TEA,

HOYT'S JERSEY BUTTER,
HOYT'S JERSEY BUTTER,
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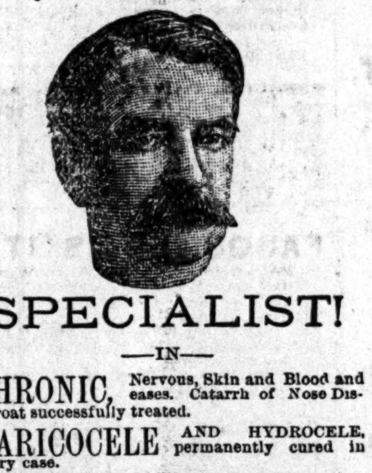
CANNED MEATS AND FISH OF
CANNED MEATS AND FISH OF
CANNED MEATS AND FISH OF
CANNED MEATS AND FISH OF

EVERY VARIETY
EVERY VARIETY
EVERY VARIETY
EVERY VARIETY

90 WHITEHALL STREET.
90 WHITEHALL STREET.
90 WHITEHALL STREET.
90 WHITEHALL STREET.

DR. W. W. BOWES!

2½ Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga



SPECIALIST!

—IN—

CHRONIC, Nervous, Skin and Blood and eases. Catarrh of Nose Dis- Throat successfully treated.

VARICOCELE AND HYDROCELE, permanently cured in every case.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses impaired vital energy, despondency, loss of memory, effects of bad habits, confusion of ideas, safely and permanently cured.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases, syphilis, and all of its terrible results totally eradicated. Ulcers, blotches, sore or ulcerated throat and mouth scrofula, erysipelas. Permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY kidney and bladder troubles, frequent and burning urine, gonorrhœa, gleet, urinary sediments, cystitis, etc., quickly cured.

URETHRA STRICTURE Permanently cured without any Cutting or Caustics or interruption of business or occupation.

CURES GUARANTEED.

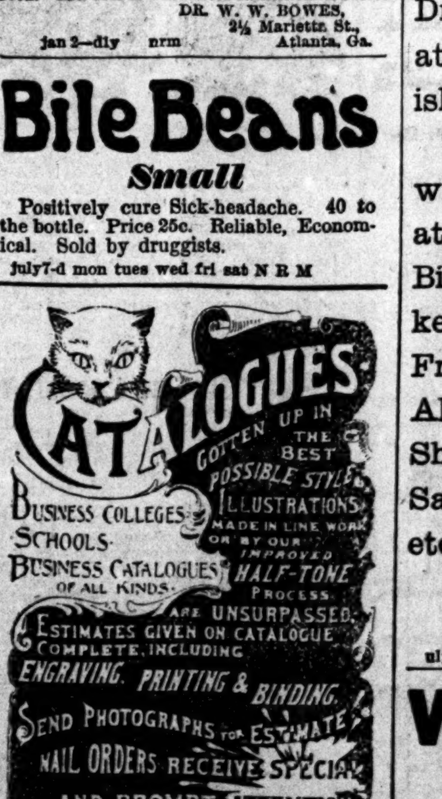
Send 6c in stamps for perfect question list and book. The best of references furnished. Address

DR. W. W. BOWES,
2½ Marietta St.,
jan 2—dly nrm Atlanta, Ga.

Bile Beans Small

Positively cure Sick-headache. 40 to the bottle. Price 25c. Reliable, Economical. Sold by druggists.

july7-d mon tues wed fri sat N R M



july 14 to nov 1 h r m

DR. W. H. WHITEHEAD

Practice limited to Skin Diseases and Diseases of the Genito Urinary Organs. Will take no other class of practice. Atlanta office—Old Capitol building, room 24. Hours 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. Take elevator or Marietta st. stairway. I have a "bath institute" at Lithia Springs, Ga., where I spend the afternoons of each day. Hot Springs system of bathing.

1p-thus sun tues

STILSON, JEWELER.

55 WHITEHALL ST.

Reliable Goods.
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices. tf



WARM ENOUGH, DON'T YOU THINK?

YES!

And too hot for that heavy coat and vest. The idea of putting them on in the morning is enough to make you uncomfortable all day. We sell summer comfort in the shape of washable

Coats and Vests From $3.00 to $10.00.

You never made a more sensible investment.

EISEMAN & WEIL

HEAT DEFYING SPECIALTIES.

3 Whitehall St.

THE DRESDEN

SOLD.

$500 Dinner Set sold this week for $250. $175 Dinner Set sold this week for $100. The people of Atlanta are letting their neighboring town people just pluck the bargains right out of their hands. We have just a few more very fine Dinner Sets that will be closed out this week at some price. Make your little daughter a present of a Doll Carriage. We can sell you a $10 Doll Carriage for $6; an $8 Doll Carriage for $4; a $6 Doll Carriage for $3; a $2.50 Doll Carriage for $1.25; a $1 Doll Carriage for 50c.

A big line of Children's Dressers to be closed out at figures that will astonish you. Buy one.

The following goods will continue to be sold at actual cost this week: Bird Cages, Lunch Baskets, small Picture Frames, Shoe Brushes, Albums, Toys of all kinds, Shell Boxes, Fancy Cups, Saucers, Fancy Mugs, etc.

H. F. GOLIGHTLY,
uly3—dim Receiver.

WANTED!

—SPECIAL AGENTS FOR—

Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

—FOR—

SOUTH CAROLINA AND GEORGIA

With Whom Good Contracts will Be Made.

JAMES G. WEST,

GENERAL AGENT.

33 1-2 Whitehall Street.... Atlanta, Ga.



Upon Reflection

you will come to the conclusion that our stock of clothing can't be beat. If we claimed that in some respects it can't be matched, you would smile at us. It may have its equal in quantity, but when it comes to price and fit, there is simply no room for argument. Somewhere on this continent you may be able to find a stock that is just as good, but nowhere will you be able to find one that will beat it. See if you can.

GEORGE MUSE CLOTHING CO

38 Whitehall St.

THE J. W. TYNAN

Machine Plant FOR LEASE.

The long established, fully equipped and excellently situated machine, boiler, blacksmith shops and brass foundry of the late J. W. Tynan, located W. Broad, Indian and River streets in Savannah, Ga., are offered for lease for a term of years.

The shops contain nine (9) lathes, planing and shaping machines, radial and upright drills, improved pipe threading machines, steam hammers, boiler rolls and punches and all other tools required in first-class shops.

In connection with the above lease a large and valuable lot of patterns and stock of high grade machinery supplies will be offered for sale to the lessee. There is ample space for the erection of an iron foundry.

This business was successfully conducted by the late J. W. Tynan for more than twenty-one (21) years and has had the patronage of the best class of trade in this section.

For further information address

M. A. TYNAN, Executrix,
No. 83 Whitaker street, Savannah, Ga.
july22-1w

—THE—

Georgia Railroad.

OUR

Bill of Fare Via Richmond, Va.

Atlanta to Washington and return....$17 50
Atlanta to Richmond and return...... 15 50
Atlanta to Old Point Comfort and return 15 75
Atlanta to Charlottesville and return.. 15 50

Route via Augusta and Columbia.

Above tickets to be sold for train leaving Atlanta July 26th at 8 o'clock a. m., limit ten days.

THEN AGAIN.

Atlanta to New York and return via Charleston and Clyde line steamers..$42 30
Atlanta to Morehead City and return.. 23 60
Atlanta to Norfolk, Va., and return.. 27 90
Atlanta to New York and return via Portsmouth and Old Dominion steamship ... 42 30
Atlanta to Sullivan's island and return. 17 70
Atlanta to Virginia Beach and return.. 27 90
Atlanta to Wrightsville, N. C., and return ... 19 15

The above named tickets are now on sale and will be sold daily until September 30, 1892. Extreme limit, October 31, 1892.

Call on A. HOWELL, Union Ticket Agent, Union Depot.

JOE W. WHITE, T. P. A., 739 Broad street, Augusta, Ga.

A. G. JACKSON, General Passenger Agent, Augusta, Ga.

July 22, 5t.

FAST TIME. WASHINGTON & CHATTANOOGA LIMITED.

INAUGURATED JULY 17, 1892.

SOUTH BOUND.

Leave Washington	11:15 P. M.
Arrive Shenandoah Junction	12:40 A. M.
Leave Shenandoah Junction	12:45 A. M.
Arrive Bristol (Eastern Time)	12:20 Noon
Leave Bristol (Central Time)	11:25 A. M.
Arrive Chattanooga	6:45 P. M.

EAST BOUND.

Leave Chattanooga	12:05 Noon
Arrive Bristol (Central Time)	7:25 P. M.
Leave Bristol (Eastern Time)	8:30 P. M.
Arrive Shenandoah Junction	7:55 A. M.
Leave Shenandoah Junction	8:00 A. M.
Arrive Washington	9:30 A. M.

TRAINS CONSISTS OF One Combination Coach & Baggage Car. Three Pullman Sleepers. Pullman Dining Car; New Orleans & New York. Memphis & Washington, Nashville & Washington. ALL VESTIBULED

CONNECTIONS.

Leave New York, B. & O.	5:00 P. M.
Arrive Washington	10:45 P. M.
Leave Washington	10:00 A. M.
Arrive New York	3:00 P. M.

NO EXTRA FARE.

B. W. WRENN, General Passenger Agent.

YES

WE WILL SELL

Harvest Excursion Tickets

—TO—

ARKANSAS AND TEXAS

August 2, 3 and 4.

Recollect the dates, and that the Richmond and Danville and Georgia Pacific form the

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST Line to the West.

Tickets will be sold at rate one first-class fare for round trip; good returning within 30 days.

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

Fast Mail, No. 50. .... 4:10 p. m.
Fast Express, No. 52. ...... 11:05 p. m.

Apply nearest Richmond and Danville agent.

R. W. HUNT, Traveling Passenger Agent, Augusta.

C. L. HOPKINS, Traveling Passenger Agent, Charlotte.

A. A. VERNOY, Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. TAYLOE, District Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

W. A. TURK, General Passenger Agent.

S. H. HARDWICK, Assistant General Passenger Agent.

wed, fri, sun.

JAS. A. ANDERSON Clothing Company.

Prices Smashed to Smithereens Our Final and Greatest Cut.

A SALE WITHOUT AN EQUAL For the Next Thirty Days.

300 Men's Suits reduced from $15 to $10
350 Men's Suits reduced from $18 to $12
500 Men's Suits reduced from $20 to $15

Boys' and Children's Suits. Extra Pants for Men and Boys

—AND—

Furnishing Goods Reduced 33 Per Cent.

In Our Tailoring Department Prices Are Reduced 25 Per Cent.

NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

J. A. ANDERSON CLOTHING CO.

41 WHITEHALL ST.

In effect Sunday May 29th, 1892.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
SEABOARD AIR-LINE. (Georgia, Carolina and Northern Division)	
No. 43, from Monroe, Columbia and Charleston....7.10 pm	No. 36, to Monroe, Columbia and Charleston.......7.35 am
No. 41, from Portsmouth.........8.30 am	No. 38, to Portsmouth..........6 10 pm
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.	
From Savannah..7 45 am	To Savannah...... 7 30 am
From Jacksonv'le11 30 am	To Jacksonville.. 4 1[illegible] pm
From Savannah...7 35 pm	To Savannah...... 7 15 pm
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.	
From Nashville*..7 00 pm	To Nashville*..... 8 1[illegible] am
From Marietta....8 20 am	To Chattanooga*.. 1 50 pm
From Rome........11 05 am	To Rome.......... 3 45 pm
From Chat'a'ga*..1 15 pm	To Marietta...... 5 30 pm
From Nashville*..6 40 pm	To Nashville*..... 7 4[illegible] pm
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.	
From Selma*......6 30 am	To Opelika*....... 7 00 am
From West Point.11 30 am	To Montgomery*.. 4 15 pm
From Montg'm'y*11 45 am	To West Point.... 5 05 pm
From Opelika*....6 05 pm	To Selma*......... 11 15 pm
GEORGIA RAILROAD.	
From Augusta*....6 30 am	To Augusta*....... 8 00 am
From Covington...7 50 am	To Decatur........ [illegible]
From Decatur.....9 55 am	To Clarkston...... 12 1[illegible] pm
From Augusta*....1 00 pm	To Augusta*....... 2 45 pm
From Clarkston...1 55 pm	To Clarkston...... 3 15 pm
From Clarkston...4 35 pm	To Covington...... 6 10 pm
From Augusta*....5 45 pm	To Augusta*....... 11 15 pm
PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (Richmond and Danville Railroad.)	
From Lula........7 50 am	To Washington*... 7 05 am
From Wash'gton*11 35 am	To Washington*... 12 00 m
From Wash'gton*4 05 pm	To Lula........... [illegible] pm
From Wash'gton*10 30 pm	To Washington*... 5 15 pm
‡From Lula Sun. 9 50 am	To Lula, Sundays.. 5 00 pm
RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. (Georgia Pacific Division.)	
From Greenville*..6 30 am	To Tallapoosa*.... 6 00 pm
From Tallapoosa*..8 50 am	To Birmingham*... 4 10 pm
From Lithia Springs, Saturdays and Sundays only......5 25 pm	To Lithia Springs, Saturdays and Sunday........8 00 am
From Birming'm*11 50 am	To Greenville*.... 11:05 pm
EAST TENN., VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA R'Y	
From Cincinnati..7 00 am	To Jacksonville... 7 15 am
From Jacksonville 6 00 am	To Cincinnati..... 1 30 pm
From Cincinnati..2 30 pm	To Knoxville...... [illegible]
From Brunswick...8 10 pm	To Cincinnati..... [illegible]
From Cincinnati..10 [illegible] pm	To Jacksonville... 7 00 pm
ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.	
From [illegible] Valley*10 20 am	To Fort Valley*... 3 45 pm

*Daily. ‡Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO. the most direct line and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.

The following schedule in effect July 24, 1892.

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 54 Daily except Sunday.	No. 56 Daily.
Lv Atlanta	4 15 p m	11 15 p m	5 [illegible] p m	7 00 a m
Ar Newnan	5 3[illegible] p m	12 56 a m	6 4[illegible] p m	[illegible]
Ar LaGrange	6 32 p m	2 11 a m	8 [illegible] p m	[illegible]
Ar W Point	6 57 p m	2 48 a m	8 35 p m	10 01 a m
Ar Opelika	7 40 p m	3 40 a m		10 [illegible] a m
Ar Columbus				12 noon
Ar Motgomry	9 25 p m	6 00 a m		
Ar Pensacola	5 15 a m	1 10 p m		
Ar Mobile	3 15 a m	12 10 p m		
ArN Orleans	7 45 a m	4 45 p m		
Ar HoustnTex	9 45 p m	7 07 a m		

TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT				
LvMontg'm'ry	9 35 p m	8 05 a m		
Ar Selma	11 20 p m	10 10 a m		

NORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 55	No. 57 Daily.
Lv New Orleans	7 45 am	7 25 pm		
Lv Mobile	1 05 pm	12 05 ngt		
Lv Pensacola	[illegible]	11 30 pm		
Ar Montgomery	7 55 pm	5 [illegible] am		
LvSelma	4 10 pm	4 5[illegible] am		
LvMontgomery	11 30 pm	6 [illegible] am		
ArColumbus	12 10 [illegible]	12 05 [illegible]		[illegible]
Ar Opelika	2 10 am	8 [illegible] am		3 00 pm
Ar West Point	2 48 am	9 05 am	5 00 am	3 5[illegible] pm
Ar LaGrange	3 25 am	9 30 am	6 25 am	[illegible]
ArNewnan	4 44 am	11 02 am	7 30 am	4 37 pm
Ar Atlanta	6 30 am	11 45 am	11 30 am	6 05 pm

*Daily except Sunday.

Train No 50 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from New York to New Orleans, and vestibule dining car from Washington to Montgomery.

Train 53 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from New Orleans to New York and vestibule dining car from Montgomery to Washington.

Train No. 52 carries Pullman observation car from Atlanta to New Orleans.

E. L. TYLER, General Manager. R. E. LUTZ, Traffic Manager.

JOHN A. GEE, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE. SHORT LINE TO Norfolk and Old Point, Va., and Columbia, S. C. New Line to Charleston, S. C.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 26, 1892.

NORTHBOUND. SOUTHBOUND

No. 38. Daily.	No. 36. Daily.	Eastern Time, Except Atlanta.	No. 42. Daily.	No. 41. Daily.
6 10 pm	7 35 am	Lv... Atlanta ...Ar	7 10 pm	8 30 am
		InPkSt'n.CityT'e.		
5 10 pm	......	Lv...Macon.....Ar	......	10 30 am
9 50 pm	11 05 am	Lv... Athens ...Ar	5 45 pm	6 50 am
11 00 pm	12 35 pm	Ar...Elberton...Lv	4 30 pm	5 35 am
12 05 n't	1 42 pm	Ar Abbeville Lv	3 23 pm	4 17 am
12 42 am	2 15 pm	Ar Greenwood Lv	2 51 pm	3 35 am
1 45 am	3 20 pm	Ar... Clinton ...Ar	1 45 pm	2 23 am
......	3 25 pm	Lv... Clinton Lv	1 30 pm	......
......	4 16 pm	Ar Newberry Lv	12 [illegible] pm	......
......	4 32 pm	Ar Prosperity Lv	12 23 pm	......
......	5 36 pm	Ar Columbia Lv	11 00 am	......
......	7 25 pm	Ar... Sumter Lv	9 43 am	......
......	10 20 pm	Ar Charleston Lv	6 50 am	......
......	†9 23 pm	Ar Darlington Lv	†7 12 am	......
......	‡12 26am	ArWilmington Lv	†10 10pm	......
3 26 am	4 58 pm	Ar... Chester ...Ar	11 42 am	12 [illegible] pm
4 11 am	5 42 pm	Ar Catawba Jc Ar	10 56 am	11 [illegible] pm
†5 10 am	6 35 pm	Ar... Monroe ...Lv	10 00 am	10 [illegible] pm
6 20 am	......	Ar..Charlotte...Lv	......	†0 [illegible] pm
11 33 am	......	Ar Wilmingt'n Lv	......	†4 00 pm
1 13 am	......	Ar...Raleigh....Lv	......	4 15 pm
2 59 pm	......	Ar...Henders'n.Lv	......	3 15 pm
2 45 pm	......	Ar...Weldon....Lv	......	12 [illegible] pm
5 50 pm	......	Ar.. Portsm'th.Lv	......	9 [illegible] am
3 15 pm	......	Lv Weldon (a) Ar	......	12 [illegible] n't
5 30 pm	......	Ar Petersburg Lv	......	10 [illegible] am
6 28 pm	......	Ar Richmond Lv	......	9 [illegible] am
11 10 pm	......	Ar Wash'gton Lv	......	4 [illegible] am
12 40 n't	......	Ar Baltimore Lv	......	2 [illegible] am
†3 45 am	......	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	......	12 [illegible] n't
6 30 am	......	Ar New York Lv	......	9 00 pm
†7 30 am	......	ArBaltim're(b) Lv	......	†7 00 pm
10 47 am	......	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	......	4 41 pm
†1 20 pm	......	Ar New York Lv	......	†2 10 pm
6 00 pm	......	Lv P'tsm'th (n) Ar	......	9 30 am
5 00 am	......	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	......	11 16 pm
8 00 am	......	Ar New York Lv	......	8 00 pm
6 00 pm	......	Lv Pm'th (w) Ar	......	8 00 am
6 30 am	......	Ar Wash'gton Lv	......	7 00 pm

†Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Monday. *Daily except Saturday.

(a) Via Atlantic Coast Line. (b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company.

Trains Nos. 38 and 41 run solid with through Pullman buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta, Ga., and Portsmouth, Va. Outgoing Atlanta passengers take Edgewood avenue electric line direct for Inman Park station, last car leaving Edgewood avenue and Exchange place 5:30 p. m., and 7:20 a. m.; city time. Baggage should be ready to leave Edgewood avenue passenger station one-half hour before time of departure of trains, or Howard Transfer Company will check same at residence by leaving orders with G. L. Milledge, ticket agent, Edgewood avenue station. Pullman and railroad tickets can be secured at Edgewood avenue or Inman Park stations.

JOHN C. WINDER, General Manager.

O. V. SMITH, Traffic Manager.

E. W. B. GLOVER, Gen. Passenger Agent, Atlanta.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

Foxy Mr. Lockwood Would Not Go to Nashville.

HE IS RATHER SHY OF BRER ATMORE.

Receiver Garrett Settles Up with Another Batch of His Men Today, Making Them Happy.

The meeting of passenger men called for today at Nashville will not be held. The purpose of this meeting was to be to get the lines east of the Mississippi river to withdraw second-class rates.

This was an idea of "Uncle" Charley Atmore's and M. D. Miller's. They arranged for a love feast and a ghost dance in which the general passenger agents on both sides of the river were to participate. They dreamed of second-class rates being declared off. So they sent out courteous invitations far and wide. Almost everybody agreed to go. Indeed many a general passenger agent got up yesterday morning firmly intending to go. J. C. Haile, general passenger agent of the Central came up to Atlanta and expected to leave tonight. Colonel W. B. Wrenn, of the East Tennessee, prepared to leave here last night. Mr. Charles Harman, of the Western and Atlantic, and Mr. Sam Hardwick, of the Richmond and Danville, had their berths reserved.

Late yesterday telegrams were received stating that there was no use to come. Mr. J. E. Lockwood, of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis, declined to attend. He was unavoidably detained or something of that kind. As he has the short line out of Birmingham to the river there was no use in the other roads resolving to withdraw second-class rates. They have to meet Mr. Lockwood's rate and Mr. Atmore and Mr. Miller are disappointed. Mr. Lockwood is a foxy gentleman and he was not to be caught by his competitors.

Over here the passenger men laughed at the outcome and the laugh was at the expense of Messrs. Atmore and Miller.

PAYING OFF.

Receiver Garrett Settles Up with His Men Today.

Receiver Garrett, of the Atlanta and Florida, will finish paying May salaries today. One week ago he paid the agents and employes of the roadway department the balance due them on the May pay roll.

In addition to paying off the balance due on the May pay roll Captain Garrett has paid all traffic balances to connections, including back balances accruing since the road has been in the hands of a receiver.

The receiver says that he will fix up the June pay roll as soon as possible. He intends paying the men off regularly after the road gets on its feet.

Harvest Excursions.

The several lines running to the Mississippi are working up the harvest excursion business. The Richmond and Danville men are especially active, and "Peg" Williams is hustling for business. One fare for the round trip is the rate, and the tickets will be on sale for three days to all trans-Mississippi points.

The Thirtieth Georgia.

The Thirtieth Georgia regiment, which holds its reunion at Riverdale on Friday, will take the Atlanta and Florida train at the end of Pryor street at 8:25 o'clock a. m. The members of the regiment and friends will observe that the train starts from the end of Pryor street, and not at the Central crossing, as has been stated.

Making Warm Friends.

The Fort Valley Leader says a handsome compliment to Mr. H. M. Cottingham, general freight and passenger agent of the Atlanta and Florida. The Atlanta and Florida has been "the salvation of the fruit men this season," The Leader says, and it speaks most pleasantly of the general freight agent and the receiver.

The Railroad Commission.

The railroad commission was in session yesterday. It held a busy meeting and considered many minor subjects. Another session will be held today.

THEY WERE RELEASED.

The Two Youthful Burglars Turned Over to Their Mother.

The two youthful burglars, James and Henry Bryant, were released from custody and turned over to their mother yesterday morning.

The officers had kept the boys in charge for a day or so hoping to find them a good home with some one who would take them and raise them up right, but as no one offered to take them the boys were turned over to their mother. Mrs. Bryant, the widowed mother of the two wayward urchins, called on Chief Wright yesterday morning and with tears in her eyes plead for their release, promising to raise them right and keep them out of mischief if they were released. Chief Wright finally decided to let her have the boys, and she carried them off with her.

POLICE NEWS CONDENSED.

George Alexander and Will Smith, two young white boys residing in West End, were arrested yesterday charged with stealing chickens. Both young men are very well known and are the sons of well-to-do and highly respectable parents. A warrant was sworn out against the two boys. Alexander was later released on bond.

Patrolman G. T. Wimbush, who was suspended for thirty days at the last meeting of the police board for striking a negro while under arrest on July 4th, has gone back to duty on the force. The commissioners reconsidered their decision and withdrew the suspension.

Mrs. Leo Hamburger is still very sick at the home of Mrs. Coleman, 106 1-2 Whitehall street. She is not out of danger yet by any means and her death is feared. She is being given all the attention possible.

Mary Spencer, a negro woman who was sent to the city stockade for thirty days for disorderly conduct, and who was wanted at the expiration of that sentence for stabbing, escaped from the city stockade yesterday.

Patrolman Graves is rejoicing at the arrival of a young daughter at his home.

The negro who committed the bad and daring robbery on Fairlie street Monday is still at large. The negro "Crip" Worthy, arrested by the detectives, suspected of being the right party turned out to be the wrong man.

Much in a Name.

"Come, Mousey!" he called at the head of the cabin stairs as the boat landed. The passengers watched, says The Detroit Free Press, wondering meanwhile if Mousey were a black-and-tan or a skye terrier. "The boat's nearly there, Birdie!" he called again. Were there two of them? All eyes were strained, but nothing answered to the call. The whistle of the steamer blew, and again the man peered anxiously down the cabin stairs over the head of the up-rushing crowd. "Ducky!" he called loudly, "aren't you coming?" No "Ducky" put in an appearance, and again he called in a pleading tone: "B-a-b-y! why don't you hurry? We'll be the last to get off the boat." Then a woman weighing at least two hundred and fifty pounds appeared on the stairway carrying a big lunch basket, two camp chairs and several shawls and rugs. "I'm coming, hubby," she said placidly, and everybody who saw her coming got out of the way as they recalled Mr. Shakespeare's pertinent inquiry: "What's in a name?"

Ministers, Lawyers, Teachers and others whose occupation gives but little exercise should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIEL, wall paper, window shades, room molding and furniture. 40 Marietta st. 'Phone 77

Messrs. Freeman & Crankshaw's stock of fine stationery is now on sale at Thornton's, 27 Whitehall.

THE best picture frames are made by Sam Walker, 10 Marietta street. He carries a fine assortment of etchings and water colors. Lowest prices new goods. Mail orders receive prompt attention. oct 23-dtf

JOHN W. FAIN DEAD.

A Brilliant Young Lawyer Passes Over the River.

THE FUNERAL SERVICES TODAY,

Death of Mrs. S. C. Beall, an Aged and Highly Respected Lady—Other Funerals.

The wires never conveyed a sadder message than when they announced yesterday morning the death of John W. Fain.

Gifted beyond his fellows with a rare and brilliant intellect, and with a future of radiant promise stretching before him it seemed that he was destined to become a great and a useful man. But suddenly, in the flush of his first honors at the bar, and with the praise of his young achievement still fresh on the lips of the court and jury, he fell like another young Grady in the opening promise of his young and splendid career.

It seems like the irony of fate. A life so full of promise and beginning so early to grapple with great questions and to mingle with older and wiser men upon terms of equality, compensating in eloquence for what it borrowed in wisdom, to be suddenly and almost without warning cut short. It seems like a blow that fate aims at the entire state in thus blighting the expectancy of such a life.

Everybody in Atlanta knew John Fain. He graduated from the Boys' High school in 1883, bearing away the first honors of that institution. He entered the State university in the fall of the same year and ranked from the start among the foremost students of the college. He graduated in the summer of 1886 with the second honor in the A.M. course. While a student of the university he became a member of the Chi Phi fraternity, and was a prominent and active member of the chapter.

After leaving the university he went to Rome, Ga., where he engaged in the mercantile business until a few months ago when he was admitted to the practice of the law. He entered into partnership with Judge J. C. Fain, of Calhoun, Ga., and began immediately to enjoy the returns of a lucrative and responsible practice.

A few weeks ago, with the heat of the fever in his veins and his countenance pale from the loss of sleep, he stood up before the jury, in obedience to a sense of duty, and delivered an exhaustive argument in favor of his client. It was his last appearance before an earthly court and amid the congratulations of the bar he was carried to his home exhausted, to sleep away the fatigue of his great effort. It proved, however, to be the sleep of death and his fevered limbs were rested in the calm repose of eternity.

Such is the life of John Fain briefly and almost cruelly summarized. A better or nobler boy never lived and many of the sighs that are breathed over his casket will be those of warm hearted and tender affection.

The remains arrived in the city yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock and were carried to the residence of his father, Judge John N. Fain.

The funeral will occur this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the Central Presbyterian church. Dr. M. A. Matthews, a Presbyterian minister of Calhoun, Ga., will conduct the services.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers; Messrs. F. C. Block, John M. Slaton, M. Z. Crist, Lucian L. Knight, Dr. J. A. Link, W. S. Powell, Gus Johnson and M. Jack.

An escort composed of the following gentlemen as representatives of the Chi Phi fraternity will attend the funeral in a body: C. F. Rice, N. R. Broyles, T. R. R. Cobb, E. M. Mitchell, George M. Brown and W. J. Milner.

POLITICS IN PIKE.

The Congressional Race—Cabaniss and Whitfield Canvassing.

Barnesville, Ga., July 26.—(Special.)—Politics in Pike county is warming up. Next Saturday, the 30th, is the primary election day. The race for congress is between Hons. T. B. Cabaniss and Robert Whitfield in this county, while Mr. Bartlett will get a good vote. Messrs. Cabaniss and Whitfield will spend the week in the county speaking at all principal places. Mr. Bartlett has left the field to them and gone to work in Butts county. Cabaniss's friends are confident, yet Whitfield's expect to run a close race.

There is also another three-cornered fight going on in the county. This is Pike's time to furnish a senator for Bibb, Monroe and Pike. Messrs. B. M. Turner, J. S. Pope and W. S. Whitaker are candidates for the nomination. The friends of each claim the county, and it is a lively race. So far there is but one announced candidate for the legislature and that is the Hon. J. H. Mitchell, who is expected to have a walkover for that position. But next Saturday will settle it all.

Meeting of the Advisory Board.

New York, July 26.—The subcommittee of the Richmond Terminal security holders met today and decided to call a meeting of the full advisory committee tomorrow. At this meeting, it is understood, arrangements will be made for the appointment of a committee to represent the holders of the Terminal 5 and 6 per cent collateral trust bonds. It is believed that the bondholders will co-operate with the subcommittee in its efforts to disentangle the affairs of the Richmond Terminal.

The Cholera Record.

London, July 26.—St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times says: According to official bulletins issued today 2,055 cases of cholera and 1,172 deaths from the disease occurred in all the infected districts of Russia on the 22d and 23d instants. These statistics include the figures for Astrakhan, where 232 cases and 140 deaths were reported on the days mentioned, and for the Don Cossacks country, where there were 448 cases and 226 deaths.

Perseverance Accomplishes Much.

Little Rock, Ark., July 26.—The deadlock in the democratic congressional convention of the sixth district was broken this morning, General Robert Neil, of Independence, received the nomination on the 759th ballot.

The Cholera in Roumania.

Paris, July 26.—The Temps is advised by telegraph that the cholera has appeared in twelve different localities in Roumania.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

If you require glasses, do not ruin your eyes by having them fitted improperly. We can fit them perfectly with our superior eyeglasses and spectacles. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

LADIES

Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BEALL.—The friends and acquaintances of Mrs. Dr. G. G. Beall, of Marietta, and Mr. J. S. Beall, of Greenville, Tex.; H. J. Beall, of Charlotte, N. C.; E. W. Beall, of Ringgold, Ga., and W. W. Beall, S. O. and N. P. Beall and Miss Lillie R. Beall, of Atlanta, and Mrs. F. C. Lowman and family, of Atlanta, are requested to attend the funeral of their mother, Mrs. S. C. Beall, from her late residence, 42 Woodward avenue, at 3 o'clock p. m. July 27th. Burial at Westview. The pallbearers will be: W. L. Stanton, E. A. Werner, Robert Schmidt, R. N. Myers, Howard Parker, J. Richmond.

A FINE SHOWING.

The State Encampment Safe Inside the Appropriation.

COLONEL WEST'S FINAL REPORT,

Which Is Now Being Prepared Shows the Expenses to Be Less Than Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars.

The state military encampment is over, and now the bills are coming in for expenses incurred by the military.

The expense account for the encampment of 1892 tells a much more cheerful tale than that of the year previous, when the encampment had to close on account of the exhaustion of the appropriation before all the companies had entered camp. This tale of woe is not retold on Quartermaster General West's book this year by any means.

Colonel West has been kept very busy since the encampment closed, fixing up his report, adding up the expenses, checking up bills and looking after the expenditures for the year generally. It is an enormous task that he has to do, and it takes up most of his time.

He is now busy on his final report, which he hopes to have ready by August 1st. It is completed already, except for a few missing bills, which have not yet been sent in, and without them the report cannot be finished. It is important that these bills be sent in by the first of next month.

Colonel West smiles when he talks of this year's encampment. Never before was there a more pleasant or beneficial encampment. All the Georgia military companies had their turn, and the novelty of camp life and the military training they received were worth a great deal to them.

When the encampment started in, Quartermaster General West knew that strict economy had to be observed to make the appropriation hold out. There was only $25,000 appropriated for the encampment and for the expense of the adjutant general's office. Of this, $1,000 had been used in the adjutant's office, leaving $24,000 for the encampment. It now seems that after all the expenses of the encampment are paid there will be a neat sum left. Colonel West has so far received bills to the amount of $17,000 only, and nearly the entire amount of expense has been accounted for. Considering the great success of the encampment, this is a most creditable showing.

Colonel West has received many letters from the military men of the state, speaking in the highest terms of the good results that their companies experienced from the encampment.

Monday the city of tents in which the boys camped was taken up, and yesterday the tents arrived in the city. They will be stored in the basement of the capitol until next year's encampment.

The buildings at the encampment grounds have all been insured by Colonel West to guard against possible loss from fire or otherwise. The encampment grounds have been posted to keep off trespassers.

"TIRED ALL THE TIME,"—Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses just those elements of strength which you so earnestly crave, it will build you up, give an appetite and strengthen your stomach.

If out of order use Beecham's Pills.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the best of all for children teething. 25 cents a bottle.

Washington Seminary

is just three blocks from the corner of Broad and Marietta streets, where electric lines from all parts of the city converge. The Chattahoochee river line passes the door. The catalogue gives full information.

july24-to sept1.

How to Buy Lots at Manchester.

The officers of the Manchester Investment Company will run out to Manchester every day to show lots to all parties who wish to buy.

Call at the company's office, 34 1-2 Wall street, opposite main entrance to carshed, and make your appointment to go out.

The Manchester accommodation train leaves the carshed on the following daily schedule:

To Manchester—No. 60, 8:30 a. m.; No. 62, 10:15 a. m.; No. 64, 12:30 p. m.; No. 66, 3:30 p. m.; No. 68, 6 p. m.

From Manchester—No. 61, 7:35 a. m.; No. 63, 9:55 a. m.; No. 65, 12:05 p. m.; No. 67, 2:35 p. m.; No. 69, 5:10 p. m.

The lots are offered at one uniform price, but first purchasers have first choice.

Come at once, therefore, if you want choice of lots yet unsold.

Only a limited number will be offered at present prices.

THE MANCHESTER INVESTMENT CO.

july 22—1m

Found.

Fine gold Swiss watch and chain. Owner can get same by calling at Maier & Berkele's, 93 Whitehall street.

sun, wed, thur

Dr. W. M. Durham.

77 1-2 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga., whose fame is national as a physician, successfully treats all character of chronic diseases, of whatever complications.

july10-6m—sun wed

Our other store, No. 31 Whitehall street, will be opened September 1st. With our new store and our other one, at 93 Whitehall street, we will be able to meet any demand for goods in our line.

We have a full stock and fresh goods at 93 Whitehall street, and it will be to your interest to call and examine the same before purchasing. Maier & Berkele, Manufacturing Jewelers, 93 Whitehall street.

A Famous French Chef

once wrote: "The very soul of cooking is the stock-pot, and the finest stock-pot is

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef."

J. v. Liebig

Genuine only with signature. Invaluable in improved and economic cookery. For Soups, Sauces and Made Dishes

july12—1m wed sat n r m last p

Atlanta Piano Co. Plant

FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order from Fulton superior court, I will receive bids until the 1st of August, 1892, for the following described property, separate bids for realty and personalty, and also bids for the property as a whole, being invited.

The realty fronts 200 feet on right of way of Georgia railroad, extending back 250 feet, along west side of Borne street, and is most eligibly located for manufacturing and includes a fine three-story brick building, with engine and boiler house and dry kiln. The factory is fully equipped with modern machinery and appliances for making pianos in every part except action and keys, and has a capacity of at least twenty pianos per week. It is in condition to start at any time, and put finished pianos on the market, there being about 190 of unfinished pianos in different stages of construction, and much material on hand. The pianos made have a good reputation, and when the factory was in operation the demand was greater than the output. Most of the material for the pianos is produced in this section. The property as it stands has cost about $60,000 and with a sufficient commercial capital could be made to earn handsome dividends on $100,000. The right of rejecting any and all bids is reserved. An inspection of the property is invited, and full details will be given on application. Address D. M. BAIN, Receiver, Care Bain & Kirkpatrick Company, Hardware Merchants, Atlanta, Ga.

july10-4w sun wed





ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASS'N.

The First Brewery to Introduce PASTEUIZED BOTTLED BEER IN AMERICA.

In has never been reached in Quality and has the Largest Sale of Bottle Beer in the World.

ANHEUSER, BUSCH Brewery never use Corn or Corn Preparations as a substitute for Malt or Hops, and its sale today is unquestionably THE LARGEST BREWERY in the World.

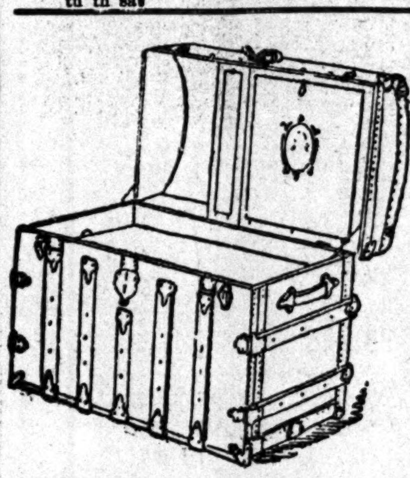
ap17—dly wed sun no6 n r m

WELL BRED, SOON WED" GIRLS WHO USE

SAPOLIO

ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.

tu th sat



ATTENTION TOURISTS!

For the next ten days we offer a special discount of 15 per cent on all

TRUNKS, TRAVELING BAGS

and Tourist Outfits. Call and satisfy yourself at the Atlanta Trunk Factory, 92 and 94 Whitehall.

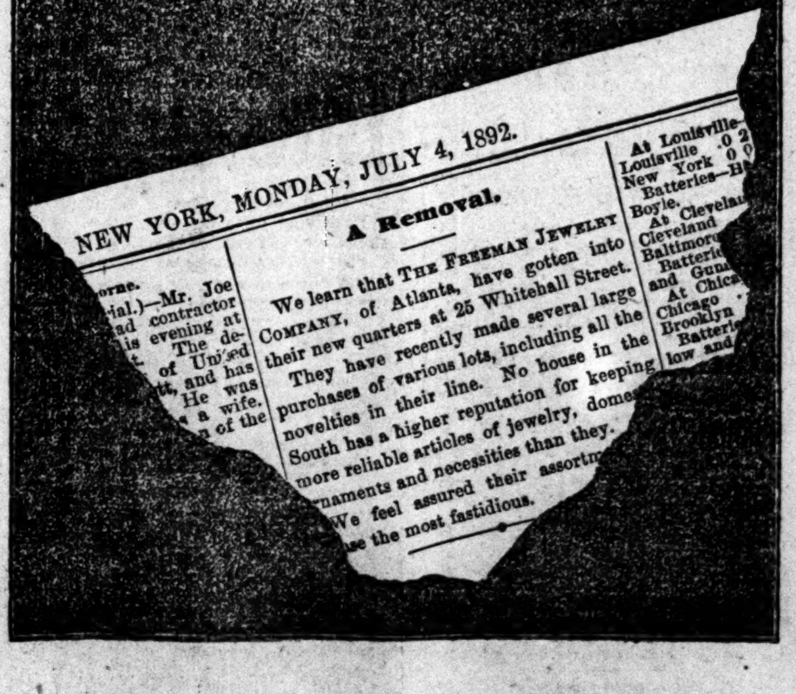
LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN

M. HAVERTY, THE LIVE FURNITURE MAN

is offering for July the biggest bargains in Parlor, Bedroom, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture ever before offered in our market. I have in stock 50 Hat Racks, from $6 to $50; a nice assortment of Wardrobes, from $7 to $85; some handsome Chiffoniers, Ladies' Desks, Rattan Chairs and Couches, a very nice lot of roll and flat-top Desks and revolving Book Cases and Chairs. The cheapest in the city. I have 10,000 odd Chairs in stock which I will sell very low in order to close out; some 50 new Baby Carriages at less than cost; 25 Bed Lounges very cheap. Folding Beds, Springs, Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Fancy Tables, Pictures, Looking Glasses and Commodes. All these goods must be sold to make room for fall stock. Come and get prices before buying, and I will save you money. Don't forget the place.

M. HAVERTY, THE CHEAPEST FURNITURE MAN SOUTH,

77 Whitehall and 64 South Broad Streets, Atlanta, Ga.



NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 4, 1892.

A Removal.

We learn that THE FREEMAN JEWELRY COMPANY, of Atlanta, have gotten into their new quarters at 25 Whitehall Street. They have recently made several large purchases of various lots, including all the novelties in their line. No house in the South has a higher reputation for keeping more reliable articles of jewelry, domes... ornaments and necessities than they. We feel assured their assortm... ...se the most fastidious.

FOR SUMMER WEAR

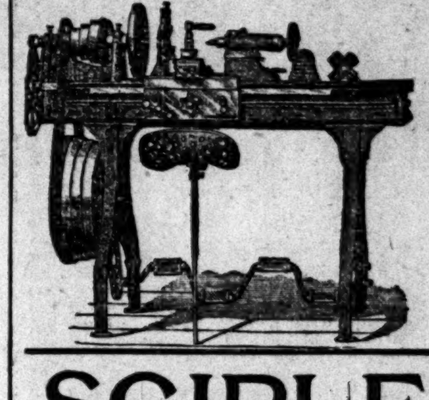
Goods you want right away. The styles will tempt you. The prices will urge you.

Men's Suits, Light Coats and Vests
Boy's Suits, Fancy Vests,
Extra Pants, Negligee Shirts.
ALL KINDS,
ALL SIZES.

HIRSCH BROS.,

CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,

42 WHITEHALL STREET.



THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY COMPANY.

MACHINERY AND TOOLS,

Plumbers', Steam and Gas Fitters' Supplies,

BELTING, HOSE AND PACKING.

ATLANTA, GA.

SCIPLE SONS,

Office: No. 8 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.

COAL, LIME, CEMENT, DRAIN PIPE, SEWER PIPE, FIRE BRICK, STOVE THIMBLES, STOVE FLUES, FIRE CLAY, STOVE THIMBLES, PLASTER PARIS, STOVE FLUES, FIRE BRICK, FIRE CLAY, SEWER PIPE, DRAIN PIPE, CEMENT, LIME, COAL

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER IS FROM THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO. NO. 108 CANAL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts

And Branch Store 201 Peters Street.

Has on hand and to arrive 100 gross fruit jars such as Mason's metal top, Mason's improved, Glassboro improved, Woodbury and Millville. Pints, quarts and half gallons; also extra rubbers and fixtures for all the above jars. 50 barrels jelly tumblers, 1-3 and 1-2 pints; 1,000 pounds fresh turnip seeds, assorted; field and garden seeds of all kinds in their proper seasons. Also boots and shoes; hardware, hollowware, leather and harness and other large varieties of other goods too numerous to mention here.

P. Lynch keeps his usual stock of fine wines liquors, beer, ale and porter on hand; also, 100 empty spirit barrels and half barrels at his Whitehall street store. Terms cash.

THE TRIPOD PAINT CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

PURE ∴ READY-MIXED ∴ PAINTS,

Piedmont White Lead, "l'Etoile" One-Coat Carriage Paints, "Adamant" Floor Paint, Oil Wood Stains, Pure Colors in Oil, Graining Colors, Etc., Etc., Dealer in

PAINTERS' ∴ AND ∴ ARTISTS' ∴ SUPPLIES,

Varnishes, Window Glass, Cement, Etc., Etc.

FACTORY, 375 Decatur Street. STORE and OFFICE, 56 and 58 Marietta Street.

5lb n1 ae md d8

EISEMAN BROS.

SPECIAL SALE.

DISCOUNT FOR THREE DAYS.

MONDAY,

TUESDAY,

WEDNESDAY.

25 Per Cent Off.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits.
Men's and Boys' Separate Pants.
White and Fancy Vests for Men.

EISEMAN BROS.

15-17 WHITEHALL ST.